

West Virginia

Consolidated Public Retirement Board

Component Unit of the State of West Virginia



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

> Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2012



West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board

Component Unit of the State of West Virginia

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

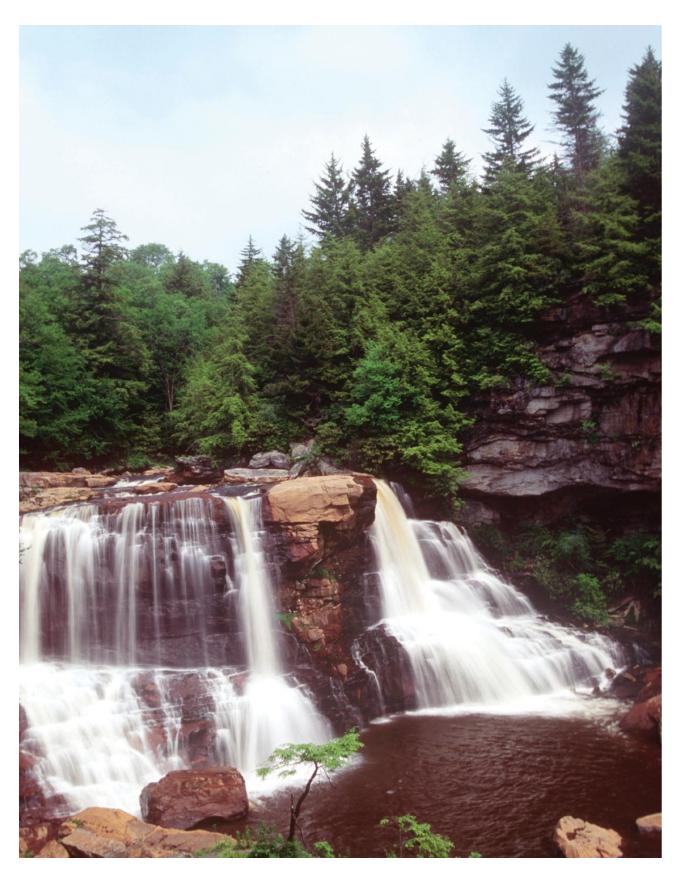
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

The West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board Administers the Following Retirement Plans:

Public Employees' Retirement System
Teachers' Retirement System
Public Safety, Death, Disability and Retirement System
State Police Retirement System
Deputy Sheriff Retirement System
Judges' Retirement System
Emergency Medical Services Retirement System
Municipal Police Officers & Firefighters Retirement System
Teachers' Defined Contribution Retirement System

Contact Information:

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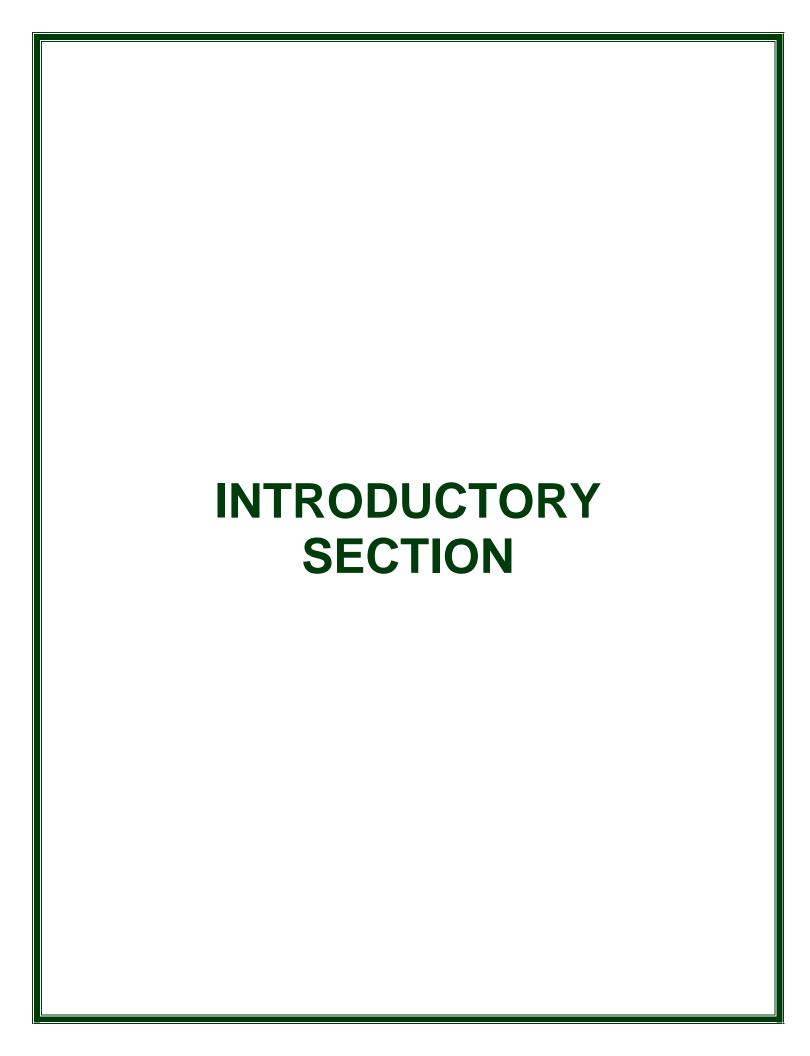
Blackwater Falls

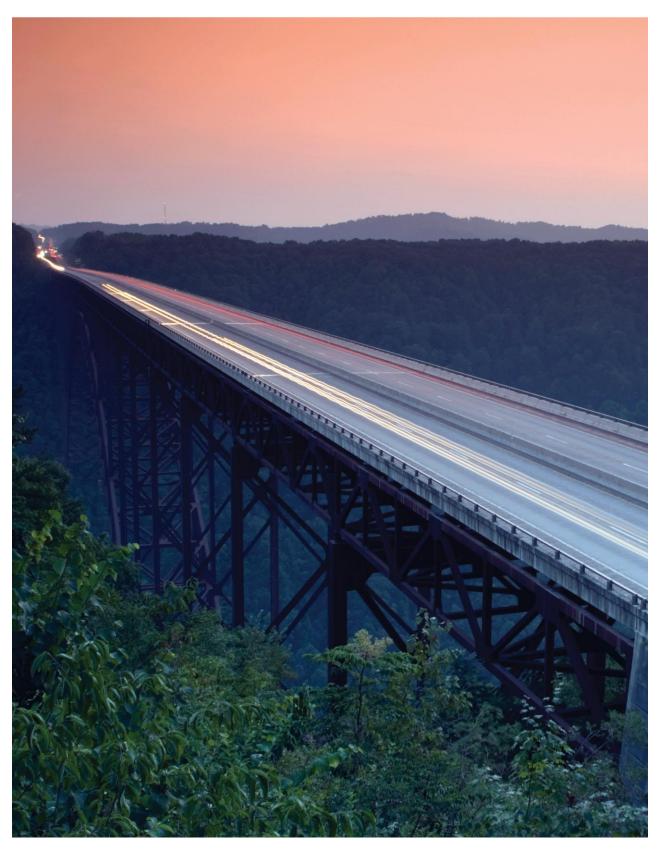
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New River Gorge Bridge



Board Members Governor Earl Ray Tomblin Auditor Glen B. Gainer III, Vice Chairman Treasurer John D. Perdue Cabinet Secretary Ross Taylor

Executive Director Jeffrey E. Fleck

State of West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board

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Board Members David L. Wyant, Chairman **Thomas Bradley** Joseph Bunn Captain Michael G. Corsaro Drema B. Evans Joe Lynch D. Todd Murray Tony Payne Andrew Richardson

February 28, 2013

The Board of Directors The West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board 4101 MacCorkle Ave, S.E. Charleston, WV 25304

Dear Board Members:

It is with distinct pleasure and honor that we submit our inaugural Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board (WVCPRB) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. The West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board includes the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), the Teachers Defined Contribution Retirement System (TDC), the Public Safety Death, Disability and Retirement System (PSDDRS), the State Police Retirement System (SPRS), the Deputy Sheriff Retirement System (DSRS), the Judges Retirement System (JRS), the Emergency Medical Service Retirement System (EMSRS), and the Municipal Police Officers & Firefighters Retirement System (MPOFRS). Each system is considered a component unit of the State of West Virginia for financial reporting purposes, and, as such, the financial information contained in this report is also included in the State of West Virginia's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation including all disclosures, rests with the management of the WVCPRB. Sufficient internal controls exist to provide reasonable assurance regarding the safekeeping of assets and fair presentation of the financial statements, supporting schedules, and statistical tables. We trust that you and the members of the Systems will find this report helpful in understanding your retirement systems.

Administration and Plan History

The PERS, TRS, TDC, PSDDRS, DSRS, EMRS, MPOFRS, SPRS and JRS operate under common management and are collectively administered by The West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board. In addition to executive management, these plans share accounting and information services, the costs of which are allocated to the funds on an equitable basis. The plans were established under various provisions of the Legislature to provide benefits to qualified persons employed by the State of West Virginia, State-supported institutions, entities and local governments. Additional information regarding the administration and history of each system, including laws establishing the plan and services provided, can be found in the Financial Section-Notes to the Financial Statements portion of this report.

Financial Information

Accounting Method

As required by Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), the financial information of the PERS, TRS, PSDDRS, TDC, DSRS, EMSRS, MPOFRS, SPRS and JRS is reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the corresponding liability is incurred. Investments are reported at fair value.

Internal Controls

The management of the West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board is responsible for maintaining the system of internal controls (system). The system provides management with reasonable, but not absolute assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss of unauthorized disposition and the reliability of the financial records from which the financial reports are prepared. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the resulting benefits. Management places a high priority on maintaining the system of internal controls and has employed an internal auditor and a compliance officer to monitor the system.

Summary Comparative Data

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) includes a narrative introduction, an overview of the financial statements, including the notes and required supplementary information, and summary comparative data for fiscal years 2012 and 2011. Also, an analysis of significant variances between fiscal years 2012 and 2011 is provided in the MD&A.

Plan Financial Condition

The funding objective of the WVCPRB pension trust funds is to meet long-term benefit requirements through contributions, which remain relatively level as a percent of member payroll over time, and through investment earnings. Historical information concerning funding progress is presented in the *Required Supplementary Information – "Schedule of Funding Progress"* in the Financial Section.

Investment Activity

Total investments for the WVCPRB increased in fiscal year 2012, primarily due to both an increase in the fair market value of the investments and the income they produced. The investment balances for PERS, TRS, PSDDRS, SPRS, DSRS, JRS, EMSRS, MPOFRS and TDC at June 30, 2012 were \$4.523 billion, \$5.144 billion, \$477.3 million, \$78.7 million, \$117.5 million, \$126.2 million, \$35.4 million, \$202 thousand and \$319.4 million respectively, compared to investment balances for the PERS, TRS, PSDDRS, SPRS, DSRS, JRS, EMSRS, MPOFRS and TDC of \$4.544 billion, \$5.074 billion, \$482 million, \$70.75 million, \$113.57 million, \$124.58 million, \$32.37 million, \$65 thousand and \$308.22 million, respectively, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011.

Interest and dividend income for the PERS, TRS, PSDDRS, SPRS, DSRS, JRS, EMSRS, MPOFRS and TDC for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, was \$34.68 million, \$36.44 million, \$3.75 million, \$596 thousand, \$951 thousand, \$989 thousand, \$269 thousand, \$0 and 0\$, respectively, compared to \$35.25 million, \$33.70 million, \$3.75 million, \$545 thousand, \$901 thousand, \$995 thousand, \$238 thousand, \$0 and \$0, respectively, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. The increase in fair value of investments for the PERS, TRS, PSDDRS, SPRS, DSRS, JRS, EMSRS, MPOFRS and TDC for the fiscal year 2012 was \$11.43 million, \$9.67 million, \$630 thousand, \$228 thousand, \$302 thousand, \$262 thousand, \$92 thousand, \$4 thousand and \$4.12 million, respectively, compared to the increase in fair value of investments of \$722.04 million, \$795.23 million, \$78.48 million, \$10.68 million, \$18.17 million, \$20.22 million, \$4.87 million, \$0 and \$40.59 million, respectively, for fiscal year 2011. Additional information concerning investments, including investment policies and procedures, is located in the investment section of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34 requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the Financial Statements in the form of MD&A. This letter of transmittal is intended to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report in the Financial Section.

Professional Services

Professional consultants are engaged by the Board to perform certain professional services that are essential to the effective operation of the respective plans. The Certifications from our internal actuary, are included in this report. The professional consultants engaged by the Board are listed in the Introductory Section of this report.

Financial Statement Audit

Gibbons and Kawash, A.C., Certified Public Accountants, issued an unqualified ("clean") opinion on the West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board's financial statements for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011. The Independent Auditor's Report is located at the front of the Financial Section of this report.

Highlights and Initiatives

Since it was created by the Legislature in 1991, the West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board (CPRB) has remained steadfast in its mission and purpose to administer its plans in a discerning, honest and responsible manner and adhering to the fiduciary duty with which it has been entrusted. There have been many changes throughout the years. The most significant of which have been the addition of plans serving deputy sheriffs, emergency medical services workers and most recently, the addition of a municipal police officers and firefighters plan. With active members, retirees and beneficiaries now totaling approximately 141,000 people, the CPRB has a positive impact on almost 10% of the population of the State of West Virginia. When you take into account spouses, children and others in the household, that number increases dramatically. With a staff of 84 people, the CPRB efficiently and effectively provides the service of administering nine unique and distinctive public retirement plans.

During 2012, CPRB staff held educational outreach sessions throughout the state for potential retirees as well as employers. Staff also provided retirement estimates to over 5,000 people and processed over 3,000 retirements allowing those who have dedicated their lives to the State of West Virginia to have the financial security to enjoy their golden years.

Constantly seeking to improve our processes, the CPRB is in the beginning stages of a major overhaul of our line of business solution. During the coming year, the CPRB will embark on a new computer system project that, when completed, will enhance the experience of the members and retirees as well as improve the accuracy and consistency in the administration of the plans.

Acknowledgments

This initial Comprehensive Annual Financial Report represents the CPRB's commitment to excellence and is the result of the combined efforts of the Retirement Board's staff under the direction of the Board. Our sincere appreciation is extended to all who assisted in and contributed toward the completion of this document. The purpose of this report is to provide complete and reliable information so that it serves as a basis for making management decisions, as a method for determining legal compliance, and as an educational document.

We wish to thank Governor Earl Ray Tomblin and the members of the West Virginia Legislature for their continued commitment to the financial security of the members, retirees and beneficiaries of the West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board.

Finally, we would like to take this opportunity to express our sincere gratitude to those who made this report possible, especially the Information Technology department, the Accounting Manager, our Board Actuary, our Communications Department, the Board of Trustees, the West Virginia Investment Management Board, and the many people who continue to work so diligently through continued cooperative efforts to assure the successful operation and financial soundness of the retirement systems.

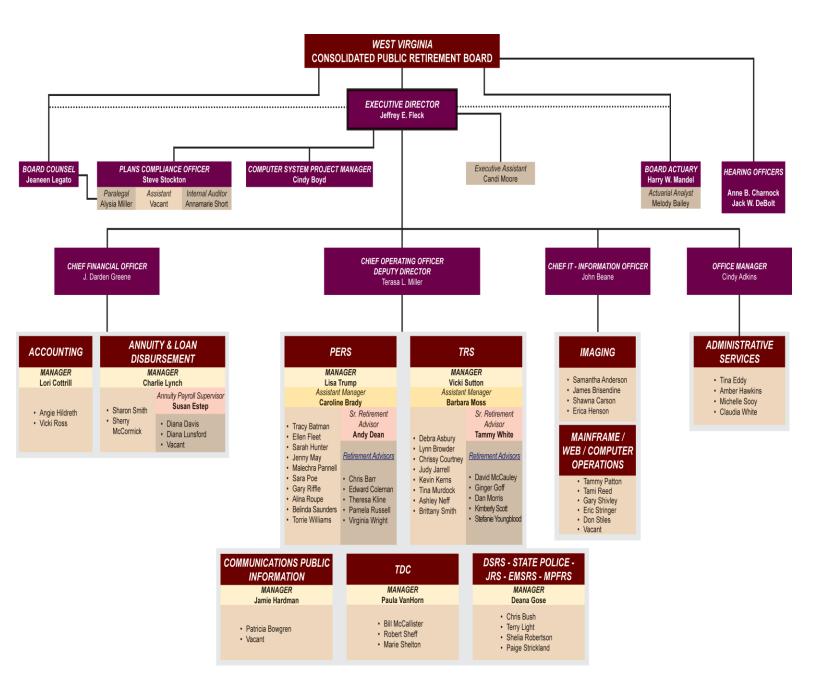
Sincerely,

Jeffrey E. Fleck Executive Director

Jeffry E. Flech

J. Darden Greene, CPA Chief Financial Officer

of Dardy France



INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Board of Trustees

West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board

Board of Trustees

Chairman - David L. Wyant
Governor - Earl Ray Tomblin
State Auditor/Vice-Chairman - Glen B. Gainer, III
State Treasurer - John D. Perdue
Cabinet Secretary, State Department of Administration - Ross Taylor
Thomas Bradley
Joseph Bunn
Captain Michael G. Corsaro
Drema B. Evans
Joe Lynch
D. Todd Murray
SGT. Tony Payne
Andrew Richardson

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Staff and Advisors

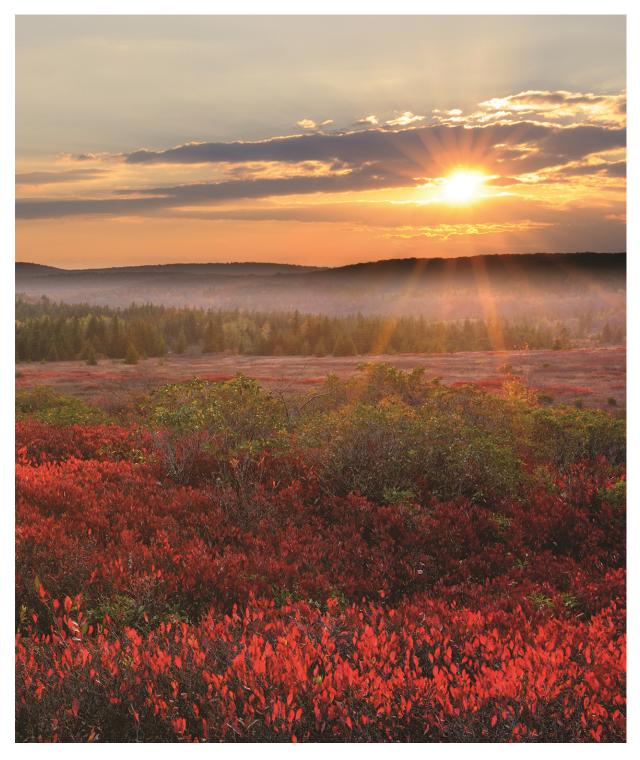
West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board

Administrative Staff

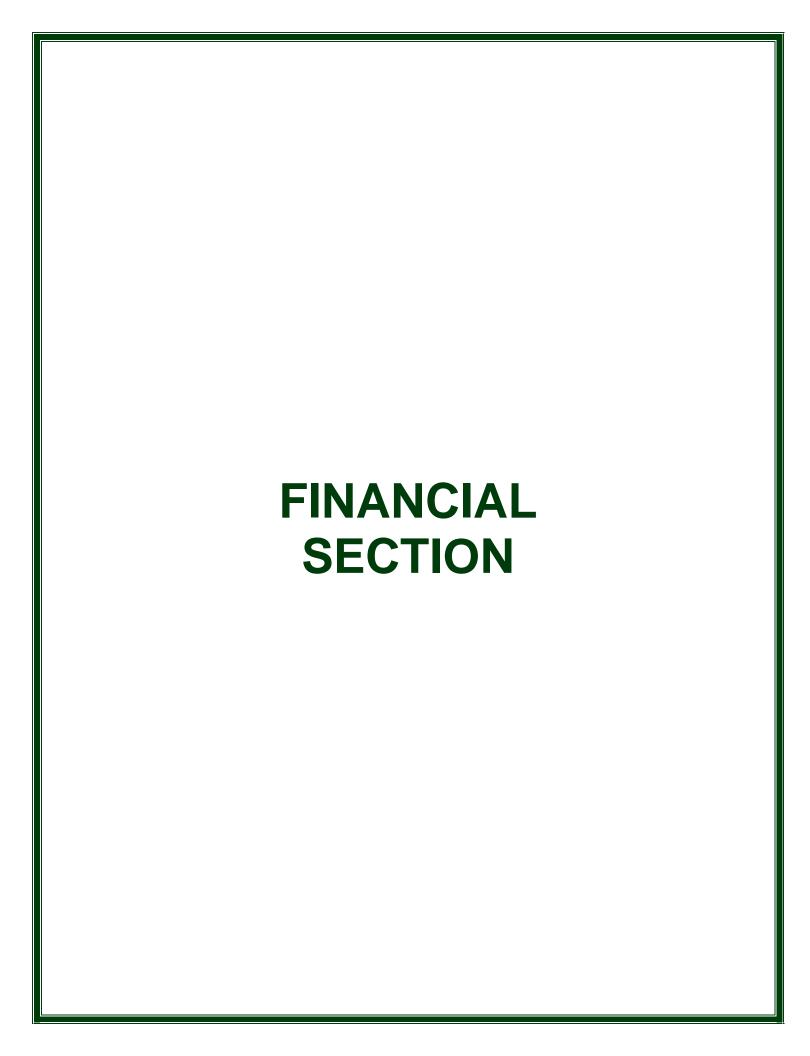
Executive Director - Jeffrey E. Fleck Executive Assistant - Candi E. Moore Chief Operating Officer/Deputy Director - Terasa L. Miller Administrative Services Manager - Cindy L. Adkins Chief Financial Officer - J. Darden Greene Accounting Manager - Lori A. Cottrill Loan & Benefit Manager - Charles A. Lynch Actuary - Harry W. Mandel Contract Legal Counsel - Jeaneen J. Legato TRS Manager - Vicki L. Sutton PERS Manager - Lisa M. Trump TDC Manager - Paula M. Vanhorn Communications/Public Information Manager - Jamie E. Hardman Uniformed Services Manager - Deana L. Gose Compliance Officer - Stephen B. Stockton Chief IT/Information Officer - John J. Beane

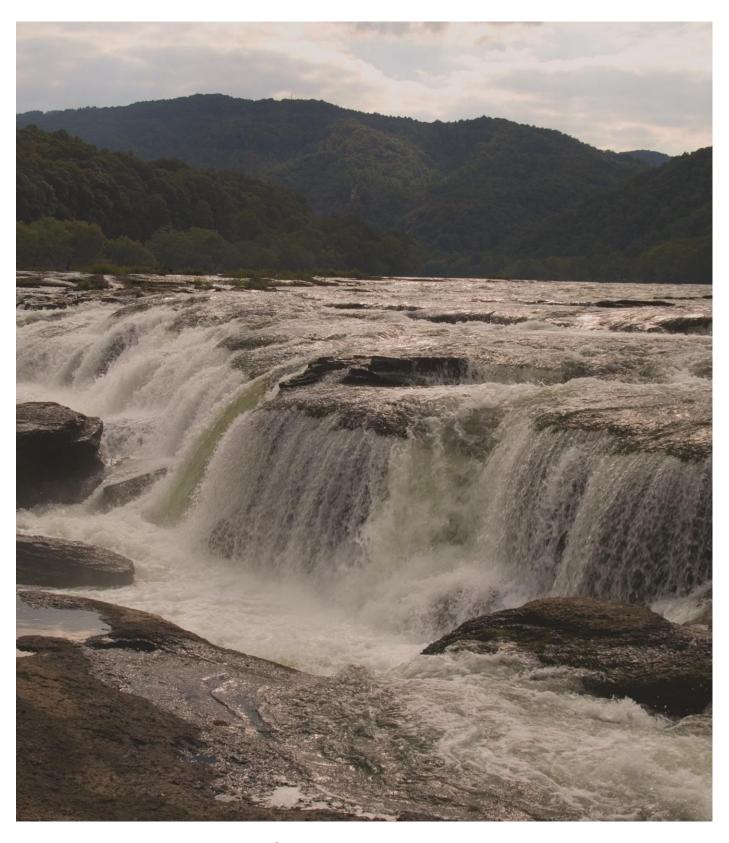
Advisors

Buck Consultants, Consulting Actuary West Virginia Investment Management Board, Investment Manager Gibbons & Kawash, A.C., Independent Certified Public Accountants



Dolly Sods





Sandstone New River Falls



300 Chase Tower 707 Virginia Street, East Charleston, West Virginia 25301

Office: 304.345.8400 Fax: 304.345.845 I

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of the West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board Charleston, West Virginia

We have audited the accompanying statements of plan net assets for the pension funds and statement of net assets of the internal service fund of the West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board (the Board), a component unit of the State of West Virginia, as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, and the related statements of changes in plan net assets of the pension funds, and statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net assets, and cash flows of the internal service fund for the years then ended, which collectively comprise the Board's financial statements. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Board's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the pension funds and the internal service fund of the Board as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, and the respective changes in net assets of the pension funds, and the changes in financial position and cash flows of the internal service fund for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 15 through 19 and the required supplemental information on pages 62 through 67 be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

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Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Board's financial statements as a whole. The introductory, investment, actuarial, and statistical sections, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The introductory, investment, actuarial, and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Treems : Kanash, A.C.

December 3, 2012

The Management of the West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board (the Board) provides this discussion and analysis as an overview of the Board's financial activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011. This section should be read in conjunction with the Independent Auditor's Report, the audited financial statements, and the accompanying notes to financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The plan net assets (total assets minus total liabilities) of the Board at June 30, 2012 were \$10.82 billion, increasing nearly \$72 million (.67%) from the plan net assets at June 30, 2011. The net assets are held in trust to meet future benefit obligations.
- Contribution revenue for fiscal year 2012 totaled \$868,286,000 an increase of 2.06% compared to fiscal year 2011.
- Net investment income for fiscal year 2012 was \$104,433,000. During fiscal year 2012, the Board received a significantly lower investment return on its portfolio (down 94.09 percent compared to 2011, compared to a 51.18 percent increase in return from 2010 results to 2011 results.)
- Total benefits and refunds paid for fiscal year 2012 were \$955,411,000, an increase of 7.42 percent over fiscal year 2011 total benefits and refunds paid of \$889,385,000.
- Total administrative expenses for fiscal year 2012 were \$9,581,000, a 4.29% increase from fiscal year 2011 administrative expenses of \$9,187,000.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Board's financial statements consist of the *Statement of Plan Net Assets*, the *Statement of Changes in Plan Net Assets*, and the *Notes to the Financial Statements*. In addition, *Required Supplementary Information* is presented, which includes the *Management's Discussion and Analysis*.

The Statement of Plan Net Assets and the Statement of Changes in Plan Net Assets report information about the plan net assets (total assets in excess of total liabilities) as of the end of the fiscal year and the changes in those plan net assets during the fiscal year. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, the current year's revenues and expenses are included in the financial activity, regardless of when cash is received or paid. The difference between the total assets and total liabilities on the Statement of Plan Net Assets, or net assets held in trust for pension benefits, provides a measurement of the financial position of the Board as of the end of the fiscal year. The Statement of Changes in Plan Net Assets provides information on the activities that caused the financial position to change during the fiscal year. Over time, increases or decreases in the plan net assets of the Board are one indicator of whether the system's financial health is improving or deteriorating.

In addition to the two financial statements, the reader should also review the *Schedule of Funding Progress* and the *Schedule of Employer Contributions* to gain an understanding of the funded status of the Board over time. This information provides an indication of the Board's ability to meet both the current and future benefit payment obligations. The *Notes to the Financial Statements* are also essential to the reader's understanding of the financial statements and provide additional information regarding the Board, such as descriptions of the plans administered by the Board, including contribution and benefit provisions, and information about the accounting policies and investment activities.

Analysis of Assets, Liabilities, and Plan Net Assets

At June 30, 2012, the Board had plan net assets (total assets in excess of total liabilities) of \$10.82 billion, an increase of nearly \$72 million (.67%) from \$10.75 billion at June 30, 2011, following the fiscal year 2011 increase of over \$1.8 billion (20.17%) from the \$8.9 billion of plan net assets as of June 30, 2010. The assets of the Board consist primarily of investments. The increase in plan assets is primarily the result of strong investment returns in equity and fixed income markets. Condensed financial information comparing the Board's plan net assets for the past three fiscal years follows:

Plan Net Assets (in thousands)

<u>ASSETS</u>	<u>Jur</u>	ne 30, 2012	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2011	FY11-12 Percentage Change		June 30, 2010	FY11-10 Percentage Change
Cash	\$	8,288	\$	7,597	9.10	%	\$ 6,219	22.16 %
Investments at fair value		10,607,896		10,490,678	1.12	%	8,708,670	20.46 %
Contributions receivable		34,470		63,366	(45.60)	%	40,477	56.55 %
Participant loans receivable		7,303		9,682	(24.57)	%	11,771	(17.75) %
Miscellaneous revenue receivable		364		163	123.31	%	67	143.28 %
Due from State of West Virginia		165,000	_	180,000	(8.33)	%	180,000	- %
		10,823,321	_	10,751,486	0.67	%	8,947,204	20.17 %
LIABILITIES AND PLAN NET ASSETS								
Liabilities: Accrued expenses and other payables		630		643	(2.02)	%	893	(28.00) %
Net assets held in trust for pension benefits	\$	10,822,691	\$	10,750,843	0.67	%	\$ 8,946,311	20.17 %

Analysis of Revenues and Expenses

Contributions to the Board had an increase of \$17.5 million (2.06%) over contributions for fiscal year 2011 due to the change in employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2011. With the decrease of net investment income of \$1.66 billion (-94.09%) for fiscal year 2012 compared to investment income for fiscal year 2011, the overall decrease in revenues for 2012 was 61.64% compared to revenues for fiscal year 2011.

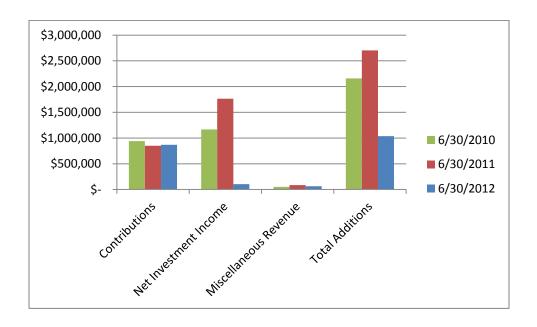
Total benefits and refunds paid during the year ended June 30, 2012 were \$955,411,000, an increase of 7.42% over fiscal year 2011 total benefits and refunds paid. Total benefits and refunds paid during the year ended June 30, 2011 were \$889,385,000 an increase of 8.28% over fiscal year 2010 total benefits and refunds paid. The increase in benefit expenses for fiscal year 2012 is attributed to more retirees receiving benefits during this fiscal year. The increase in benefit expenses in fiscal year 2011 can also be attributed to more retirees receiving benefits during this fiscal year. Total refunds paid increased \$529,000 (1.88%) in fiscal year 2012 from fiscal year 2011. Total refunds paid had increased \$5,286,000 (23.10%) in fiscal year 2011 over fiscal year 2010 and were attributed to the weak economy where more terminated members are choosing to withdraw from the system instead of leaving the funds invested.

Administrative expenses for the year ended June 30, 2012 were \$9,581,000, an increase of 4.29% from fiscal year 2011 administrative expenses. The increase was primarily due to changes in the number of plan participants and budgetary increases deemed necessary for several expense areas. Administrative expenses for the year ended June 30, 2011 were \$9,187,000, a decrease of 3.36% over fiscal year 2010 administrative expenses.

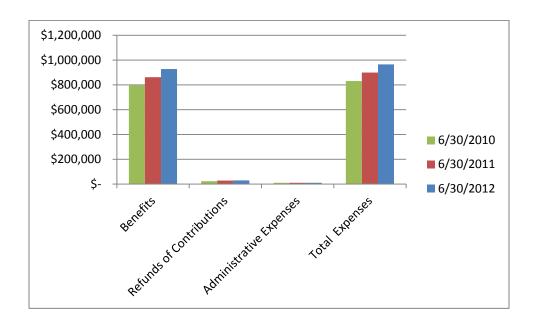
Changes in Plan Net Assets (in thousands)

					FY12-Y11 Percentage			FY11-Y10 Percentage	
		2012		2011	Change		2010	Change	
Additions:									
Contributions:									
Member contributions	\$	168,466	\$	162,116	3.92	%	\$ 177,284	, ,	
Employer contributions		699,820		688,645	1.62	%	761,924	(9.62)	%
Total contributions		868,286	_	850,761	2.06	%	939,208	(9.42)	%
Investment income:									
Net increase in fair value of investments		26,745		1,690,280	(98.42)	%	1,110,065	52.27	%
Investment income		77,688	_	75,388	3.05	%	57,880	30.25	%
Net investment income		104,433		1,765,668	(94.09)	%	1,167,945	51.18	%
Other income		64,121		86,675	(26.02)	%	52,328	65.64	%
Total additions		1,036,840		2,703,104	(61.64)	%	2,159,481	25.17	%
Deductions and transfers:									
Benefit expense		926,708		861,211	7.61	%	798,473	7.86	%
Refunds of contributions/w ithdraw als		28,703		28,174	1.88	%	22,888	23.10	%
Administrative expense		9,581	_	9,187	4.29	%	9,506	(3.36)	%
Total deductions and transfers		964,992		898,572	7.39	%	860,867	8.15	%
Net increase in plan net assets		71,848		1,804,532	(96.02)	%	1,328,614	35.82	%
Net assets held in trust for pension benefits:									
Beginning of year	1	0,750,843		8,946,311	20.17	%	7,617,697	17.44	%
End of year	<u>\$ 1</u>	0,822,691	\$	10,750,843	0.67	%	\$ 8,946,311	20.17	%

Revenues by Type (in thousands)



Expenses by Type (in thousands)



Economic Factors, Future Funding Provisions, Overall Outlooks

Economic Factors

The fiscal year ending June 30, 2012 was challenging for the capital markets as the world continues to struggle with the aftermath of the credit crisis of 2008. The defined benefit pension plans are funded with the expectation that they will return 7.5 percent on the invested assets. When that return is not achieved, there is an increase in the unfunded liability. When a return greater than 7.5 percent is achieved, there is a decrease in the unfunded liability. The turmoil in the capital markets in fiscal year 2009 and the subsequent negative return for invested assets increased the unfunded liability causing an increase in employer contributions.

The return for fiscal year 2012 fell short of the 7.5 percent rate. Investment returns were approximately 1.1 percent (using the Public Employees' Retirement System as a proxy for all long-term assets) in this difficult environment. This modest return in fiscal year 2012 follows two years of excellent returns of 20.7 and 16.0 percent, respectively. In aggregate, the three years ending June 30, 2012 have produced an annualized return of 12.3 percent. The ten-year return has increased to 6.8 percent. While it still lags the 7.5 percent long-term target rate assumed by the actuary for the defined benefit pension plans, we continue to see improvement. Still, it will likely take the world's economies many years to recover from the credit crisis of 2008, creating significant challenges in achieving investment performance targets.

Contacting the Board

This report is designed to provide a financial overview of the Board to state legislators, members of the Board of Trustees, state officials, participating employers and any other interested parties. Questions or requests for additional information regarding the financial information presented in this report may be addressed in writing to the West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board, 4101 MacCorkle Avenue, S.E. Charleston WV 25304.

STATEMENT OF PLAN NET ASSETS - PENSION FUNDS (In Thousands)

June 30, 2012

	Public								
	Е	mployees'		Teachers'		Death, Disability		State Police	
	Retirement			Retirement		d Retirement	Retirement		
		System		System		System		System	
<u>ASSETS</u>									
Cash	\$	492	\$	-	\$	1	\$	-	
Investments at fair value		4,352,142		5,111,557		477,386		78,735	
Contributions receivable		5,779		26,176		-		-	
Participant loans receivable		-		6,875		-		-	
Miscellaneous revenue receivable		2		90		-		-	
Due from State of West Virginia		165,000		<u> </u>		<u> </u>			
Total assets		4,523,415		5,144,698		477,387		78,735	
LIABILITIES AND PLAN NET ASSETS									
Liabilities: Accrued expenses and other payables		113		301		42		<u>-</u>	
Net assets held in trust for pension benefits (see schedule of funding progress)	\$	4,523,302	\$	5,144,397	\$	477,345	\$	78,735	

						Mur	icipal Police	Т	eachers'			
				Е	mergency	(Officers &		Defined			
De	puty Sheriff	Judges'		Medical Services		F	irefighters	Co	ntribution			
F	Retirement	Retirement		Retirement		R	etirement	R	etirement	R	etirement	
	System		System		System		System		System	Total		
			-		-							
\$	9	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	7,786	\$ 8,288		
	116,281	-	126,265	·	35,153		189	•	310,188	10,607,896		
	719		-		331		13		1,452	34,470		
	428		-		-		-		-	7,303		
	89		-		-		-		183	364		
			<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 165,000		
	117,526		126,265		35,484		202		319,609	10,823,321		
	,0_0		0,_00						0.0,000	 . 0,020,021		
	-		-		1		-		173	630		
		<u> </u>										
\$	117,526	\$	126,265	\$	35,483	\$	202	\$	319,436	\$ 10,822,691		
\$	117,526	\$	126,265	\$	35,483	\$	202	\$	319,436	\$ 10,822,691		

STATEMENT OF PLAN NET ASSETS - PENSION FUNDS (In Thousands)

June 30, 2011

		Public		Public Safety				
	E	mployees'		Teachers'	Dea	ath, Disability	S	State Police
	F	Retirement		Retirement		d Retirement	F	Retirement
		System	System			System	System	
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Cash	\$	577	\$	1	\$	1	\$	-
Investments at fair value		4,359,025		5,010,213		482,005		70,756
Contributions receivable		5,394		55,352		-		-
Participant loans receivable		-		9,244		-		-
Miscellaneous revenue receivable		5		5		-		-
Due from State of West Virginia		180,000		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
Total assets		4,545,001		5,074,815		482,006	-	70,756
LIABILITIES AND PLAN NET ASSETS								
Liabilities: Accrued expenses and other payables		376	_	150		12		
Net assets held in trust for pension benefits	Φ.	4.544.005	Φ.	5.074.005	Φ.	404.004	Φ.	70.750
(see schedule of funding progress)	\$	4,544,625	\$	5,074,665	\$	481,994	\$	70,756

		Emergency Medical	Municipal Police Officers	Teachers' Defined			
Deputy Sheriff	Judges'	Services	& Firefighters	Contribution			
Retirement	Retirement	Retirement	Retirement	Retirement			
System	System	System	System	System	Total		
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 116	\$ -	\$ 6,902	\$ 7,597		
112,488	124,587	31,963	61	299,580	10,490,678		
607	-	289	4	1,720	63,366		
438	-	-	-	-	9,682		
58	-	-	-	95	163		
					180,000		
113,591	124,587	32,368	65	308,297	10,751,486		
17	4	2		82	643		
\$ 113,574	\$ 124,583	\$ 32,366	\$ 65	\$ 308,215	\$ 10,750,843		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET ASSETS - PENSION FUNDS (In Thousands)

Years Ended June 30, 2012

	Public		Public Safety Death,		
	Employees'	Teachers'	Disability and	State Police	
	Retirement	Retirement	Retirement	Retirement	
	System	System	System	System	
Additions:					
Contributions:					
Member contributions	\$ 59,200	\$ 91,976	\$ 724	\$ 3,375	
Employer contributions	191,012	482,236	1,207	4,544	
Total contributions	250,212	574,212	1,931	7,919	
Investment income:					
Net increase in fair value of investments	11,436	9,672	630	228	
Investment income	34,686	36,446	3,751	596	
	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Net investment income	46,122	46,118	4,381	824	
Other income:	1,859	38,874	22,767	79	
Total additions	298,193	659,204	29,079	8,822	
Deductions and transfers:					
Benefit expense	304,263	577,427	33,631	477	
Refunds of contributions/withdrawals	10,844	7,783	47	327	
Transfers to (from) plans	(96)	53	-	-	
Administrative expenses	4,505	4,209	50	39	
Total deductions and transfers	319,516	589,472	33,728	843	
Net increase in plan net assets	(21,323)	69,732	(4,649)	7,979	
Net assets held in trust for pension benefits:					
Beginning of year	4,544,625	5,074,665	481,994	70,756	
End of year	\$ 4,523,302	\$ 5,144,397	\$ 477,345	\$ 78,735	

		Emergency Medical	Municipal Police Officers	Teachers' Defined			
Deputy Sheriff	Judges'	Service	& Firefighters	Contribution			
Retirement	Retirement	Retirement	Retirement	Retirement			
System	System	System	System	System	Total		
\$ 3,567	\$ 706	1,838	\$ 72	7,008	\$ 168,466		
5,431	3,954	2,272	72	9,092	699,820		
8,998	4,660	4,110	144	16,100	868,286		
302	262	92	4	4,119	26,745		
951	989	269			77,688		
1,253	1,251	361	4	4,119	104,433		
534	<u> </u>			8	64,121		
10,785	5,911	4,471	148	20,227	1,036,840		
	4,274		-	- 0.000			
762	- (51)	664	10	•	28,703		
86		39	1		9.581		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
3,952	1,682	3,117	137	11,221	71,848		
113,574	124,583	32,366	65	308,215	10,750,843		
\$ 117,526	\$ 126,265	\$ 35,483	\$ 202	\$ 319,436	\$ 10,822,691		
113,574	4,274 (51) 6 4,229 1,682 124,583 \$ 126,265	651 664 39 1,354 3,117 32,366 \$ 35,483	10 - 1 11 137 65 \$ 202	8,266 94 646 9,006 11,221 308,215 \$ 319,436	10,750,843		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET ASSETS - PENSION FUNDS (In Thousands)

Years Ended June 30, 2011

		Public			Pu	blic Safety Death,			
	Е	mployees'	-	Teachers'		Disability and		State Police	
	R	Retirement	F	Retirement		Retirement		Retirement	
	System			System		System		System	
Additions:									
Contributions:									
Member contributions	\$	57,714	\$	87,697	\$	833	\$	3,065	
Employer contributions		160,493		501,103		1,389		4,570	
Total contributions		218,207		588,800		2,222		7,635	
Investment income:									
Net increase in fair value of investments		722,044		795,227		78,478		10,677	
Investment income		35,258		33,701		3,750		545	
Net investment income		757,302		828,928		82,228		11,222	
Other income:		1,030		60,569		24,356		126	
Total additions		976,539	_	1,478,297		108,806		18,983	
Deductions and transfers:									
Benefit expense		284,587		535,010		31,206		443	
Refunds of contributions/withdrawals		9,880		7,614		, -		482	
Transfers to (from) plans		(368)		418		-		-	
Administrative expenses		4,403		4,130		50		37	
Total deductions and transfers		298,502	_	547,172		31,256		962	
Net increase in plan net assets		678,037		931,125		77,550		18,021	
Net assets held in trust for pension benefits:									
Beginning of year		3,866,588		4,143,540		404,444		52,735	
End of year	\$	4,544,625	\$	5,074,665	\$	481,994	\$	70,756	

		Emergency Medical	Municipal Police Officers	Teachers' Defined	
Deputy Sheriff	Judges'	Service	& Firefighters	Contribution	
Retirement	Retirement	Retirement	Retirement	Retirement	
System	System	System	System	System	Total
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Oystem	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Total
\$ 3,505	\$ 622	\$ 1,894	\$ 31	6,755	\$ 162,116
4,221	3,954	2,264	31	10,620	688,645
7,726	4,576	4,158	62	17,375	850,761
18,171	20,219	4,871		40,593	1,690,280
901	995	238	-	40,393	75,388
19,072	21,214	5,109	-	40,593	1,765,668
542		45		7	86,675
27,340	25,790	9,312	62	57,975	2,703,104
5,714	4.014	237			861,211
5,714 659	4,014	237 376	_	9,163	28,174
-	_	(43)	_	(7)	20,174
85	7	38	-	437	9,187
6,458	4,021	608		9,593	898,572
20,882	21,769	8,704	62	48,382	1,804,532
92,692	102,814	23,662	3	259,833	8,946,311
\$ 113,574	\$ 124,583	\$ 32,366	\$ 65	\$ 308,215	\$ 10,750,843

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUND (In Thousands)

June 30, 2012 and 2011

	2012	2011	
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Current assets:	40.000	Φ 40.057	
Cash with the State Treasurer	\$ 16,393	\$ 13,957	
Miscellaneous receivable	173	82	
Total current assets	16,566	14,039	
Capital assets:			
Software, net of depreciation	944	723	
Total assets	\$ 17,510	\$ 14,762	
10141 433613	Ψ 17,510	ψ 14,702	
<u>LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS</u>			
Current liabilities:			
Accrued expenses and other payables	\$ 389	\$ 362	
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Compensated absences	181	176	
Other post-employment benefits payable	2,060	1,454	
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,241	1,630	
Total liabilities	2,630	1,992	
Net Assets			
Net Assets: Net assets, unrestricted	13,936	12,047	
Invested in capital assets	944	723	
2002 23p. (4, 4000)			
Total net assets	\$ 14,880	\$ 12,770	

FINANCIAL SECTION

WEST VIRGINIA CONSOLIDATED PUBLIC RETIREMENT BOARD

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUND (In Thousands)

Years Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

	2012	
Operating revenues: Fees received for administrative services	\$ 9,582	\$ 9,187
Operating expenses: Administrative	7,472	7,479
Change in net assets	2,110	1,708
Net assets, beginning of year	12,770	11,062
Net assets, end of year	\$ 14,880	\$ 12,770

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUND (In Thousands)

Years Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

		2012		2011
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Cash received from customers and users	\$	9,491	\$	9,670
Cash paid to employees		(2,405)		(2,356)
Cash paid to suppliers		(4,337)		(4,458)
Net cash provided by operating activities		2,749		2,856
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Purchases of capital assets		(313)		(290)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		2,436		2,566
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		13,957		11,391
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	16,393	\$	13,957
Reconciliation of change in net assets to net cash provided by				
operating activities:	Φ	0.440	¢.	4 700
Change in net assets Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash used	\$	2,110	\$	1,708
in operating activities:				
Depreciation		92		62
Change in assets and liabilities:		(04)		400
(Increase) decrease in miscellaneous receivable		(91) 27		483
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses and other payables Decrease in compensated absences		2 <i>1</i> 5		(5)
Increase in other post-employment benefits payable		606		(5) 607
increase in other post-employment benefits payable		000		007
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	2,749	\$	2,856

1 - DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION

Reporting Entity

During fiscal year 1991, the West Virginia State Legislature created the Consolidated Public Retirement Board (the Board) to administer nine of the State of West Virginia's ten retirement plans. The nine retirement plans included within these financial statements are the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS), the Public Safety Death, Disability and Retirement System (PSDDRS), the State Police Retirement System (SPRS), the Deputy Sheriff Retirement System (DSRS), the Judges' Retirement System (JRS), the Emergency Medical Services Retirement System (EMSRS), Municipal Police Officers and Firefighters Retirement System (MPFRS) and the Teachers' Defined Contribution Retirement System (TDCRS). The Total Pension Funds column included in the statements of plan net assets and statements of changes in plan net assets is for informational purposes only. The net assets of each plan are only available to satisfy the obligations of that plan. The Board is a component unit of the State of West Virginia (the State). The Governmental Employees Deferred Compensation Plan is administered by the West Virginia State Treasurer's Office and has been excluded from these financial statements in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans.

The Internal Service Fund (the Fund) is used for the administration of all plans administered by the Board. The Fund receives a service fee from each plan based upon the number of participants included in the plan. These fees are legally restricted for the purpose of administering the plans and are not available for any other purpose.

The Board is managed by a Board of Trustees, which consists of, by virtue of their position, the Governor, State Auditor, State Treasurer, and Secretary of the Department of Administration, together with the following gubernatorial appointments that are subject to the advice and consent of the State Senate: four residents of the State who are not participants in the retirement plans, one State and one non-State employee participant in PERS, and one participant each from TRS, PSDDRS, SPRS, DSRS, EMSRS, MPFRS and TDCRS.

Pursuant to the West Virginia Code, the Board submits a detailed budgetary schedule of administrative expenses to the Secretary of the Department of Administration prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. The fundamental purpose of budgetary control is to plan for the expected level of operations and to provide management with a tool to control deviation from such plan but does not constitute a legally adopted budget.

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the Board have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. The GASB is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles for governmental units. The accompanying pension fund financial statements have been prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period when contributions are due. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan. The Internal Service Fund financial statements have also been prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The Board's assets are held primarily in accounts maintained by the State Treasurer, the West Virginia Investment Management Board (the IMB), and the third-party administrator of its defined contribution plan.

1 - DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION (Continued)

Cash

The State Treasurer has statutory responsibility for the daily cash management activities of the state's agencies, departments, boards and commissions. The amounts on deposit with the State Treasurer are available for immediate withdrawal and, accordingly, are presented as cash and cash equivalents in the accompanying financial statements.

Investments

All defined benefit plan funds not required to meet disbursement needs are invested in accordance with the West Virginia Code, as well as policies established by the IMB. The IMB has established various investment pools to provide for the investment of the defined benefit plan assets. These investment pools are structured as multiparticipant variable net asset funds.

Investments of the IMB Short-term Fixed Income pool are carried at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. The investments in the other IMB pools, except as noted below, are carried at fair value, which is determined by a third party pricing service based on asset portfolio pricing models and other sources. The IMB invests in private equity, real estate, and hedge funds, which are not publicly traded, and are carried at estimated fair value as provided by the IMB funds' management. The IMB may, in addition, consider other factors in assessing the fair value of these investments. Because these investments are not marketable, the estimated value is subject to uncertainty, and therefore, may differ from the value that would have been used had a ready market for the investment existed. Futures and option contracts are valued at the last settlement price established each day by the exchange on which they are traded. Interest rate swap values are based on market values received from third parties or are determined by valuation models. Foreign currency forward contracts are valued at either spot or forward month-end exchange rates. Investments in commingled investment pools are valued at the reported unit values of the individual funds as provided to the IMB fund's management.

The TDCRS inve stments are held by an investment company which also serves as the third party administrator for the plan. As prescribed by West Virginia Code, the TDCRS investments are allocated to participant accounts and the participants direct the investment of their individual account balances by selecting from a list of plan mutual funds or a long term fixed investment option.

The TDCRS investments are carried at fair value as determined by a third-party pricing service utilized by an investment management company. Investment income for the TDCRS is determined monthly and distributed to the individual participant accounts.

Contributions Receivable

Contributions receivable represent funds owed to the Board from other government employer entities participating in the various retirement plans.

Participant Loans Receivable

The TRS makes loans to its members, hired prior to July 1, 2005, up to the lesser of one-half of a member's accumulated contributions or \$8,000, at an interest rate indexed to the interest rate used by the Board for determining actuarial contributions levels. TRS loans require repayment over varying terms, with a maximum term of five years.

1 - DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION (Continued)

Participant Loans Receivable (Continued)

During the 2008 First Special Session, the West Virginia Legislature passed House Bill 101 regarding retirement benefits for teachers and educational service personnel which became effective Sunday, March 16, 2008. The legislation provided an opportunity for members of the Teachers' Defined Contribution Retirement System (TDCRS) to elect to transfer to the West Virginia Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The transfer occurred on July 1, 2008 and a total of 15,152 TDCRS members transferred to TRS. These members were granted 75% service created under TRS for their years of service in TDCRS. These members were also granted a one time opportunity to receive a loan in order to purchase the additional 25% service credit at a 7.5% interest rate and with a maximum term of five years. The last day to receive such a loan was June 30, 2010.

The DSRS also makes loans to its members, hired prior to July 1, 2005, up to the lesser of one-half of a member's accumulated contributions or \$8,000, at an interest rate indexed to the interest rate used by the Board for determining actuarial contributions levels. DSRS loans require repayment over varying terms, with a maximum term of five years.

Accrued Expenses and Other Payables

Accrued expenses and other payables primarily represent retirement annuity amounts due to new retirees.

Compensated Absences

Liabilities for compensated absences (annual leave) are recorded for an employees' right to receive compensation for future absences. When an employee is separated from employment with the Board for reasons other than retirement, all sick leave credited to that employee is considered nonvested and no reimbursement to the employee is provided. Accrued sick leave, if any, existing for employees upon their retirement, may be used either to extend benefits provided by the West Virginia Public Employees Insurance Agency or to increase retirement benefits. Other post-employment benefits other than pensions are described in Note 5.

Capital Assets

The Board does not record any capital assets with a value of less than \$5,000 per asset. The only asset currently capitalized consists of agency developed software, which has an estimated useful life of ten years.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and disclosure of actuarial accrued liabilities, contingent assets, and contingent liabilities as of the financial statement date, and the reported amounts of additions and deductions for the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

1 - DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION (Continued)

Accounting Estimates (Continued)

The various retirement plans utilize various investment instruments. Investment securities, in general, are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit, and overall market volatility. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is reasonably possible that changes in the value of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such change could materially affect the amounts reported in the statements of plan net assets. Changes in the value of investment securities could affect the future funding status of the plans or require additional contributions to maintain the current funding status.

2 - PLAN DESCRIPTIONS AND CONTRIBUTION INFORMATION

Funding policies for all plans have been established by and are changed from time-to-time by action of the State Legislature. While contribution rates are legislatively determined, actuarial valuations are performed to assist the Board and the State Legislature in determining contribution rates. The following information is provided for general information purposes only. Plan participants should refer to the respective West Virginia State Code Section for more complete information.

Defined Benefit Plans

Public Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description - PERS is a multiple employer defined benefit cost sharing public employee retirement system covering substantially all employees of the State and its component units, as well as employees of participating non-State governmental entities who are not participants of another state or municipal retirement system. The number of participating local government employers as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, are as follows:

	2012	2011
Cities and towns	105	105
Counties	55	55
Special districts	<u>371</u>	<u>370</u>
	<u>531</u>	<u>530</u>

PERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Qualification for normal retirement is age 60 with five years of service or at least age 55 with age and service equal to 80 or greater. The straight-life annuity retirement benefit is equivalent to 2% of average salary multiplied by years of service. Average salary is the average of the three consecutive highest annual earnings out of the last fifteen years of earnings. Terminated members with at least five years of contributory service who do not withdraw their accumulated contributions may elect to receive their retirement annuity beginning at age 62.

Chapter 5, Article 10 of the West Virginia State Code assigns the authority to establish and amend the provisions of the plan to the State Legislature. In certain circumstances, this Article also permits members of TRS to transfer accumulated service credit and member contributions into PERS.

2 - PLAN DESCRIPTIONS AND CONTRIBUTION INFORMATION (Continued)

Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

Public Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Contributions - Per Chapter 5, Article 10, members contribute 4.5% of annual earnings. State and non-state governmental employers' contribution rates were 14.5% and 12.5% of covered employees' annual earnings for fiscal years ending June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Effective July 1, 2012 employer contribution rates will be reduced to 14% of members annual earnings. Contributions as a percentage of payroll for members are established by statutes, subject to legislative limitations and are not actuarially determined. Contributions as a percentage of payroll for employers are established by the Board. In addition, certain additional contributions of approximately \$908,000 and \$0 were made during the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, representing extra appropriations to pay off the unfunded liability. Employer contributions from State and non-State agencies for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, were (in thousands):

		2012	 2011
State Non-State	\$	130,831 60,181	\$ 109,448 51,045
	<u>\$</u>	191,012	\$ 160,493

Teachers' Retirement System

Plan Description - TRS is a multiple employer defined benefit cost sharing public employee retirement system covering all full-time employees of the 55 county public school systems in the State and certain personnel of the 13 State-supported institutions of higher education, State Department of Education and the Higher Education Policy Commission hired prior to July 1, 1991. Employees of the State-supported institutions of higher education and the Higher Education Policy Commission hired after June 30, 1991, are required to participate in the Higher Education Retirement System. TRS closed membership to new hires effective July 1, 1991. However, effective July 1, 2005, all new employees hired for the first time are required to participate in TRS.

During the 2008 First Special Session, the West Virginia Legislature passed House Bill 101 regarding retirement benefits for teachers and educational service personnel which became effective Sunday, March 16, 2008. The legislation provided an opportunity for members of the Teachers' Defined Contribution Retirement System (TDCRS) to elect to transfer to the West Virginia Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The transfer occurred on July 1, 2008 and a total of 15,152 TDCRS members transferred to TRS.

TRS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. A member is eligible for normal retirement at age 60 with five years of service, age 55 with 30 years of service or any age with 35 years of service. A member may retire with 30 years of credited service at any age with the pension reduced actuarially if the member retires before age 55. Terminated members with at least five, but less than 20, years of credited service who do not withdraw their accumulated contributions are entitled to a deferred retirement commencing at age 62. Retirement benefits are equivalent to 2% of average annual salary multiplied by years of service. Average salary is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years of earnings during the last 15 fiscal years of earnings.

2 - PLAN DESCRIPTIONS AND CONTRIBUTION INFORMATION (Continued)

Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

Teachers' Retirement System (Continued)

Chapter 18, Article 7A of the West Virginia State Code assigns the authority to establish and amend the provisions of the plan to the State Legislature.

Contributions - A member who withdraws from service for any cause other than death or retirement may request that the accumulated employee contributions plus interest be refunded.

TRS funding policy provides for member contributions based on 6% of members' gross salary. Contributions as a percentage of payroll for members and employers are established by State law and are not actuarially determined. Employers make the following contributions:

The State, county boards of education, and other employers contribute 15% of gross salary of their TRS members hired prior to July 1, 1991. The State, county boards of education, and other employers contribute 7.5% of the gross salary of their TRS covered employees hired for the first time after July 1, 2005 and for those TDCRS members who selected to transfer to TRS effective July 1, 2008. The other employers and county boards of education, utilizing funds made available through the State's School Aid Formula (SAF) contribute 7.5% of the gross salary of their TDCRS covered employees. In addition, the State contributes a certain percentage of fire insurance premiums paid by State residents to assist in extinguishing the TRS unfunded liability within 40 years of June 30, 1994. In addition, certain additional contributions of approximately \$374,711,708 and \$378,671,497 were made during the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, representing extra appropriations to pay off the unfunded liability.

Public Safety Death, Disability and Retirement System

Plan Description - PSDDRS is a single employer defined benefit public employee retirement system covering all West Virginia State Police (State Police) hired on or before March 11, 1994. This plan is closed to new entrants.

PSDDRS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. A member is eligible for normal retirement at age 50 after 20 years of contributory service, or at any age upon completion of 25 years of service. There is no vesting in the State's contributions prior to ten years of service. Benefits payable to members retiring prior to age 50 are deferred until the normal retirement date. The annual retirement benefit is 5.5% of the members' aggregate salary, but not less than \$6,000 per year. Total service related disability benefits are equal to the member's annual salary, but not less than \$15,000 per year. Aggregate salary is the total salary paid to a member during his or her period of service, which may include up to 5 years of active military service credited at the average departmental salary. Aggregate salary for purposes of determining disability benefits may include salary that would have been earned had the participant served at least 25 years notwithstanding the disability. An annual cost-of-living adjustment of 3.75% is granted to retirees and beneficiaries. For service-connected total disability retirees, the adjustment begins at age 65. A member who terminates employment is entitled to a refund of his or her contributions plus interest.

Contributions - PSDDRS funding policy provides for member contributions based on 9% of their annual earnings. The State makes contributions based on 15% of the annual payroll of State Police,

2 - PLAN DESCRIPTIONS AND CONTRIBUTION INFORMATION (Continued)

Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

Public Safety Death, Disability and Retirement System (Continued)

as well as contributing all revenue generated by the sale of traffic accident reports, criminal investigation reports and other fees. In addition, certain additional contributions of approximately \$22,051,000 and \$23,605,000 were made during the years ended June 30 2012 and 2011, respectively, representing extra appropriations to pay off the unfunded liability. Contributions, as a percentage of payroll for members and the employer, are established by State law and are not actuarially determined.

State Police Retirement System

Plan Description - SPRS is a single employer defined benefit public employee retirement system that was established for all State Police hired on or after March 12, 1994. SPRS provides retirement, death, and disability benefits. A member is eligible for normal retirement at age 50 with 25 years of service or age 52 with 20 years of credited service. A member is eligible for a reduced benefit with 20 years of credited service and retiring before age 52. The annual regular retirement benefit, paid monthly, is equal to 2.75% of the final average salary multiplied by the years of service. Final average salary is the average of the five highest calendar years of earnings during the last ten years of earnings. Annual retirement annuity adjustments are 1.0% for regular retirement and are payable on July 1 of each year after the member reaches 63 years of age.

Contributions - Members contribute 13% of annual base salary. Employer contribution rates were 17.5% and 19.5% of covered employees' annual base salary for fiscal years ending June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Effective July 1, 2012 employer contribution rates will be reduced to 15.5% of members' annual earnings.

Chapter 15, Article 2 and Article 2A of the West Virginia State Code assigns the authority to establish and amend the provisions of the PSDDRS and SPRS plans to the State Legislature.

Deputy Sheriff Retirement System

Plan Description - DSRS, a multiple employer defined benefit cost sharing public employee retirement system, was established for all deputy sheriffs hired by all 55 county governments on or after July 1, 1998. The DSRS was also made available to any deputy sheriff employed in covered employment participating in PERS on the effective date so long as he/she made notification in writing before January 31, 1999, to both the County Commission in the county in which he/she was employed and the Board of his/her desire to transfer to the DSRS. Approximately 600 deputy sheriffs elected such transfer and as a result, approximately \$28,638,000 of accumulated member and employer contributions and interest were transferred from PERS to DSRS in fiscal year 1999, in accordance with Chapter 7, Article 14D of the West Virginia State Code.

DSRS provides retirement as well as death and disability benefits. A member is eligible for normal retirement under the following circumstances:

- 1. Attainment of the age of 50 years and completion of 20 or more years of service
- Member is in covered employment, has attained the age of 60 years, and has completed five or more years of service
- 3. Attainment of the age of 62 years and has completed five or more years of service

2 - PLAN DESCRIPTIONS AND CONTRIBUTION INFORMATION (Continued)

Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

Deputy Sheriff Retirement System (Continued)

The annual regular retirement benefit is equal to 2.25% of a member's final average salary multiplied by the member's years of credited service. Final average salary refers to the average of the highest annual compensation received for covered employment by the member during any five consecutive plan years within the member's last ten years of service. A member may elect to receive retirement income payments equal to his/her accrued benefit in the normal form or in a variety of annuity options. The normal form signifies a monthly annuity which is 1/12 of the amount of a members accrued benefit which is payable for the member's life.

Benefit payments did not begin prior to January 1, 2000, except benefit payments resulting from disability.

Chapter 7, Article 14D of the West Virginia State Code assigns the authority to establish and amend the provisions of the plan to the State Legislature.

Contributions - Members contribute 8.5% of monthly base salary, and the Sheriff's Office/County Commission of the County in which the member is employed contributed an additional 13% and 10.5% of the member's monthly salary during years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Employer contributions will remain at 13% of the member's monthly salary during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013. In addition, the Sheriff's Office/County Commissions contribute certain fees charged for reports and other services provided by the sheriff's offices.

Judges' Retirement System

Plan Description - JRS is a single employer defined benefit public employee retirement system covering State judges and justices who elect to participate. JRS provides retirement as well as death and disability benefits. A member who was appointed or elected to the bench prior to July 2, 2005 is eligible for normal retirement upon the attainment of 24 years of service of which at least 12 years is as a sitting judge or justice, 16 years of service at age 65 of which at least 12 years is as a sitting judge or justice, or 8 full years of service after age 65. A member who was appointed or elected to the bench on or after July 2, 2005 is eligible for normal retirement upon the attainment of 24 years of service of which at least 14 years is as a sitting judge or justice, or 16 years of service at age 65 of which 14 years is as a sitting judge or justice. A member on the bench prior to July 2, 2005 is eligible for a deferred benefit upon termination of service prior to normal retirement provided the member of the bench on or after July 2, 2005 is eligible for a deferred benefit upon termination of service prior to normal retirement provided the member completes 16 years of service of which 14 years of service are as a sitting judge or justice.

The annual benefit paid to judges and justices on the bench prior to July 2, 2005 is 75% of the current annual salary of the office from which the participant retires, with surviving spouse and dependent child benefits. This benefit is proportionally increased upon increase in salary for active sitting judges and justices.

The annual benefit paid to judges and justices on the bench on or after July 2, 2005 is 75% of the member's final average salary. Final average salary means the average of the highest thirty-six

2 - PLAN DESCRIPTIONS AND CONTRIBUTION INFORMATION (Continued)

Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

Judges' Retirement System (Continued)

consecutive month's compensation received as a judge or justice. No increases in benefits are given by virtue of increase in salary of active sitting judges or justices.

Chapter 51, Article 9 of the West Virginia State Code assigns the authority to establish and amend the provisions of the plan to the State Legislature.

Contributions - JRS funding policy provides for member contributions based on 10.5% of their annual earnings. This policy also provides for periodic employer contributions at varying amounts appropriated annually by the State Legislature. However, annual appropriations are determined in consideration of the most recent actuarial valuation. Any participant who terminates before becoming eligible for benefits may elect to withdraw his or her contributions without interest.

Emergency Medical Services Retirement System (EMSRS)

Plan Description - The EMSRS Act was passed by the Legislature in March 2007. The legislation provided for a voluntary participation election of eligible emergency medical service officers and mandated that certain participation levels be reached by December 31, 2007, in order for the provisions of the Emergency Medical Services Retirement System to become effective. At the close of the election period, fifteen licensed EMS public employers, consisting of twelve eligible Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) political subdivisions and three eligible Non-PERS political subdivisions, passed corporate resolutions to become participating public employers of this retirement system. Statewide, over five hundred eligible Emergency Medical Services Officers elected to opt into this new retirement plan. The WV Emergency Medical Services Retirement System (EMSRS) became effective January 1, 2008.

The statute prohibited any payout of benefits from the EMSRS fund prior to January 1, 2011, with the exception of duty disability retirement. An EMSRS member is eligible for "normal" retirement when one of the following occurs:

- Attainment of age 50 and the completion of 20 years of contributory service; or
- Attainment of age 50 when age plus contributory service equals 70 while still in covered employment; or
- Attainment of age 60 and completion of 10 years contributory service while still in covered employment; or
- Attainment of age 62 and completion of 5 years of contributory service.

An EMSRS member is eligible for "early retirement" when they reach age 45 and have completed 20 years of service.

Final Average Salary (FAS) is the average of the highest annual compensation received by the member during covered employment for any 5 consecutive plan years (Jan. 1- Dec. 31) within the last 10 years of service. The accrued benefit on behalf of any member is calculated as follows:

2 - PLAN DESCRIPTIONS AND CONTRIBUTION INFORMATION (Continued)

Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

Emergency Medical Services Retirement System (EMSRS) (Continued)

Final Average Salary x Years of Credited Service x Benefit Percentage

Annual Retirement Benefit Formula

2.75% x FAS x Years of Service for years 1-20 2.0% x FAS x Years of Service for years 21-25 1.0% x FAS x Years of Service for years 26-30

In accordance with provisions in statute, upon reaching a 75% funded level as of an actuarial valuation date, the Board shall increase the annual retirement benefit multiplier from 2.6% of final average salary to 2.75% of final average salary for years one through twenty of service credited.

Chapter 16, Article 5V of the West Virginia State Code assigns the authority to establish and amend the provisions of the plan to the State Legislature.

Contributions - Currently, the EMSRS employee contribution rate is 8.5% of gross monthly salary and the employer contribution rate is 10.5% of gross monthly salary.

Municipal Police Officers and Firefighters Retirement System (MPFRS)

Plan Description - The MPFRS Act was passed by the Legislature in November 2009, and become effective January 1, 2010. The legislation provided for any municipality or municipal subdivision employing municipal police officers or firefighters to elect to become a participating employer. MPFRS is a multiple employer defined benefit retirement system. The MPFRS had 12 participating members as of June 30, 2012. If there are fewer than 100 members on January 1, 2014, all members will be merged into the Emergency Medical Services Retirement System. All police officers and firefighters first employed in covered employment after the date the municipality or municipal subdivision elected to join MPFRS are required to be members of MPFRS.

A MPFRS member is eligible for "normal" retirement when one of the following occurs:

- Attainment of age 50 and the completion of 20 years of contributory service; or
- Attainment of age 50 when age plus contributory service equals 70 while still in covered employment; or
- Attainment of age 60 and completion of 10 years contributory service while still in covered employment; or
- Attainment of age 62 and completion of 5 years of contributory service.

Final Average Salary (FAS) is the average of the highest annual compensation received by the member during covered employment for any 5 consecutive plan years (Jan. 1 - Dec. 31) within the last 10 years of service. The accrued benefit on behalf of any member is calculated as follows, not to exceed 67%:

2 - PLAN DESCRIPTIONS AND CONTRIBUTION INFORMATION (Continued)

Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

Municipal Police Officers and Firefighters Retirement System (MPFRS) (Continued)

Final Average Salary x Years of Credited Service x Benefit Percentage

Annual Retirement Benefit Formula

2.6% x FAS x Years of Credited Service for years 1-20 2.0% x FAS x Years of Credited Service for years 21-25

1.0% x FAS x Years if Credited Service for years 26-30

Chapter 8, Article 22A of the West Virginia State Code assigns the authority to establish and amend the provisions of the plan to the State Legislature.

Contributions - Currently, the MPFRS employee contribution rate is 8.5% of gross monthly salary and the employer contribution rate is 8.5% of gross monthly salary. As provided in statute, the Board may recommend the employee contribution rate be increased to 10.5% if the MPFRS plan does not reach a 70% funded level by July 1, 2014.

Plan Membership

Membership in the above plans consisted of the following as of the plan valuation dates, July 1, 2011 and 2010:

As of July 1, 2011:	PERS	<u>TRS</u>	PSDDRS	<u>SPRS</u>	DSRS	JRS	<u>EMSRS</u>	MPFRS
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Terminated members entitled to benefits but not yet	22,793	31,043	689	17	272	56	20	-
receiving them Terminated nonvested	3,859	1,579	4	7	70	-	22	-
members Active members:	12,172	1,669	2	109	143	2	81	3
Vested	23,420	25,534	133	227	613	23	259	-
Nonvested	12,834	10,321	_	296	341	47	276	9
Total	75,078	70,146	828	656	1,439	128	658	12
As of July 1, 2010:	PERS	TRS	PSDDRS	SPRS	DSRS	JRS	EMSRS	MPFRS_
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Terminated members entitled	PERS 22,040	TRS 30,127	PSDDRS 684	SPRS 17	DSRS	JRS	<u>EMSRS</u>	MPFRS -
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Terminated members entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them							EMSRS -	MPFRS -
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Terminated members entitled to benefits but not yet	22,040	30,127	684	17	260		-	MPFRS -
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Terminated members entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them Terminated nonvested members	22,040 3,883	30,127 1,621	684	17	260 65	56	27	MPFRS -
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Terminated members entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them Terminated nonvested members Active members:	22,040 3,883 11,481	30,127 1,621 1,420	684	17 8 101	260 65 127	56	- 27 75	<u>MPFRS</u> 6

2 - PLAN DESCRIPTIONS AND CONTRIBUTION INFORMATION (Continued)

Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

Plan Funded Status and Funding Progress - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Plan Funded Status - The funded status of each plan as of July 1, 2011 (unless otherwise noted), the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows (dollar amounts in thousands):

	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
PERS	\$ 4,322,668	\$ 5,515,252	\$ 1,192,584	78.4%	\$ 1,327,717	89.8%
TRS	5,074,665	9,445,148	4,370,483	53.7%	1,505,749	290.3%
PSDDRS	481,994	606,245	124,251	79.5%	8,001	1,552.9%
SPRS	70,756	79,036	8,280	89.5%	24,725	33.5%
DSRS	113,574	149,462	35,888	76.0%	42,366	84.7%
JRS	124,583	95,591	(28,992)	130.3%	8,860	0.0%
EMS	32,366	39,225	6,859	82.5%	22,488	30.5%
MPFRS	65	23	(42)	282.6%	343	(12.2)%

Plan Funding Progress - The schedules of funding progress, presented as required supplemental information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, present multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial values of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the AALs for benefits. Significant exemptions used in determining funding progress are as follows:

	PERS	TRS	PSDDRS
Valuation date Actuarial cost method Asset valuation method Amortization method Amortization period Actuarial assumptions:	July 1, 2011 Entry age normal 4 Year Smoothing Level dollar Through FY 2035	July 1, 2011 Entry age Fair value Level dollar Through FY 2034	July 1, 2011 Entry age Fair value Level dollar Through FY 2024
Investment rate of return Projected salary increases: PERS:	7.5%	7.5%	7.5%
State	4.25-6.0%	-	-
Nonstate TRS:	4.25-6.0%	-	-
Teachers	-	3.75-5.25%	-
Non Teachers	-	3.4-6.50%	-
PSDDRS:	-	-	6.5% for first 2 yrs of service 6.0% for first 3 yrs of service 5.5% for the next 5 yrs and 4.75% thereafter
Inflation rate	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%

2 - PLAN DESCRIPTIONS AND CONTRIBUTION INFORMATION (Continued)

Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

	SPRS	DSRS	JRS
Valuation date Actuarial cost method	July 1, 2011 Entry age normal	July 1, 2011 Entry age normal cost-aggregate level percent of payroll	July 1, 2011 Entry age
Actuarial valuation method Amortization method	Fair value Level percentage of payroll payroll	Fair value Level percentage of open group payroll plus fee deposits	Fair value Level dollar
Amortization period Actuarial assumptions: Investment rate of return	Through FY 2030 7.5%	Through FY 2029 7.5%	Not applicable 7.5%
Projected salary increases	6.5% for first 2 yrs of service, 6.0% for next 3 yrs of service,	6.5% for first 2 yrs of service, 6.0% for next 3 yrs of service,	4.5% Annual increase to benefits
Inflation rate	5.5% for the next 5 yrs, and 4.75% thereafter 3.0%	5.5% for the next 5 yrs, and 5.0% thereafter 3.0%	4.5% 3.0%
	EMSRS	MPFRS	
Valuation date	July 1, 2011	July 1, 2011	
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal with aggregate normal cost level percentage of payroll	Entry age cost with aggregate normal cost level percent	
Actuarial valuation method	Fair value	Fair value	
Amortization method Amortization period Actuarial assumptions:	Level dollar Through FY 2038	Level dollar Through FY 2040	
Investment rate of return Projected salary increases	7.5% By age from 5.0% at age 30 Declining to 3.5% at age 65	7.5% By age from 5.0% at age 30 Declining to 3.5% at age 65	
Inflation rate	3.0%	3.0%	

Teachers' Defined Contribution Retirement System

Plan Description - TDCRS is a multiple employer defined contribution retirement system, which is a money purchase pension plan covering primarily full-time employees of the State's 55 county public school systems, the State Department of Education, and the Schools for the Deaf and Blind who were hired between July 1, 1991 and June 30, 2005. TDCRS members also include former TRS plan members, including higher education employees, who have elected to transfer into or participate in TDCRS. TDCRS benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate from the date of employment. TDCRS closed participation to new members effective June 30, 2005.

During the 2008 First Special Session, the West Virginia Legislature passed House Bill 101 regarding retirement benefits for teachers and educational service personnel which became effective Sunday, March 16, 2008. The legislation provided an opportunity for members of the Teachers' Defined Contribution Retirement System (TDCRS) to elect to transfer to the West Virginia Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The transfer occurred on July 1, 2008 and a total of 15,152 TDCRS members transferred to TRS.

2 - PLAN DESCRIPTIONS AND CONTRIBUTION INFORMATION (Continued)

Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

Teachers' Defined Contribution Retirement System (Continued)

The TDCRS provides members with a choice of 16 separate investment options made up of fixed income, balanced, large cap, mid cap, small cap, and international mutual funds, a money market fund and a fixed annuity.

Contributions - State law requires employees to contribute 4.5% of their gross compensation and the employers to contribute 7.5% of covered members' gross compensation. Employer contributions are comprised from amounts allocated to the employers through the State's School Aid Formula, forfeitures allotted from the TDC Plan and county contributions. Employer contributions for each employee (and interest allocated to the employee's account) become partially vested after six years and fully vested after 12 complete years of service. If a terminated employee does not return to active participant status within five years, the nonvested employer contributions and earnings thereon are forfeited to reduce the employer's current period contribution requirement. Any such forfeitures arising from contributions, plus earnings thereon, will be used to reduce future employer contributions.

3 - INVESTMENTS

The Board has adopted investment guidelines that are consistent with those specified in the West Virginia Code. Those guidelines authorize the Board to invest with IMB in obligations of the United States and certain of its agencies, certificates of deposit, direct and general obligations of states, repurchase agreements relating to certain securities, equity securities, real estate, and guaranteed investment contracts. Plan assets of defined benefit plans are invested by the IMB. Investments are managed by a third party administrator as the trustee for the TDCRS.

The IMB invests plan assets in accordance with West Virginia Code and policies established by the IMB. Individual defined benefit plan assets are invested by the IMB in the various IMB pools. Following is a summary of investments held by IMB for each plan as of June 30, 2012 and 2011 (in thousands):

June 30, 2012	PERS	TRS	PSDDRS	SPRS	DSRS	JRS	EMSRS	MPOF
Large cap equity	\$ 795,984	\$ 908,381	\$ 86,640	\$ 14,200	\$ 21,171	\$ 23,121	\$ 6,359	\$ 32
Non-large cap equity	269,212	307,418	29,507	4,779	7,158	7,802	2,147	10
International qualified	343,311	393,701	37,412	5,717	9,036	9,901	2,593	14
International equity	742,277	851,090	82,434	13,451	19,898	21,657	6,056	27
Private equity	435,948	503,734	48,464	7,821	11,695	12,702	3,525	17
Real estate	273,496	312,255	29,722	4,829	7,273	7,928	2,177	11
Total return fixed income	612,542	632,244	68,306	11,174	16,678	17,947	5,113	25
Core fixed income	294,910	300,128	32,860	5,393	8,043	8,645	2,470	11
Hedge fund	443,916	509,625	48,974	7,950	11,851	12,917	3,579	16
TRS annuity		53,023	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short term fixed income	26,949	210,217	718	1,417	468	367	230	22
TIPS	113,597	129,741	12,349	2,004	3,010	3,278	904	4
Total investments	\$4,352,142	\$5,111,557	\$ 477,386	\$ 78,735	\$ 116,281	\$ 126,265	\$ 35,153	\$ 189

3 - INVESTMENTS (Continued)

June 30, 2011		PERS		TRS	<u>_</u> F	PSDDRS		SPRS	_	DSRS		JRS	_E	MSRS		MPOF
Large cap equity	\$	810,662	\$	902,180	\$	88,512	\$	13,145	\$	20,972	\$	23,447	\$	6,037	\$	-
Non-large cap equity		286,555		317,860		31,093		4,525		7,329		8,158		2,173		-
International qualified		387,425		423,508		42,233		6,010		9,955		11,000		2,732		-
International equity		705,905		796,380		77,543		11,230		18,040		20,095		5,103		-
Private equity		442,041		495,625		47,325		6,340		10,808		12,061		2,938		-
Real estate		107,921		119,095		11,533		1,683		2,748		3,060		788		-
Total return fixed income		678,400		654,040		77,327		11,374		17,393		18,640		5,026		-
Core fixed income		311,640		303,827		36,707		5,384		8,203		8,765		2,384		-
Hedge fund		386,499		426,630		43,663		6,398		10,697		11,557		2,714		-
TRS annuity		-		103,845		-		-		-		-		-		-
Short term fixed income		18,733		217,903		1,309		1,094		599		1,417		449		61
TIPS	_	223,244	_	249,320	_	24,760	_	3,573	_	5,744	_	6,387		1,619	_	<u>-</u>
Total investments	\$4	,359,025	\$5	5,010,213	\$	482,005	\$	70,756	\$	112,488	\$	124,587	\$	31,963	\$	61

Large Cap Equity

The Pool's objective is to exceed, net of external investment management fees, the S&P 500 Stock Index over three to five year periods. Assets are managed by Intech Investment Management, LLC, and State Street Global Advisors.

The Pool holds equity securities of U.S. companies, exchange traded stock index futures, and money market funds with the highest credit rating. These types of securities are not exposed to credit risk, interest rate risk, custodial credit risk, or foreign currency risk. Securities lending collateral that is reported in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities is invested in the lending agent's collateral reinvestment fund. At June 30, 2012, the Pool, in accordance with West Virginia statutes, did not hold securities of any one issuer in excess of 5 percent of the value of the Pool and is not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

Non-Large Cap Equity

The Pool invests in the equities of small to mid-sized companies and its objective is to exceed, net of external investment management fees, the Russell 2500 Index over three to five year periods. Assets are managed by Aronson Johnson Ortiz, LP and Westfield Capital Management.

The Pool holds equity securities of U.S. companies and money market funds with the highest credit rating. These types of securities are not exposed to credit risk, interest rate risk, custodial credit risk, or foreign currency risk. At June 30, 2012, the Pool, in accordance with West Virginia statutes, did not hold securities of any one issuer in excess of 5 percent of the value of the Pool and is not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

International Qualified

Funds are invested in Silchester International Investors' Value Equity Group Trust. The Pool is expected to produce investment returns that exceed the Morgan Stanley Capital International's Europe Australasia Far East (EAFE) index by 200 basis points on an annualized basis over three to five year periods, net of external investment management fees. Only "qualified participants" (as defined by the *Internal Revenue Code*) may invest in the Pool.

3 - INVESTMENTS (Continued)

International Qualified (Continued)

The Pool invests in a collective trust fund that invests in equities denominated in foreign currencies. The value of this investment at June 30, 2012, was \$801,731,000. This investment, although denominated in U.S. dollars, is exposed to foreign currency risk through the underlying investments. West Virginia statute limits the amount of international securities to no more than 30 percent of the total assets managed by the IMB. At June 30, 2012 the IMB was in compliance with this limitation. The Pool is not exposed to credit risk, interest rate risk, custodial credit risk, or concentration of credit risk.

International Nonqualified

Funds are invested in Silchester International Investors' Value Equity Trust. The Pool is expected to produce investment returns that exceed the Morgan Stanley Capital International's EAFE index by 200 basis points on an annualized basis over three to five year periods, net of external investment management fees. The Pool exists for participants who are not "qualified" (as defined by the *Internal Revenue Code*).

The Pool invests in a collective trust fund that invests in equities denominated in foreign currencies. The value of this investment at June 30, 2012, was \$87,453,000. This investment, although denominated in U.S. dollars, is exposed to foreign currency risk through the underlying investments. West Virginia statute limits the amount of international securities to no more than 30 percent of the total assets managed by the IMB. At June 30, 2012 the IMB was in compliance with this limitation. The Pool is not exposed to credit risk, interest rate risk, custodial credit risk, or concentration of credit risk.

International Equity

This Pool invests in the equities of international companies. Assets are managed by Axiom International Investors, LLC, Brandes Investment Partners, LLC, LSV Asset Management, and Pictet Asset Management Limited. The objective of the Pool is to exceed, net of external investment management fees, Morgan Stanley Capital International's All Country World Free Ex US index over three to five year periods.

The Pool is not exposed to credit risk, interest rate risk, or custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2012, the Pool, in accordance with West Virginia statutes, did not hold securities of any one issuer in excess of 5 percent of the value of the Pool. The Pool has both equity securities and cash that are denominated in foreign currencies and are exposed to foreign currency risks. West Virginia statute limits the amount of international securities to no more than 30 percent of the total assets managed by the IMB. At June 30, 2012 the IMB was in compliance with this limitation. The amounts at fair value (in U.S. dollars) of the securities and cash denominated in foreign currencies as of June 30, 2012 are as follows (in thousands):

Currency	Equit	Equity Securities		Cash	Total		
Australian Dollar	\$	63,284	\$	143	\$	63,427	
Brazil Real		77,642		3,441		81,083	
British Pound		217,785		404		218,189	
Canadian Dollar		83,701		75		83,776	
Czech Crown		6,230		-		6,230	

3 - INVESTMENTS (Continued)

International Equity (Continued)

Currency	Equity Securities	Cash	Total
Danish Krone	6,858	24	6,882
Emirati Dirham	8,048	-	8,048
Euro Currency Unit	289,347	1,256	290,603
Hong Kong Dollar	152,281	697	152,978
Hungarian Forint	7,620	1	7,621
Indian Rupee	35,768	380	36,148
Indonesian Rupiah	8,313	145	8,458
Israeli Shekel	13,413	103	13,516
Japanese Yen	215,250	9,319	224,569
Malaysian Ringgit	5,067	126	5,193
Mexican Peso	22,072	24	22,096
New Taiwan Dollar	47,733	2,300	50,033
New Zealand Lira	7,513	58	7,571
Norwegian Krone	21,877	28	21,905
Pakistani Rupee	922	-	922
Philippine Peso	7,751	75	7,826
Polish Zloty	6,708	9	6,717
Singapore Dollar	20,786	46	20,832
South African Rand	51,153	57	51,210
South Korean Won	128,548	2,374	130,922
Swedish Krona	16,126	71	16,197
Swiss Franc	62,607	6	62,613
Thailand Baht	17,882	-	17,882
Turkish Lira	42,295	48	42,343
	\$ 1,644,580	\$ 21,210	\$ 1,665,790

This table excludes cash and securities held by the Pool that are denominated in U.S. dollars. The market value of the U.S. dollar denominated cash and securities is \$257,253 (in thousands) at June 30, 2012.

Short-Term Fixed Income

The main objective of the Pool is to maintain sufficient liquidity to fund withdrawals by the participant plans and to invest cash contributions until such time as the money can be transferred to other asset classes without sustaining capital losses. JP Morgan Investment Advisors, Inc. manages the Pool. The Pool's investment performance, net of external investment management fees, is expected to meet or exceed the Salomon ninety-day Treasury bill index plus fifteen basis points.

Credit risk

The IMB limits the exposure to credit risk in the Pool by requiring all corporate bonds to be rated AA or higher. Commercial paper must be rated A1 by Standard & Poor's and P1 by Moody's. Additionally, the Pool must have at least 15 percent of its assets in United States Treasury issues.

3 - INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Short-Term Fixed Income (Continued)

The following table provides information on the weighted average credit ratings of the Pool's investments as of June 30, 2012 (in thousands):

Security Type	<u>Moody's</u>	S&P	<u></u> F	air Value	Percent of Assets
Agency discount notes	Aaa	AA+	\$	169,173	46.2%
Agency notes	Aaa	AA+		20,096	5.5
Commercial paper	P-1	A-1		18,279	5.0
U.S. Treasury bills	Aaa	AA+		71,808	19.6
U.S. Treasury notes	Aaa	AA+		86,995	23.7
Total rated investments			\$	366,351	100.0%

This table includes securities received as collateral for repurchase agreements with a fair value of \$81,966 (in thousands) as compared to the amortized cost of the repurchase agreements of \$80,588 (in thousands).

Concentration of Credit Risk

West Virginia statutes prohibit the Pool from investing more than 5 percent of its assets in securities issued by a single private corporation or association. At June 30, 2012, the Pool did not have investments in any one private corporation or association that represented more than 5 percent of assets.

Custodial Credit Risk

At June 30, 2012, the Pool held no securities that were subject to custodial credit risk. Repurchase agreements are collateralized at 102 percent and the collateral is held in the name of the IMB. All remaining securities are held by the IMB's custodian in the name of the IMB.

Interest rate risk

The weighted average maturity of the investments of the Pool is not to exceed 60 days. The maturity of floating rate notes is assumed to be the next interest rate reset date. The following table provides the weighted average maturities (WAM) for the various asset types in the Pool as of June 30, 2012 (in thousands):

Security Type	Car	WAM (days)		
Agency discount notes	\$	169,173 20,096	48 95	
Agency notes Commercial paper		18,279	8	
Repurchase agreements U.S. Treasury bills		80,588 71,808	1 29	
U.S. Treasury notes		5,029	153	
Total assets	\$	364,973	36	

3 - INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Short-Term Fixed Income (Continued)

Foreign currency risk

The Pool has no securities that are subject to foreign currency risk.

Total Return Fixed Income

The main objective of this Pool is to earn superior returns with low volatility by actively investing in the extended fixed income markets. Dodge & Cox and Western Asset Management Company manage the Pool. The Pool's investment performance, net of external investment management fees, is expected to meet or exceed the Barclays Capital Universal index.

Credit risk

The IMB limits the exposure to credit risk in the Pool by maintaining at least an average rating of investment grade as defined by the Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations. The following table provides the weighted average credit ratings of the rated assets in the Pool as of June 30, 2012 (in thousands):

Security Type	Moody's	S&P	Fair Value	Percent of Assets
Agency collateralized mortgage				
obligations	Aaa	AA+	\$ 32,536	1.5%
Agency mortgage backed securities	Aaa	AA+	340,717	15.3
Corporate asset backed securities	Aa2	AA-	38,005	1.7
Corporate bonds and notes	Baa2	BBB	754,176	33.7
Corporate collateralized mortgage				
obligations	В	В	21,589	1.0
Corporate preferred securities	Ba2	BB	8,572	0.4
Foreign government bonds	Baa1	A-	6,293	0.3
Municipal bonds	A1	Α	93,246	4.2
Regulated investment companies	Aaa	AAA	184,079	8.2
U.S. Treasury bonds and notes	Aaa	AA+	309,610	13.9
Total rated investments			<u>\$ 1,788,823</u>	80.2%

Unrated securities include commingled investment pools valued at \$441,868 (in thousands) and option contracts purchased valued at \$728 (in thousands). These unrated securities represent 19.8 percent of the fair value of the Pool's investments.

Concentration of credit risk

West Virginia statutes prohibit the Pool from investing more than 5 percent of its assets in securities issued by a single private corporation or association. At June 30, 2012, the Pool did not have investments in any one private corporation or association that represented more than 5 percent of assets.

3 - INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Total Return Fixed Income (Continued)

Custodial credit risk

At June 30, 2012, the Pool held no securities that were subject to custodial credit risk. Repurchase agreements, when held, are collateralized at 102 percent and the collateral is held in the name of the IMB. Investments in commingled funds are held in an account in the name of the IMB. All remaining securities are held by the IMB's custodian in the name of the IMB.

Interest rate risk

The IMB monitors interest rate risk of the Pool by evaluating the modified duration of the investments in the Pool. The following table provides the weighted average modified duration for the various asset types in the Pool as of June 30, 2012 (in thousands):

Security Type	F	air Value	Modified Duration (years)
Agency collateralized mortgage obligations Agency mortgage backed securities Commingled investment pools Corporate asset backed securities Corporate bonds and notes Corporate collateralized mortgage obligations Foreign government bonds Municipal bonds Regulated investment companies U.S. Treasury bonds and notes	\$	32,536 340,717 441,868 38,005 754,176 21,589 6,293 93,246 184,079 309,610	3.4 8.5 2.7 8.0 6.4 4.8 7.5 13.1 0.0 6.7
Total rated investments	\$	2,222,119	5.8

The Pool invests in commercial and residential mortgage-backed securities, asset-backed securities, and collateralized mortgage obligations. The cash flows from these securities are based on the payment of the underlying collateral. The modified duration and yield to maturity of these securities are dependent on estimated prepayment assumptions that consider historical experience, market conditions and other criteria. Actual prepayments may vary with changes in interest rates. Rising interest rates often result in a slower rate of prepayments while declining rates tend to lead to faster prepayments. As a result, the fair values of these securities are highly sensitive to interest rate changes. At June 30, 2012, the Pool held \$432,847,000 of these securities. This represents approximately 20 percent of the value of the Pool's securities.

Foreign currency risk

Of the notes, bonds, asset backed securities, mortgage backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations and money market fund held by the Pool, only the foreign government bond denominated in Mexican Peso is exposed to foreign currency risk. The market value of this bond is \$6,293,000, which represents less than 1 percent of the value of the Pool's securities. The Pool also

3 - INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Total Return Fixed Income (Continued)

Foreign currency risk (Continued)

has foreign exchange forward contracts. Additionally, the Pool has indirect exposure to foreign currency risk through its ownership interests in certain of the commingled investment pools. Approximately \$138,355,000, or 31 percent, of the commingled investment pools hold substantially all of their investments in foreign currencies. This represents approximately 6 percent of the value of the Pool's securities. West Virginia statute limits the amount of international securities to no more than 30 percent of the total assets managed by the IMB. At June 30, 2012 the IMB was in compliance with this limitation.

Core Fixed Income

The main objective of this Pool is to generate investment income, provide stability and diversification, but not at the expense of total return. JP Morgan Investment Advisors, Inc. manages this Pool. This Pool's investment performance, net of external investment management fees, is expected to meet or exceed the Barclays Capital U.S. Aggregate index.

Credit Risk

The IMB limits the exposure to credit risk in the Pool by maintaining at least an average rating of investment grade as defined by the Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations. The following table provides the weighted average credit ratings of the rated assets in the Pool as of June 30, 2012 (in thousands):

Security Type	Moody's	S&P	Fa	air Value	Percent of Assets
Agency bonds and notes	Aaa	AA+	\$	16,801	1.4%
Agency collateralized mortgage					
obligations	Aaa	AA+		268,484	22.3
Agency mortgage backed securities	Aaa	AA+		173,034	14.4
Corporate asset backed securities	Aa2	AA+		30,397	2.5
Corporate bonds and notes	A3	Α		271,566	22.7
Corporate collateralized mortgage					
obligations	A1	AA+		145,724	12.1
Municipal bonds	Aa3	AA-		4,781	0.4
Regulated investment companies	Aaa	AAA		11,728	1.0
U.S. Treasury bonds and notes	Aaa	AA+		278,786	23.2
Total rated investments			\$	1,201,301	100.0%

Concentration of Credit Risk

West Virginia statutes prohibit the Pool from investing more than 5 percent of its assets in securities issued by a single private corporation or association. At June 30, 2012, the Pool did not have investments in any one private corporation or association that represented more than 5 percent of assets.

3 - INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Core Fixed Income (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

At June 30, 2012, the Pool held no securities that were subject to custodial credit risk. All securities are held by the IMB's custodian in the name of the IMB.

Interest Rate Risk

The IMB monitors interest rate risk of the Pool by evaluating the modified duration of the investments in the Pool. The following table provides the weighted average modified duration for the various asset types in the Pool as of June 30, 2012 (in thousands):

Security Type	<u></u> F	Fair Value	Modified Duration (years)
Agency bonds and notes	\$	16,801	5.0
Agency collateralized mortgage obligations		268,484	3.6
Agency mortgage backed securities		173,034	6.9
Corporate asset backed securities		30,397	1.9
Corporate bonds and notes		271,566	5.7
Corporate collateralized mortgage obligations		145,724	3.1
Municipal bonds		4,781	12.6
Regulated investment companies		11,728	0.0
U.S. Treasury bonds and notes		278,786	6.8
Total rated investments	\$	1,201,301	5.0

The Pool invests in commercial and residential mortgage-backed securities, asset-backed securities, and collateralized mortgage obligations. The cash flows from these securities are based on the payment of the underlying collateral. The modified duration and yield to maturity of these securities are dependent on estimated prepayment assumptions that consider historical experience, market conditions and other criteria. Actual prepayments may vary with changes in interest rates. Rising interest rates often result in a slower rate of prepayments while declining rates tend to lead to faster prepayments. As a result, the fair values of these securities are highly sensitive to interest rate changes. At June 30, 2012, the Pool held \$617,639 (in thousands) of these securities. This represents approximately 51 percent of the value of the Pool's securities.

Foreign Currency Risk

None of the securities held by the Pool are exposed to foreign currency risk.

TIPS Pool

The Pool invests in Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities (TIPS) and its objective is to match the performance of the Barclay's Capital U.S. TIPS Bond Index on an annualized basis over rolling three year to five year periods, gross of fees. Assets are managed by State Street Global Advisors.

3 - INVESTMENTS (Continued)

TIPS Pool (Continued)

Credit Risk

The IMB limits the exposure to credit risk in the Pool by maintaining at least an average rating of investment grade as defined by the Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations. The following table provides the weighted average credit ratings of the rated assets in the Pool as of June 30, 2012 (in thousands):

Security Type	Moody's	S&P	<u></u> F	air Value	Percent of Assets	
U.S. Treasury issues	Aaa	AA+	\$	738,767	99.9%	
Money market funds	Aaa	AAA		406	0.1	
Total rated investments			\$	739,173	100.0%	

Concentration of Credit Risk

West Virginia statutes prohibit the Pool from investing more than 5 percent of its assets in securities issued by a single private corporation or association. At June 30, 2012, the Pool did not have investments in any one private corporation or association that represented more than 5 percent of assets.

Custodial Credit Risk

At June 30, 2012, the Pool held no securities that were subject to custodial credit risk. All securities are held by the IMB's custodian in the name of the IMB.

Interest Rate Risk

The IMB monitors interest rate risk of the Pool by evaluating the modified duration of the investments in the Pool. The following table provides the weighted average modified duration for the various asset types in the Pool as of June 30, 2012 (in thousands):

Security Type	 Fair Value	Modified Duration (years)		
U.S. Treasury issues Money market funds	\$ 738,767 406	8.1 0.0		
Total assets	\$ 739,173	8.1		

Foreign Currency Risk

None of the securities held by the Pool are exposed to foreign currency risk.

3 - INVESTMENTS (Continued)

TRS Annuity Pool

The Pool holds an investment contract strictly for the benefit of the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The IMB assumed responsibility for this investment as part of the restructuring of the Teachers' Defined Contribution (TDC) plan, a separate retirement plan outside of the IMB, whereby certain TDC participants elected to transfer the ownership of their individual TDC retirement accounts to the TRS in exchange for current participation in the TRS defined benefit plan. The contract, issued by the Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company (VALIC), could not be liquidated as part of the restructuring, and was transferred in kind to the IMB on December 10, 2008. The final amount transferred on the contract was \$248,293,000. Effective April 23, 2009, the IMB elected to liquidate this contract and will receive five equal annual payments of \$55,058,000. Payments were received on May 4, 2009, 2010, 2011, and 2012. Final payment will be received on May 4, 2013. The contract and the payments include a guaranteed annual interest yield of 4.5%. VALIC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of American International Group, Inc. (AIG), but is not in bankruptcy.

Credit Risk

The contract issued by the VALIC is not rated by any of the nationally recognized statistical rating agencies. VALIC has received "A" ratings from Moody's, Fitch, and Standard & Poor's.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The contract issued by the VALIC is the only security held by the Pool. Consequently, the Pool is subject to concentration of credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk

The Pool is not subject to custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

The investment contract has a guaranteed annual interest yield of 4.5%. The IMB has elected to withdraw funds in equal installments over five years. Under the terms of the election agreement the interest rate became fixed. The Pool is subject to the risk that it could potentially earn a lower than market interest rate in the event market rates increase above the 4.5% contractual rate.

Foreign Currency Risk

The Pool is not subject to foreign currency risk.

Private Equity

The Pool was established to hold the IMB's investments in various types of private equity funds. Franklin Park Associates, LLC has been retained by the IMB to provide consulting services for this asset class.

The Pool holds limited partnerships, shares of an institutional commingled fund and a money market fund with the highest credit rating. The institutional commingled fund is not rated by any of the

3 - INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Private Equity (Continued)

nationally recognized statistical rating agencies and thus any credit risk cannot be accurately reported. The securities of the Pool are not exposed to credit risk, interest rate risk, or custodial credit risk. There is an indirect exposure to foreign currency risk through certain of the partnerships and the commingled fund. At June 30, 2012 these investments had holdings in foreign currencies of approximately \$314,621,000 or approximately 31 percent of the total value of the Pool's investments. At June 30, 2012, the Pool, in accordance with West Virginia statutes, did not hold securities of any one issuer in excess of 5 percent of the value of the Pool and is not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

Real Estate

The Pool holds the IMB's investments in real estate funds, real estate limited partnerships and real estate investment trusts (REITs). Courtland Partners, Ltd. has been retained by the IMB to provide consulting services for the real estate funds and limited partnerships. The REITs are managed by European Investors, Inc., CBRE Clarion Securities, LLC., and Security Capital Research & Management Inc.

Credit Risk

The IMB limits the exposure to credit risk in the Pool by maintaining at least an average rating of investment grade as defined by the Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations. The following table provides the weighted average credit ratings of the rated assets in the Pool as of June 30, 2012 (in thousands):

Security Type	Moody's	S&P	_ <u>_ F</u>	air Value	Percent of Assets
Corporate bonds and notes Regulated investment	Baa	BBB-	\$	114,420	18.0%
companies	Aaa	AAA		18,677	3.0
Total rated investments			\$	133,097	21.0%

Unrated securities include equity securities valued at \$190,797 (in thousands) and investments in other funds valued at \$313,063 (in thousands). These unrated securities represent 79.0 percent of the fair value of the pool's investments.

Concentration of Credit Risk

West Virginia statutes prohibit the Pool from investing more than 5 percent of its assets in securities issued by a single private corporation or association. At June 30, 2012, the Pool did not have investments in any one private corporation or association that represented more than 5 percent of assets.

3 - INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Real Estate (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

At June 30, 2012, the Pool held no securities that were subject to custodial credit risk. All securities are held by the IMB's custodian in the name of the IMB.

Interest Rate Risk

The IMB monitors interest rate risk of the Pool by evaluating the modified duration of the investments in the Pool. The following table provides the weighted average modified duration for the various asset types in the Pool as of June 30, 2012 (in thousands):

Security Type	F	air Value	Modified Duration (years)		
Corporate bonds and notes Regulated investment companies	\$	114,420 18,677	6.0 0.0		
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	133,097	5.2		

Foreign Currency Risk

The Pool has real estate investment trusts, shares of an institutional commingled fund, and cash that are denominated in foreign currencies and are exposed to foreign currency risks. West Virginia statute limits the amount of international securities to no more than 30 percent of the total assets managed by the IMB. At June 30, 2012 the IMB was in compliance with this limitation. The amounts at fair value (in U.S. dollars) of the securities and cash denominated in foreign currencies as of June 30, 2012 are as follows (in thousands):

Currency	_Se	curities	 Cash	 Total
Australian Dollar	\$	3,401	\$ -	\$ 3,401
Brazil Real		55	-	55
British Pound		11,622	-	11,622
Canadian Dollar		2,914	-	2,914
Euro Currency Unit		4,516	4	4,520
Hong Kong Dollar		6,843	11	6,854
Japanese Yen		5,662	-	5,662
Polish Zloty		845		845
Singapore Dollar		2,152	-	2,152
South Korean Won		549	-	549
Swedish Krona		415	-	415
Thailand Baht		476	 <u> </u>	 476
Total	\$	39,450	\$ <u>15</u>	\$ 39,465

This table excludes cash and securities held by the Pool that are denominated in U.S. dollars. The market value of the U.S. dollar denominated cash and securities is \$597,475 (in thousands) at June 30, 2012.

3 - INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Hedge Fund

The Pool was established to hold the IMB's investments in hedge funds. Albourne America, LLC has been retained by the IMB to provide consulting services for this investment strategy.

The Pool holds shares in various commingled institutional funds and shares of a money market fund with the highest credit rating. The commingled institutional funds are not rated by any of the nationally recognized statistical rating agencies and thus any credit risk cannot be accurately reported. The Pool is not exposed to interest rate risk, custodial credit risk, or concentration of credit risk. The Pool is indirectly exposed to foreign currency risk as certain of the funds have investments denominated in foreign currencies. At June 30, 2012, approximately \$428,621,000 or 41 percent, of the market value of the funds were held in foreign currencies.

IMB Commitments

The IMB, with the assistance of its consultant, began implementing its plan to invest in real estate in February 2008. The IMB committed \$595,000,000 to eighteen real estate investment funds/partnerships. The IMB had funded \$287,918,000 of these commitments at June 30, 2012, leaving unfunded commitments of \$307,082,000.

The IMB, with the assistance of its consultant, began implementing its plan to invest in private equity partnerships in February 2008. As of June 30, 2012, the IMB had made commitments to twenty-six private equity general partnerships totaling \$967,000,000. The IMB had funded \$427,075,000 of these commitments at June 30, 2012, leaving unfunded commitments of \$539,925,000.

Investments and Deposits - TDCRS

Credit Risk

The TDCRS' investments are not rated as to credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk

As of June 30, 2012 and 2011, the TDCRS has investment balances with the following issuers which were greater than 5% of the total investment balance of the TDCRS (in thousands):

Mutual Funds:	2012		 2011	
PIMCO Total Return Fund	\$	19,773	\$ 19,772	
Valic Fixed Annuity Option		94,387	86,269	
Orchard Secure Foundation Balanced		26,985	28,232	
John Hancock Large Cap Equity		43,062	43,611	

3 - INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments and Deposits - TDCRS (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk (Continued)

Putnam Equity Income Vanguard Large Cap Index Other (less than 5% individually)	 23,192 23,304 79,485	 22,123 21,494 78,079
	\$ 310 188	\$ 299 580

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the TDCRS will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2012, the TDCRS held no securities that were subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk - Cash Deposits

At June 30, 2012 TDCRS had \$7,592,079 on deposit with the West Virginia State Treasurer's Office and \$193,720 in depository accounts with financial institutions. The deposits with financial institutions, which had a bank balance of \$193,720, are either insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or collateralized with securities held in TDCRS' name by its agent.

Interest Rate Risk

As of June 30, 2012, the TDCRS had the following investments and maturities (in thousands):

		Investment Maturities (in Years)				
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1	1-5	6-10		
Mutual Funds	\$ 310,188	\$ 310,188	\$	<u>\$</u>		

Foreign Currency Risk

There are no securities held by TDCRS that are subject to foreign currency risk.

4 - DUE FROM STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA

The State of West Virginia reached a settlement with the United States Department of Health & Human Services in January 2011, requiring annual additional contributions of \$20 million per year for nine years from the State of West Virginia general fund to PERS. Contributions of \$5,000,000 are due quarterly on the 15th day after each quarter end, beginning on October 15, 2011. The remaining balance of the amount due from the state was \$165,000,000 and \$180,000,000 at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital assets at June 30, 2012 and 2011, follows (in thousands):

2012	ginning alance	 Increases		Decreases	 Ending Balance
Software Accumulated depreciation	\$ 821 (98)	\$ 313 (92)	\$	- -	\$ 1,134 (190)
Capital assets, net	\$ 723	\$ 221	\$		\$ 944
2011	ginning alance	 Increases	_	Decreases	 Ending Balance
Software Accumulated depreciation	\$ 530 (35)	\$ 291 (63)	\$		\$ 821 (98)
Capital assets, net	\$ 495	\$ 228	\$		\$ 723

6 - POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION

Plan Description

The Board participates in the West Virginia Other Postemployment Benefits Plan (OPEB Plan) of the West Virginia Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund, a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan administered by the West Virginia Public Employees Insurance Agency (WVPEIA). The OPEB Plan provides retiree post-employment health care benefits for participating state and local government employees. The provisions of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended (the Code) assigned the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the WVPEIA board of trustees. The WVPEIA issues a publically available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplemental information for the OPEB Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees Insurance Agency, 601 57th Street S.E., Suite 2, Charleston, West Virginia, 25303-2345, or by calling 1-888-680-7342.

Funding Policy

The Code requires the OPEB Plan to bill the participating employers 100% of the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost per year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) of the plan over a period not to exceed thirty years. State of West Virginia plan employers are billed per active health policy per month.

The Board's contributions to the OPEB Plan were \$150,795, \$132,482, and \$139,185, and the billed ARC was \$756,657, \$739,909, and \$821,226, which represent 19.9%, 17.9%, and 16.9% of the ARC, respectively, for the years ending June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010. This resulted in a net ARC liability of \$2,060,051 and \$1,454,189, which is included in the Board's liabilities as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

7 - EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

The Board's employees are eligible to participate in PERS. The key provisions of the PERS plan are described in Note 2. Per the plan provisions, Board and employee contributions for the three years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010, are as follows, which equal their required contributions to the plan (in thousands):

	2	2	2011	2010		
Board contributions Employee contributions	\$	425 132	\$	347 125	\$	313 128
Total contributions	\$	<u>557</u>	\$	472	\$	441

8 - CONTINGENCIES

The Board is engaged in various legal actions that it considers to be in the ordinary course of business. Some of these cases involve potentially significant amounts for which legal counsel is unable to render an opinion on the outcome. Further, the financial impact of some cases is dependent upon judicial rulings in favor of petitioners and would have to be actuarially determined, inasmuch as the relief sought is an increase in the petitioners' annuity benefit. Accordingly, the financial statement impact of such cases cannot be determined at the present time. As legal actions are resolved, the Board recognizes the liability in its financial statements in the period the amount can be estimated.

9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to, and illnesses of employees; medical liabilities; and natural disasters.

Health insurance coverage for the Board's employees is obtained through its participation in the West Virginia Public Employees Insurance Agency (PEIA). PEIA provides the following basic employee benefit coverage to all participants: hospital, surgical, group major medical, basic group life, accidental death, and prescription drug coverage for active and retired employees of the State of West Virginia and various related State and non-State agencies. Additionally, the Board has obtained coverage for job-related injuries through the purchase of a policy through a commercial carrier. In exchange for the payment of premiums to PEIA and a commercial carrier, the Board has transferred its risks related to health coverage for employees and job-related injuries of employees. Furthermore, the Board is a participant in the self-insured public entity risk pool administered by the Board of Risk and Insurance Management. Coverage is in the amount of \$1,000,000 per occurrence for general liability and property damage.

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. Additionally, the amount of settlements has not exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years.

FINANCIAL SECTION

WEST VIRGINIA CONSOLIDATED PUBLIC RETIREMENT BOARD NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

10 - NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, which will be effective for the Board's June 30, 2013 financial statements. GASB has also issued Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, and Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*, both of which will be effective for the Board's June 30, 2014 financial statements. Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, was also issued by the GASB and will be effective for the Board's June 30, 2015 financial statements. The Board has not yet determined the effect these statements will have on their financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS (In Thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
PERS						
July 1, 2011	\$ 4,322,668	\$ 5,515,252	\$ 1,192,584	78.4 %	6 1,327,717	89.8 %
July 1, 2010	3,974,609	5,325,830	1,351,221	74.6	1,315,441	102.7
July 1, 2009	3,930,701	4,930,158	999,457	79.7	1,274,485	78.4
July 1, 2008	3,939,059	4,677,027	737,968	84.2	1,219,388	60.5
July 1, 2007	4,293,296	4,426,051	132,755	97.0	1,191,130	11.1
July 1, 2006	3,700,186	4,264,700	564,514	86.6	1,159,715	48.7
July 1, 2005	3,404,651	4,074,385	669,734	83.6	1,162,098	57.6
July 1, 2004	3,095,660	3,870,201	774,541	80.0	1,134,111	68.3
July 1, 2003	2,669,941	3,691,001	991,060	73.1	1,109,272	89.3
July 1, 2002	2,588,777	3,432,467	843,690	75.4	1,040,269	81.1
July 1, 2001	2,681,395	3,178,037	496,642	84.4	972,711	51.1
TRS						
July 1, 2011	\$ 5,074,665	\$ 9,445,148	\$ 4,370,483	53.7 %		290.3 %
July 1, 2010	4,143,540	8,904,312	4,760,772	46.5	1,500,761	317.2
July 1, 2009	3,554,771	8,607,869	5,053,098	41.3	1,499,232	337.0
July 1, 2008	4,133,883	8,268,578	4,134,695	50.0	1,409,437	293.4
July 1, 2007	3,665,993	7,142,711	3,476,718	51.3	828,939	419.4
July 1, 2006	2,174,464	6,877,872	4,703,408	31.6	759,206	619.5
July 1, 2005	1,627,355	6,617,708	4,990,353	24.6	735,614	678.4
July 1, 2004	1,427,475	6,440,738	5,013,263	22.2	784,415	639.1
July 1, 2003	1,191,238	6,243,834	5,052,596	19.1	832,919	606.6
July 1, 2002	1,098,441	5,709,001	4,610,560	19.2	841,627	547.8
July 1, 2001	1,090,663	5,188,826	4,098,163	21.0	867,018	472.7
PSDDRS						
July 1, 2011	\$ 481,994	\$ 606,245	\$ 124,251	79.5 %		1552.9 %
July 1, 2010	404,444	590,729	186,285	68.5	8,960	2079.1
July 1, 2009	362,927	573,579	210,652	63.3	10,215	2062.2
July 1, 2008	459,182	547,623	88,441	83.9	10,400	850.4
July 1, 2007	513,009	527,393	14,384	97.3	10,997	130.8
July 1, 2006	452,794	506,828	54,034	89.3	11,128	485.6
July 1, 2005	361,390 118,080	485,429	124,039 344,039	74.4	11,252	1102.4 2803.2
July 1, 2004 July 1, 2003	99,409	462,119 447,869	348,460	25.6 22.2	12,273 13,496	2581.9
July 1, 2002	91,095	416,938	325,843	21.9	14,314	2276.4
July 1, 2001	89,229	388,909	299,680	22.9	15,611	1919.7
•	22,==0		,		-,	
SPRS	¢ 70.750	¢ 70.000	¢ 0.000	00.5.04	¢ 04705	20 5 0/
July 1, 2011	\$ 70,756	\$ 79,036 60,171	\$ 8,280	89.5 %		33.5 %
July 1, 2010	52,735	69,171	16,436	76.2	23,635	69.5
July 1, 2009	40,321	61,628	21,307	65.4	22,382 20,285	95.2 48.4
July 1, 2008 July 1, 2007	41,564 40,350	51,388 40,786	9,824 436	80.9 98.9	18,850	48.4 2.3
July 1, 2007 July 1, 2006	30,747	33,552	2,805	96.9 91.6	15,870	2.3 17.7
July 1, 2005	25,297	26,050	753	97.1	14,311	5.3
July 1, 2004	19,882	22,102	2,220	90.0	13,233	16.8
July 1, 2007	10,002	22,102	۷,۷۷	30.0	10,200	10.0

62 (Continued)

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS (In Thousands) (Continued)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	,	Actuarial Accrued Liability AL) Entry Age (b)	_	nfunded JL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
SPRS (Continued)								
July 1, 2003	14,741		16,892		2,151	87.3	11,449	18.8
July 1, 2002	11,644		13,708		2,064	84.9	10,134	20.4
July 1, 2001	9,825		10,819		994	90.8	10,175	9.8
DSRS								
July 1, 2011	\$ 113,574	\$	149,462	\$	35,888	76.0 %	\$ 42,366	84.7 %
July 1, 2010	92,692		139,638		46,946	66.4	41,109	114.2
July 1, 2009	78,220		129,204		50,984	60.5	39,067	130.5
July 1, 2008	89,852		119,738		29,885	75.0	37,366	80.0
July 1, 2007	93,983		109,726		15,743	85.7	34,605	45.5
July 1, 2006	77,899		103,748		25,849	75.1	31,967	80.9
July 1, 2005	68,914		98,081		29,167	70.3	29,837	97.8
July 1, 2004	59,715		87,759		28,044	68.0	28,326	99.0
July 1, 2003	49,364		78,871		29,507	62.6	26,094	113.1
July 1, 2002	44,371		72,702		28,331	61.0	24,292	116.6
July 1, 2001	42,919		64,869		21,950	66.2	22,590	97.2
JRS								
July 1, 2011	\$ 124,583	\$	95,591	\$	(28,992)	130.3 %	\$ 8,860	0.0 %
July 1, 2010	102,814		96,008		(6,806)	107.1	8,256	0.0
July 1, 2009	88,310		93,185		4,875	94.8	8,140	59.9
July 1, 2008	100,186		97,965		(2,221)	102.3	8,261	0.0
July 1, 2007	104,127		96,018		(8,109)	108.4	8,261	0.0
July 1, 2006	85,932		91,820		5,888	93.6	8,029	73.3
July 1, 2005	74,757		90,528		15,771	82.6	8,145	193.6
July 1, 2004	63,559		85,778		22,219	74.1	6,325	351.3
July 1, 2003	52,779		96,709		43,930	54.6	6,325	694.5
July 1, 2002	47,620		92,215		44,595	51.6	6,325	705.1
July 1, 2001	46,635		84,791		38,156	55.0	6,325	603.3
EMSRS								
July 1, 2011	\$ 32,366	\$	39,225	\$	6,859	82.5 %	\$ 22,488	30.5 %
July 1, 2010	23,662		31,503		7,841	75.1	21,362	36.7
July 1, 2009	17,173		26,969		9,796	63.7	20,338	48.2
July 1, 2008	15,675		21,207		5,532	73.9	17,525	31.6
January 1, 2008	14,323		19,492		5,169	73.5	17,181	30.1
MPFRS								
July 1, 2011	\$ 65	\$	23	\$	(42)	282.6 %	\$ 343	-12.2 %
July 1, 2010	3		4		1	79.7	208	0.3

Note: The June 30, 2003 TRS assets were changed to reflect the final audited financial statements which were unavailable at the issuance of the July 1, 2003 valuation report. EMSRS data is from the Initial Valuation report for the Plan's effective date of January 1, 2008.

See Accompanying Note to required Supplementary Information.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FROM THE EMPLOYERS AND OTHER CONTRIBUTING ENTITIES (In Thousands)

	(1)	(2)		
	Budgeted	Restated	Percent of	Percent of
	Recommended	Recommended	Budget	Restated
Year Ended June 30	Contribution	Contribution	Contributed	Contributed
PERS	404 404	101 101	405.05.04	405.05.07
2012	181,481	181,481	105.25 %	105.25 %
2011	192,577	192,577	83.34	83.34
2010	158,329	158,329	87.97	87.97
2009	128,036	128,036	99.98	99.98
2008	125,069	125,069	102.08	102.08
2007	121,770	121,770 124,033	101.91	101.17
2006	122,020	•	109.49	107.71
2005	119,082	119,164	99.71	99.64
2004	116,474	116,474	99.28	99.28
2003	98,826	117,030	104.47	88.22
TRS (3)				
2012	458,047	458,047	105.28 %	105.28 %
2011	471,171	471,171	106.35	106.35
2010	487,886	487,886	91.41	91.41
2009	404,457	404,457	94.29	94.29
2008	337,316	345,412	110.10	107.52
2007	348,688	327,068	425.99	454.15
2006	345,215	347,802	191.52	190.10
2005	342,800	334,533	102.98	105.52
2004	307,634	333,208	106.76	98.57
2003	271,808	290,428	105.38	98.63
PSDDRS (4)				
2012	22,051	22,051	105.65 %	105.65 %
2011	25,940	25,940	96.88	96.88
2010	12,416	12,416	98.01	98.01
2009	4,018	4,018	116.45	116.45
2008	5,693	5,693	94.01	94.01
2007	6,227	6,227	96.74	96.74
2006	10,567	10,567	724.46	724.46
2005	27,953	27,953	904.90	904.90
2004	24,701	24,358	97.10	98.47
2003	22,473	23,866	100.19	94.34
SPRS				
2012	4,327	4,327	105.02 %	105.02 %
2011	4,770	4,770	95.81	95.81
2010	3,537	3,537	84.96	84.96
2009	2,434	2,434	96.13	96.13
2008	2,262	2,262	102.49	102.49
2007	1,904	1,904	114.29	114.29
2006	1,719	1,717	105.93	106.06
2005	1,487	1,588	114.46	107.18
2004	1,357	1,343	109.95	122.70
2003	1,422	1,170	90.93	110.50

64 (Continued)

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FROM THE EMPLOYERS AND OTHER CONTRIBUTING ENTITIES (In Thousands)

(Continued)

Year Ended June 30	Bud Recom	(1) geted imended ribution	Reco	(2) estated mmended atribution	Percent of Budget Contributed		Percent of Restated Contributed	-
DSRS (5) 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006 2005 2004 2003	\$	6,058 4,866 4,652 4,448 4,134 3,857 3,608 3,449 2,979 2,758	\$	6,058 4,866 4,652 4,448 4,134 3,857 3,608 2,912 3,241 2,993	89.65 86.87 87.12 96.15 102.49 100.96 104.30 103.48 108.46 105.48	%	89.65 86.87 87.12 96.15 102.49 100.96 104.30 122.56 99.69 97.21	%
JRS 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006 2005 2004 2003	\$	2,317 2,385 2,467 2,537 3,267 4,204 4,713 6,758 6,517 5,413	\$	2,317 2,385 2,467 2,537 2,508 3,088 4,104 4,398 6,652 6,418	172.51 165.77 156.22 237.84 184.70 143.53 143.39 100.00 81.77 101.60	%	172.51 165.77 156.22 237.84 240.59 195.40 164.67 153.66 80.11 85.70	%
EMSRS 2012 2011 2010 2009	\$	2,361 2,243 2,135 1,840	\$	2,361 2,243 2,135 1,840	96.23 100.94 102.58 205.38	%	96.23 100.94 102.58 205.38	%
MPOF 2012 2011	\$	29 18	\$	29 18	248.28 172.22	%	248.28 172.22	%

Notes:

- (1) Budgeted recommended contribution represents the original budgeted recommended contribution per the actuarial reports as presented to the Legislature.
- (2) Restated recommended contribution represents the updated recommended contribution based upon the availability of more recent information, including changes in market performance, payroll, and other factors.
- (3) Contributions for the Teachers Retirement System include employer contributions and interest from out-of-state services and surcharges on fire and casualty insurance policies which are specifically identified to fund the plan per West Virginia State Code Section 33-3-14d and 33-33-33.
- (4) Contributions for Plan A include employer contributions and other payments designated by WV State Code Section 15-2-26 Payments to members for court attendance and mileage; rewards for apprehending wanted persons; fees for traffic accident reports and photographs; fees for criminal investigation reports and photographs; fees for criminal history record checks; and fees for criminal history record reviews and challenges or from any other sources designated by the superintendent.
- (5) Contributions include employer contributions and various other fees designated for the fund from charges and fees per WV State Code Section 7-14E-2 and 17A-3-17 - Charges for obtaining reports (i.e., accident reports); fees for performing certain services (adult private employment finger printing for federal firearm permits, motor vehicle number identification, adult identification card, and photo-identification card); fees for nongovernmental background investigation reports; and fees for renewal of a Class A or G vehicle registration.

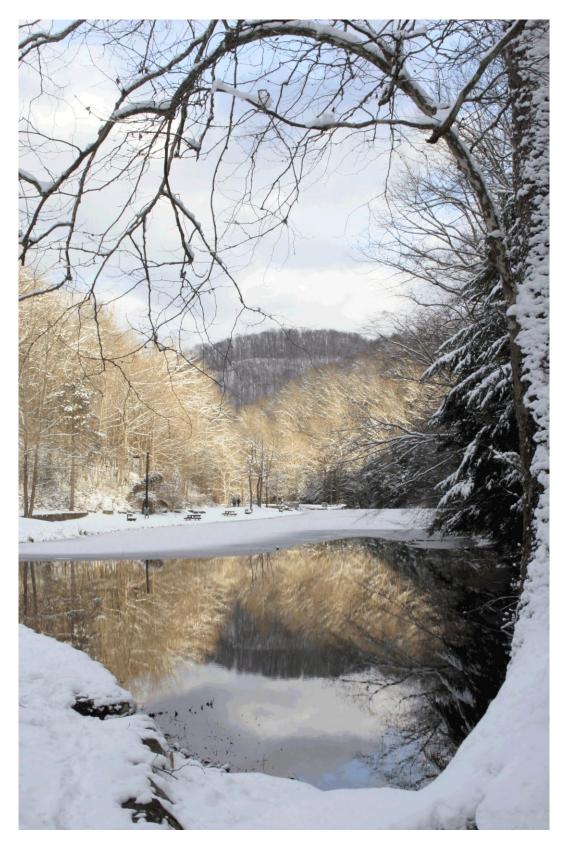
See Accompanying Note to required Supplementary Information.

NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was based on the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

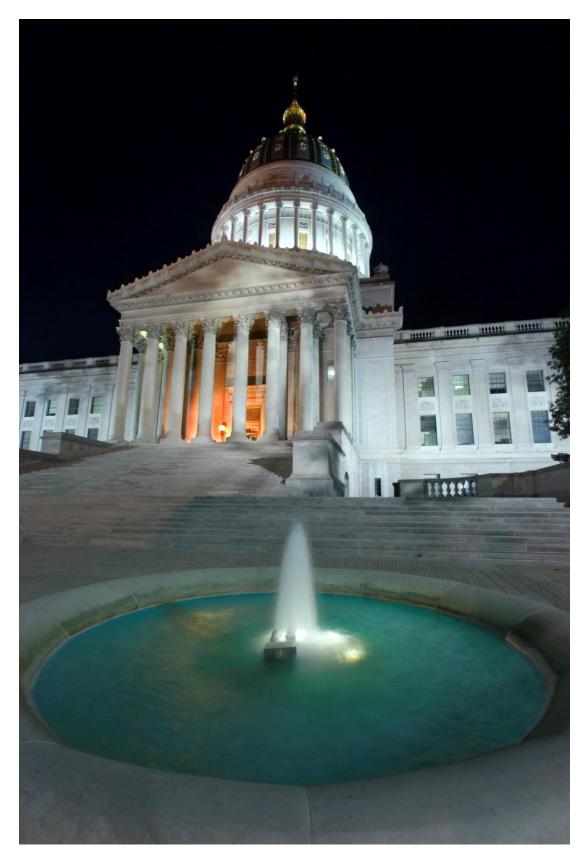
	PERS	TRS	PSDDRS	SPRS
Valuation date	July 1, 2011	July 1, 2011	July 1, 2011	July 1, 2011
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age normal
Asset valuation method	4 Year Smoothing	Fair value	Fair value	Fair value
Amortization method	Level dollar	Level dollar	Level dollar	Level percentage of payroll
Remaining amortization period	24 years	23 years	14 years	19 years
Actuarial assumptions: Investment rate of return	7.5%	7.5%	7.5%	7.5%
Projected salary increases: PERS:				
State	4.25-6.0%	-	-	-
Nonstate TRS:	4.25-6.0%	-	-	-
Teachers Non Teachers	-	3.75-5.25% 3.4-6.5%	-	-
Other Plans	-	-	6.5% per year for the first 2 years; 6.00% for the first 3 years of service; 5.50% for the next 5 years and 4.75% thereafter	6.5% per annum for the first 2 years of service; 6.0% for the next 3 years; 5.5% for the next 5 years and 4.75% thereafter
Inflation rate	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%

DSRS	JRS	EMSRS	MPOF		
July 1, 2011	July 1, 2011	July 1, 2011	July 1, 2011		
Entry age normal cost - aggregate level percent of payroll	Entry age	Entry age normal with aggregate normal cost level percentage of payroll	Entry age cost with aggregate normal cost level percent		
Fair value	Fair value	Fair value	Fair value		
Level percentage of open group payroll plus fee deposits	Level dollar	Level dollar	Level dollar		
18 years	N/A	27 years	29 years		
7.5%	7.5%	7.5%	7.5%		
-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-		
6.5% for first 2 years; 6.0% next 3 years; 5.5% next 5 years and 5.0% thereafter	Projected salary increases: 4.5%; Annual increase to benefits 4.5%	By age from 5.0% at age 30 declining to 3.5% at age 65	By age from 5.0% at age 30 declining to 3.5% at age 65		
3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%		



Winter Scene





West Virginia State Capitol at Night



500 Virginia Street, East – Suite 200 Charleston, West Virginia 25301 Phone: (304) 345-2672 Fax: (304) 345-5939 Website: www.wvimb.org

January 28, 2013

Consolidated Public Retirement Board 4101 MacCorkle Avenue, SE Charleston, WV 25304-1636

On behalf of the West Virginia Investment Management Board (IMB) it is with pleasure that I submit the investment section of the Consolidated Public Retirement Board's comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

As described in more detail herein, the IMB is a public body corporate, an independent organization statutorily charged with the responsibility for investing all assets of the State of West Virginia with long time horizons. These assets include the assets of all eight of the defined benefit pension plans administered by the Consolidated Public Retirement Board. As an investment fiduciary, the IMB's only focus is to invest the assets entrusted to it in the best interest of the beneficiaries. Note that in this section, the defined benefit pension plans, as a group, are generally referred to as, "Participant Plans." Specific data on returns and objectives of all Participant Plans may be found in the pages that follow.

For general comparison purposes, the IMB uses the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) as a proxy for the other systems because of its similarity to other statewide public defined pension plans throughout the nation. As of June 30, 2012, the return for PERS was up 1.1 percent, net of expenses, for the fiscal year. Of greater significance is the longer-term performance. In that regard, over the tenyear period ending June 30, 2012, the PERS's return was 6.8 percent versus the policy benchmark of 6.1 percent. This represents millions of dollars in value added by the IMB and represents a performance in the top third of all public defined benefit plans with assets over \$1 billion.

More specifically, the returns for the participant plans for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012, ranged from 1.1 percent for PERS to 0.9 percent for the Emergency Medical Services Retirement System. Since asset allocations are virtually the same for each plan, differences in the returns for the various participant plans are a function of the differences in the timing of cash flows into and out of each plan and the relative levels of cash equivalent securities necessary to make benefit payments. The Teachers' Retirement System is an exception as it inherited investments in an annuity product when assets of participants in the Teachers' Defined Contribution Plan (managed by the Consolidated Public Retirement Board) were transferred to the IMB in December of 2008. This annuity product has caused longer term returns to reflect a greater difference than that caused by timing and levels of cash flows.

The IMB is partially responsible for the adequate funding of the participant plans with the expectation that the IMB will generate a return of 7.5 percent on the assets entrusted to it over longer time periods. This is not an easy task. While the return on PERS is 8.6 percent for the 30-year period ending June 30, 2012, as noted above even when performance is in the top third of peers, returns can fall short of the objective for long periods. Although long-term investors have the opportunity and ability to generate higher returns, that opportunity does not come without cost. That cost is volatility. To generate greater long-term returns, an investor must be willing to accept the occasional shorter period of lesser returns. The ramifications of volatility are not, however, insignificant. Anytime the IMB fails to achieve the 7.5 percent rate of return assumed by the actuary, there is a decrease in the funded liability for the plan. Every time the IMB achieves a greater return than 7.5 percent, there is an increase in the funded liability. A decrease in funded liability stresses the State's budget as it must shore up the shortfall. An increase in funded liability has the reverse effect. The turmoil in the capital markets in

Consolidated Public Retirement Board January 28, 2013

fiscal year 2009 and the subsequent negative return for IMB assets was cause for budgetary stress. The great performance in fiscal year 2010 and 2011 relieved the stress on the State's budget, while the return for fiscal year 2012 fell short of the 7.5 percent hurdle and, as a result, once again placed stress on the State's budget. Interestingly, the investment portfolio that suffered through the market turmoil of 2008 and early 2009 and the modest performance in 2012 is the same portfolio that produced great returns in fiscal year 2010 and 2011. This type of volatility is to be expected if one desires to achieve longer-term returns of 7.5 percent. Patience is rewarded, but it is not painless.

As an investor, the IMB's capacity to generate a return on assets is largely a function of growth in the world capital markets. Diversification helps smooth the volatility in capital markets, but growth is the engine of returns. Two years ago I stated that the road ahead was foggy and treacherous, that credit, employment and income growth in the developed world would face many challenges, and that the emerging markets of the world are better positioned for growth but will likely experience more volatility. The outlook remains the same. It will be a challenge to achieve the returns expected of the IMB, but the IMB looks forward to the challenge.

Sincerely

Craig Slaughter Executive Director

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Investment Background, Philosophy, and Objectives

ORGANIZATIONAL HISTORY

The West Virginia Investment Management Board came into existence in the spring of 1997 after years of hard work modernizing the State's investment management structure. This structural modernization was widely acknowledged as a necessary precursor to the passage of a constitutional referendum to allow investment in stocks. The risks were perceived to be too great to be managed by anything but a modern, professional entity.

Although the West Virginia Investment Management Board's predecessors, the West Virginia State Board of Investments and the West Virginia Trust Fund, Inc., brought about vast improvements, each had significant shortcomings. However, with the creation of the West Virginia Investment Management Board, the State achieved a balance between control and independence that will allow efficient and prudent investment management of long-term assets well into the future.

The beginning of the modern era in investment management by the State goes back to the late 1970s with the consolidation of the investment authority for the State's defined benefit plans, employment security plans, and other assets into a newly created West Virginia State Board of Investments. One of the goals of the legislation was to achieve economies of scale by commingling like assets.

Significantly, this newly created West Virginia Board of Investments was staffed by the State Treasury and the board itself was made up of the State's Governor, Treasurer, and Auditor.

Although a step in the right direction, the initial West Virginia State Board of Investments lacked proper or sufficient control features. After a few problems in the 1980s, principally involving its short-term pool, the Consolidated Fund, the board was expanded to seven members, adding four members from the private sector including an attorney experienced in financial matters and a Certified Public Accountant.

In the fall of 1990, the Legislature took a huge leap forward by creating a staff for the West Virginia State Board of Investments separate from the staff of the Treasury. This provided clear accountability to the Board of Investments – something that did not exist previously.

Other very important control features included: (1) a statutory requirement for an Internal Auditor, (2) an annual external audit by a certified public accounting firm, and (3) monthly reporting requirements to government leaders in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. This last feature dictated that all pools with a weighted average maturity in excess of 90 days must be marked-to-market (carried at market value), something that had not been done in the 1980s.

At the same time, the West Virginia Board of Investments made its first tepid step towards a diversified portfolio to be invested in stocks domiciled in the United States. Although it made some initial stock purchases in 1993, which were subsequently liquidated at a gain, the statute was challenged and the West Virginia Supreme Court ruled that investing in equities was unconstitutional.

In 1996, in an effort to satisfy the constitutional strictures, the Legislature carved out the pension and employment security funds with long time horizons and placed them in a trust to be managed by a new entity called the West Virginia Trust Fund, Inc. The creation of the trust as a vehicle to allow investment in stocks was also challenged and was struck down, failing to satisfy the constitutional concerns of the Supreme Court. It did, however, bring about three very important changes. The Legislature, demonstrating impeccable managerial foresight, granted the West Virginia Trust Fund, Inc. control over its own budget. With the same foresight, the Legislature imposed personal fiduciary liability on the board and staff of the West Virginia Trust Fund, Inc. Of no less importance was the creation of representative roles for members of the retirement systems and employment security systems.

With the failure of the West Virginia Trust Fund, Inc., it and the West Virginia State Board of Investments were replaced in 1997 by a new entity, the present day West Virginia Investment Management Board. The basic modernization process was complete. All of the improvements made in the Board of Investments and the West Virginia Trust Fund, Inc. were incorporated into the new entity.

Investment Background, Philosophy, and Objectives

The Legislature, for policy reasons, transferred the Consolidated Fund on July 8, 2005 to a newly created West Virginia Board of Treasury Investments, chaired by the State Treasurer. This was widely perceived as a policy move to ensure direct governmental oversight of State general and special revenue funds. The West Virginia Investment Management Board continues to manage the retirement funds, the employment security funds, and other assets with long time horizons.

Finally, in 2007 the Legislature expanded the investable universe of assets, increasing the allowable allocation to public equity and international securities, while also providing for a significant allocation to "alternative investments," loosely defined as hedge fund and private equity.

STATUTORY MANDATE

The West Virginia Investment Management Board was created during the 1997 legislative session and is cited as the West Virginia Investment Management Board Act (the Act). The legislative findings of the Act make it clear that the West Virginia Investment Management Board was intended to be a professional, apolitical, financial management organization dedicated to the interests of the State's teachers, public employees and workers in general. The Act was intended to give the West Virginia Investment Management Board "...the authority to develop, implement and maintain an efficient and modern system for the investment and management of the State's money." In order to accomplish this purpose, the Act further stated that the West Virginia Investment Management Board must "...operate as an independent board with its own full-time staff of financial professionals immune to changing political climates...." [West Virginia Code §12-6-1(a)(b)] The Act also mandates that the assets contributed by the public employee and employer to the 401(a) Plans and the assets of the Workers' Compensation Fund and the Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis Fund, are "declared to be irrevocable trusts, available for no use or purpose other than for the benefit of those public employees...workers, miners and their beneficiaries...." [West Virginia Code §12-6-1(c)(d)] The West Virginia Investment Management Board is further "empowered by this Article to act as Trustee of the irrevocable trusts created by this Article, and to manage and invest other state funds." [West Virginia Code §12-6-1a(f)]

The standard of care mandated by the Statute is that codified in the "Uniform Prudent Investor Act", Article 6C of Chapter 44 of the *West Virginia Code*. The West Virginia Investment Management Board is further subject to the following requirements:

- a. Trustees shall discharge their duties with respect to the 401(a) Plans for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to participants and their beneficiaries;
- b. Trustees shall diversify fund investments so as to minimize the risk of large losses unless, under the circumstances, it is clearly prudent not to do so;
- c. Trustees shall defray reasonable expenses of investing and operating the funds under management;
- d. Trustees shall discharge their duties in accordance with the trust documents and instruments governing the trusts or other funds under the management insofar as the documents and instruments are consistent with provisions of this Article; and
- e. The duties of the Board apply only with respect to those assets deposited with or otherwise held by it. [West Virginia Code §12-6-11]

ADMINISTRATIVE MANDATE

Governance of the West Virginia Investment Management Board is vested, by statute, in a thirteen-member Board of Trustees. Three members of the Board serve by virtue of their office: the Governor, the Auditor, and the Treasurer. The other ten are appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate. All appointees must have experience in pension management, institutional management or financial markets. In addition, one must be an attorney experienced in finance and investment matters and another must be a Certified Public Accountant. Only six of the ten appointed Trustees may be from the same political party. The Governor serves as Chairman of the Board. A Vice-Chairman is elected by the Trustees. A Secretary, who need not be a member of the Board, is also elected by the Trustees to keep a record of the proceedings of the Board.

Investment Background, Philosophy, and Objectives

A member of each defined benefit retirement plan is designated by the Consolidated Public Retirement Board to represent the Participant Plans' interests. Each of the Representatives may designate up to three persons to comprise a committee representing their respective plan's beneficiaries. The Representatives and Committee Members do not have a vote but have the right to be heard at the annual meetings of the Board and are subject to the same code of conduct and requirements of confidentiality that apply to the Trustees.

The day-to-day management of the West Virginia Investment Management Board is delegated to the Executive Director who is appointed by the Board and serves at its will and pleasure. The Executive Director acts as an advisor to the Board on all matters.

The staff of the West Virginia Investment Management Board is divided into two principal divisions—Investments and Operations.

The Operations Division is focused on providing the back office support necessary for the organization to function on a day-to-day basis. The Investments Division is structured to devote its time and resources to staying current with new developments and research in the investment field and being prepared to apply this knowledge to the investment of assets for the West Virginia Investment Management Board.

INVESTMENT PHILOSOPHY

The primary objective of the investment pools is to provide benefits to its participants and beneficiaries. Based on general beliefs about the investment return available from a well-diversified, prudently invested portfolio, the Board has adopted specific investment objectives for each Participant Plan.

In order to achieve a specified real rate of return, the Board relies on the prevailing financial theory, which currently is an investment strategy utilizing an appropriate long-term diversified asset allocation model. A prudently allocated investment program possesses a certain level of diversification, which produces risk reduction. In terms of level of impact, diversification should be considered along the following lines: (1) asset classes (stocks, bonds, cash, non-traditional, etc.), (2) geography/country, (3) industry, and (4) maturity. Asset allocation modeling takes into consideration specific unique circumstances of each Participant Plan, such as size, liquidity needs, and financial condition (funded status) as well as general business conditions. The factors mentioned here are not intended to be limiting; rather, they are outlined as a general indication of the importance of diversification to proper asset allocation. The Board determines the proper allocation among asset classes and managers based on advice and analysis provided by staff and/or external investment consultants.

The Board recognizes that even though its investments are subject to short-term volatility, it is critical that the Board maintain the appropriate time horizon for each Participant Plan. This prevents ad hoc revisions to its philosophy and policies in reaction to either speculation or short-term market fluctuations. In order to preserve this long-term view, the Board has adopted the following formal review schedule:

Agenda Item	Review Schedule

Investment Performance
Investment Policy
Policy Asset Allocation
Strategic Asset Allocation
Allocation Ranges
Asset Allocation Review for Each Participant Plan

Every Year
Every Three Years
Every Three Years
Every Three Years
At Least Every Three Years

Quarterly

INVESTMENT SECTION

Investment Background, Philosophy, and Objectives

The Board may hire investment managers to implement its objectives. These managers will be given specific tactical roles within the overall strategic investment plan. Depending on their assignments, the managers may be judged on some or all of the following: (1) consistency of philosophy, style and key personnel, (2) performance relative to an appropriate index or proxy group, and (3) ability to add incremental value after costs. The Board and staff shall monitor performance and supervise all fund managers.

In determining its philosophy towards risk, the Board considers, in addition to its fiduciary obligations and statutory requirements, each entity's purpose and characteristics, financial condition, liquidity needs, sources and level of contributions, income and general business conditions. Based upon these many factors, the Board identifies whether a more aggressive or more conservative approach is warranted for each Participant Plan.

Investment Objectives

"The Board, at its annual meeting...shall review, establish and modify, if necessary, the investment objectives of the individual participant plans, as incorporated in the investment policy statements of the respective trusts so as to provide for the financial security of the trust funds giving consideration to the following: (1) Preservation of Capital; (2) Diversification; (3) Risk Tolerance; (4) Rate of Return; (5) Stability; (6) Turnover; (7) Liquidity; and (8) Reasonable Costs of Fees." [West Virginia Code §12-6-12g]

Participant Plans

The Board's objective is to manage the Participant Plans' moneys in an efficient and economical manner, managing risk as it seeks to achieve the specific goals set out in each Participant Plan's investment program.

EQUITY POOL

OBJECTIVES

The main objective for the Equity Pool is to provide for long-term growth for all participants. The Equity Pool is comprised of separate strategic asset classes which, when taken in aggregate, enable adequate diversification. Separate investment pools have been established for each investment style or to comply with specific legal and accounting requirements. The strategic asset classes, the Neutral Target allocations to additional subcomponents of the strategic asset classes, as well as the approved Allocation Ranges within which the Allocation Committee can operate, are outlined below:

Category	Strategic Allocation	Allocation Range
U.S. Equity	25.0%	+/- 5% (20% to 30%)
International Equity	25.0%	+/- 5% (20% to 30%)
Total Equity Pool	50.0%	+/- 5% (45% to 55%)

Note: Each Participant Plan has its own unique Strategic Allocation. The above example is for clarification purposes only.

Category	Neutral Target*	Allocation Range
U.S. Large Cap vs. U.S. Non-Large Cap	Large = 1 minus Non-Large Non-Large = Russell 2500/Russell 3000	0.5 to 2.5 times benchmark Sum must equal 100
U.S. Non-Large Value vs. U.S. Non-Large Growth	Value vs. Growth Percentage in Russell 2500	0.5 to 2.5 times benchmark Sum must equal 100
International Large vs. International Small vs. Emerging Markets	Large vs. Small vs. Emerging Percentage in MSCI ACWI ex U.S.	0.5 to 2.5 times benchmark Sum must equal 100

^{*} The Neutral Target is established based on the listed indices and is reset, subject to Allocation Committee decisions, based on these index weights every June 30.

Note: The combined investment in international developed equity, international small cap, emerging markets equity, international fixed income, and international real estate components may not exceed 30 percent of the Participant Plan allocation, as mandated by statute.

INVESTMENT SECTION

EQUITY POOL (Continued)

MANAGEMENT STRUCTURE

The equity pools are managed by the following firms, in accordance with a particular investment style.

Manager	Style
U.S. Large Cap	
State Street Global Advisors	Index Core
Intech Investment Management, LLC	Quantitative Core
U.S. Non-Large Cap	
Westfield Capital Management	Growth at a Reasonable Price
Aronson + Johnson + Ortiz, LP	Relative Value
International	
Developed Markets	
Silchester International Investors	All Country, Value
LSV Asset Management	All Country, Relative Value
Small Capitalization	
Pictet Asset Management Limited	All Country, Growth at a Reasonable Price
Emerging Markets	
Brandes Investment Partners, LLC	Emerging Market, Value
Axiom International Investors, LLC	Emerging Market, Growth at a Reasonable Price

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (in \$000s)

Condensed financial statement data for each of the equity pools and Financial Highlights for each pool are presented below.

Composite	Individual Pools per Audited Financial Statements
U.S. Large Cap U.S. Non-Large Cap International	Large Cap Domestic Equity Pool Non-Large Cap Domestic Equity Pool International Qualified Pool International Equity Pool

Condensed Statement of Assets and Liabilities	Large Cap Domestic Equity		lon-Large Cap Domestic Equity
Investment securities	\$	2,070,473	\$ 698,625
Collateral for securities loaned		46,162	34,896
Payable upon return of securities loaned		(49,257)	(37,039)
Cash		253	-
Receivable for investments sold		894	1,470
Payable for investments purchased		(1,662)	-
Derivative positions, net		204	-
Other assets and liabilities		2,680	243
Net assets - June 30, 2012	\$	2,069,747	\$ 698,195

EQUITY POOL (Continued)

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (continued in \$000s)

Condensed Statement of Assets and Liabilities		ernational Qualified	International Equity		
Investment securities	\$	801,731	\$	1,901,833	
Collateral for securities loaned		-		115,664	
Payable upon return of securities loaned		-		(119,012)	
Cash		-		21,210	
Receivable for investments sold		-		3,934	
Payable for investments purchased		-		(4,532)	
Foreign currency forward contracts		-		(15)	
Other assets and liabilities		(46)		7,431	
Net assets - June 30, 2012	\$	801,685	\$	1,926,513	

Investment Securities	Large Cap Domestic Equity			Non-Large Cap Domestic Equity		
	F	Fair Value	Percent of Securities	F	air Value	Percent of Securities
Domestic equities sector exposure:						_
Basic Materials	\$	85,364	4.1%	\$	48,319	6.9%
Capital Goods		193,602	9.4		123,385	17.7
Communications Services		64,354	3.1		-	0.0
Consumer Discretionary		280,318	13.5		90,073	12.9
Consumer Staples		219,579	10.6		18,740	2.7
Energy		245,794	11.9		52,961	7.6
Financial Services		280,866	13.6		155,792	22.3
Health Care		197,001	9.5		62,667	9.0
Technology		380,697	18.4		100,046	14.3
Utilities		111,958	5.4		32,454	4.6
Total domestic equities		2,059,533	99.5		684,437	98.0
Short-term issues		10,940	0.5		14,188	2.0
Total	\$	2,070,473	100.0%	\$	698,625	100.0%

Investment Securities	Internationa	International Qualified			
	Fair Value	Percent of Securities			
Investments in other funds	\$ 801,731	100.0%			

EQUITY POOL (Continued)

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (continued in \$000s)

Investment Securities

International Equity

	Fair Value	Percent of Securities
International equities country exposure:		
Australia	\$ 63,284	3.3%
Brazil	151,015	7.9
Canada	83,701	4.4
China	66,475	3.5
France	77,459	4.1
Germany	85,747	4.5
Hong Kong	41,363	2.2
India	50,016	2.6
Japan	215,250	11.3
Korea	132,712	7.0
Mexico	47,160	2.5
Russia	64,668	3.4
South Africa	51,153	2.7
Switzerland	66,229	3.5
Taiwan	52,976	2.8
Turkey	42,295	2.2
United Kingdom	219,925	11.6
All others (none greater than 2%)	374,386	19.7
Total international equities	1,885,814	99.2
Short-term issues	16,019	0.8
Total	\$ 1,901,833	100.0%

Progression of Net Assets

Net assets - June 30, 2011 Net increase (decrease) from operations Net decrease from unit transactions Net assets - June 30, 2012

Large Cap Domestic Equity		Non-Large Cap Domestic Equity		
\$	2,081,547	\$	733,123	
	135,568		(19,374)	
	(147,368)		(15,554)	
\$	2,069,747	\$	698.195	

Progression of Net Assets

Net assets - June 30, 2011 Net decrease from operations Net increase from unit transactions Net assets - June 30, 2012

ternational Qualified	Internationa Equity	
\$ 882,863 (81,461)	\$	1,846,645 (293,944)
 283		373,812
\$ 801.685	\$	1.926.513

Investment Pool Objectives, Financial Highlights, and Performance

EQUITY POOL (Continued)

INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE

The IMB calculates total rates of return using the time-weighted rate of return methodology. The time-weighted method determines the rate of return exclusive of the effects of participant contributions or withdrawals. Actual rates of return are net of investment advisor fees.

Large Cap Domestic Equity

Non-Large Cap Domestic Equity

Period	Actual	S&P 500	Actual	Russell 2500
One-year	5.4%	5.5%	-4.0%	-2.3%
Three-year	16.9%	16.4%	20.0%	19.1%
Five-year	0.5%	0.2%	1.3%	1.2%
Ten-year	5.4%	5.3%	7.9%	8.0%

International Qualified

International Equity

Period	Actual	MSCI EAFE	Actual	MSCI ACWIxU.S.
One-year	-9.2%	-13.4%	-16.0%	-14.2%
Three-year	9.4%	6.5%	10.1%	7.4%
Five-year	1.1%	-5.6%	-4.4%	-4.2%
Ten-year	9.5%	5.6%	6.8%	7.2%

Large Cap Domestic Equity

Large Cap Democris Equity			
Ten Largest Holdings	Fair Value		
Apple Inc.	\$	81,526	
Exxon Mobil Corporation		75,395	
IBM		44,260	
Chevron Corporation		39,421	
AT&T Inc.		37,419	
General Electric Company		31,485	
Microsoft Corporation		31,205	
Johnson & Johnson		28,551	
Philip Morris International Inc.		25,892	
Pfizer Inc.		25,410	

Non-Large Cap Domestic Equity

Ten Largest Holdings	Fa	air Value
Tesoro Petroleum Corporation	\$	14,423
Everest Re Group Ltd.		13,072
Foot Locker Inc.		10,775
Jones Lang LaSalle		10,206
Comerica Inc.		9,617
Alliance Data Systems Corporation		9,453
Timken Company		9,038
Hubbell Inc.		8,730
DENTSPLY International Inc.		8,129
Ralcorp Holdings Inc.		8,116

Investment Pool Objectives, Financial Highlights, and Performance

EQUITY POOL (Continued)

International Qualified

Largest Holdings	Fa	air Value
Silchester International Investors'		
Value Equity Group Trust	\$	801,731

International Equity

Ten Largest Holdings	Fair Value
Royal Dutch Shell	\$ 27,165
Lukoil	22,920
AstraZeneca Group Plc.	18,991
Chine Mobile (Hong Kong) Ltd.	17,361
Sanofi-Synthelabo SA	16,482
MTN Group Ltd.	15,977
Reliance Infrastructure Ltd.	15,300
Petroleo Brasileiro SA	15,107
Novartis AG	14,911
Samsung Electronics Co. Ltd.	14,848

EXPENSES

The IMB charges each investment pool for its direct investment-related expenses, such as investment advisor fees, custodian bank fees, and some professional service fees, and an allocated share of other expenses. The Equity Pool's expenses for the year, divided by the average net assets, are as follows:

Expense Ratios (in basis points)	Large Cap Domestic Equity	Non-Large Cap Domestic Equity	International Qualified	International Equity
Investment advisor fees	8.6	22.3	51.7	60.2
Trustee fees	0.0*	0.0*	0.0*	0.0*
Custodian bank fees	0.3	0.3	0.0*	3.9
Management fees	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1
Fiduciary bond fees	0.0*	0.0*	0.0*	0.0*
Professional service fees	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
Total	12.6	26.3	55.4	67.8

^{*} Expense Ratio rounds to less than 0.1 basis points.

Trading Costs	ge Cap stic Equity	Large Cap estic Equity	national quity	٦	Γotal
Net commission costs (in \$000s) Domestic equity commission rate (cents per share)	\$ 805 1.5	\$ 1,044 1.5	\$ 1,543	\$	3,392
International equity commission rate (basis points per dollar volume)			12.3		

SHORT-TERM FIXED INCOME POOL

OBJECTIVES

The Short-Term Fixed Income Pool was created to maintain sufficient liquidity to meet the daily disbursements requested by the Plans and to invest any contributions until the time the money is transferred to other asset classes without sustaining capital losses and while earning a small return above inflation. The Short-Term Fixed Income Pool is structured as a money market fund where the goal is a stable dollar value per share, thus, preserving principal. The risk factors on this pool are low and managed through numerous maturity restrictions, diversification guidelines, and credit limits. The participants are paid on an income basis that includes interest income net of expenses.

MANAGEMENT STRUCTURE

The Short-Term Fixed Income Pool is managed by JPMorgan Investment Advisors, Inc.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (in \$000s)

Condensed financial statement data for the Short-Term Fixed Income Pool and Financial Highlights are presented below.

Condensed Statement of Assets and Liabilities

Investment securities 364,973 Other assets and liabilities, net 39 Net assets - June 30, 2012 365.012

Investment Securities

Short-term issues U.S. Treasury issues U.S. government agency issues Total

Carrying		Percent of
Value		Securities
\$	339,848	93.1%
	5,029	1.4
	20,096	5.5
\$	364,973	100.0%

Progression of Net Assets

Net assets - June 30, 2011 358,770 Net increase from operations 41 Income distributions to unitholders (37)Net increase from unit transactions 6,238 Net assets - June 30, 2012 365,012

SHORT-TERM FIXED INCOME POOL (Continued)

INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE

The IMB calculates total rates of return using the time-weighted rate of return methodology. The time-weighted method determines the rate of return exclusive of the effects of participant contributions or withdrawals. Actual rates of return are net of investment advisor fees.

Period	Actual	Citigroup 90 Day Treasury Bill plus 15 bps
One-year	0.1%	0.2%
Three-year	0.1%	0.3%
Five-year	1.1%	1.1%
Ten-year	2.0%	2.0%

Short-Term Fixed Income

Ten Largest Holdings	Fair Value
Merrill Lynch Repurchase Agreement, 0.14%, 7/2/2012	\$ 80,588
US Treasury Bill, 0.0%, 7/26/2012	32,499
Federal Home Loan Bank Discount Note, 0.0%, 7/31/2012	24,999
Federal Home Loan Bank Discount Note, 0.0%, 7/5/2012	15,000
Federal Home Loan Bank Discount Note, 0.0%, 7/13/2012	15,000
Federal Home Loan Bank Discount Note, 0.0%, 11/2/2012	11,993
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Discount Note, 0.0%, 10/22/2012	10,994
US Treasury Bill, 0.0%, 7/5/2012	10,000
US Treasury Bill, 0.0%, 7/12/2012	10,000
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Discount Note, 0.0%, 7/30/2012	9,998

EXPENSES

The IMB charges each investment pool for its direct investment-related expenses, such as investment advisor fees, custodian bank fees, and some professional service fees, and an allocated share of other expenses. The Short-Term Fixed Income Pool's expenses for the year, divided by the average net assets, are as follows:

Expense Ratios (in basis points)

Investment advisor fees	5.0
Trustee fees	0.0*
Custodian bank fees	0.4
Management fees	3.3
Fiduciary bond fees	0.0*
Professional service fees	0.6
Total	9.3

^{*} Expense Ratio rounds to less than 0.1 basis points.

FIXED INCOME POOL

OBJECTIVES

The main objectives for the Fixed Income Pool are to generate investment income, provide stability, and enhance diversification, but not at the expense of total return. Separate investment pools have been established for particular investment styles. Individually, these pools are the Total Return Fixed Income Pool and the Core Fixed Income Pool. The Strategic Allocation for the total Fixed Income Pool, the Neutral Target for the respective allocations to the Core Fixed Income and Total Return Fixed Income Pools, as well as the approved Allocation Ranges within which the Allocation Committee can operate, are outlined below:

Investment Pools	Strategic Allocation	Allocation Range
Core Fixed Income Pool		
Total Return Fixed Income Pool		
Total Fixed Income Pools	20.0%	+/- 5% (15% to 25%)

Note: Each Participant Plan has its own unique Strategic Allocation. The above example is for clarification purposes only.

Participant Plans	Neutral Target	Allocation Range
All plans	50% Total Return Income Pool 50% Core Fixed Income Pool	+/- 20% (30% to 70%) +/- 20% (30% to 70%)

Note: The combined investment in international equity, international fixed income, and international real estate components may not exceed 30 percent of the Participant Plan allocation, as mandated by statute.

MANAGEMENT STRUCTURE

The fixed income pools are managed by the following firms, in accordance with a particular investment style.

Manager	Style
Western Asset Management Company	Core Plus Fixed Income
Dodge & Cox	Core Plus Fixed Income
JPMorgan Investment Advisors, Inc.	Core Fixed Income

FIXED INCOME POOL (Continued)

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (in \$000s)

Condensed financial statement data for each of the fixed income pools and Financial Highlights for each pool are presented below.

Condensed Statement of Assets and Liabilities

Investment securities
Collateral for securities loaned
Payable upon return of securities loaned
Cash
Receivable for investments sold
Payable for investments purchased
Derivative positions, net
Other assets and liabilities
Net assets - June 30, 2012

	Total Return		Core Fixed
FI	xed Income		Income
\$	2,231,419	\$	1,201,301
	2,407		25,305
	(4,023)	(25,314)	
	9,019	-	
	82,638		657
	(18,701)		(3,575)
	(1,494)		-
	8,260		4,832
\$	2,309,525	\$	1,203,206

Investment Securities

Corporate issues
Foreign government bonds
Investment in other funds
Municipal bonds
Option contracts purchased
Short-term issues
U.S. government agency issues
U.S. Treasury issues
Total

Total Return Fixed Income

Core Fixed Income

F	air Value	Percentage of Securities	Fair Value		Fair Value		Percentage of Securities
\$	822,342	36.9%	\$	447,687	37.3%		
	6,293	0.3		-	0.0		
	441,868	19.8		-	0.0		
	93,246	4.2		4,781	0.4		
	728	0.0		-	0.0		
	184,079	8.2		11,728	1.0		
	373,253	16.7		458,319	38.1		
	309,610	13.9		278,786	23.2		
\$	2,231,419	100.0%	\$	1,201,301	100.0%		

Progression of Net Assets

Net assets - June 30, 2011 Net increase from operations Income distributions to unitholders Net decrease from unit transactions Net assets - June 30, 2012

Total Return Fixed Income		Core Fixed Income	
\$	2,333,916	\$	1,190,015
	99,363	93,005	
	(65,332)	(44,286)	
	(58,422)	(35,528)	
\$	2,309,525	\$	1,203,206

Investment Pool Objectives, Financial Highlights, and Performance

FIXED INCOME POOL (Continued)

INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE

The IMB calculates total rates of return using the time-weighted rate of return methodology. The time-weighted method determines the rate of return exclusive of the effects of participant contributions or withdrawals. Actual rates of return are net of investment advisor fees.

Total Return Fixed Income

Core Fixed Income

Period	Actual	Barclays Capital Universal*	Actual	Barclays Capital U.S. Aggregate
One-year	4.5%	7.4%	8.1%	7.5%
Three-year	9.3%	7.6%	8.0%	6.9%
Five-year	6.0%	6.8%	N/A	N/A
Ten-year	6.7%	6.0%	N/A	N/A

^{*}The Total Return Fixed Income Pool benchmark is the Barclays Capital Universal as of April 2008. Prior periods were a custom index.

Total Return Fixed Income

Ten Largest Holdings	Fai	r Value
Western Asset Floating Rate High Income Fund, LLC	\$	84,045
Western Asset Opportunistic Sdtructured Securities Portfolio, LLC		70,670
US Treasury Note, 2.0%, 11/15/2021		61,524
US Treasury Note, 1.25%, 4/30/2019		53,891
Western Asset Opportunistic Asian Securities Portfolio, LLC		53,056
Western Asset Opportunistic International Investment Grade Securities Portfolio, LLC		48,688
Western Asset High Yield Portfolio		45,269
Western Asset US Enhanced Cash, LLC		41,746
US Treasury Inflation Protected Security, 2.0%, 1/15/2026		39,505
Western Asset Emerging Markets Corporate Credit Portfolio, LLC		34,402

Core Fixed Income

Ten Largest Holdings	Fair Value
US Treasury Note, 4.75%, 8/15/2017	\$ 22,367
US Treasury Note, 2.75%, 12/31/2017	16,529
US Treasury STRIP, 0.0%, 5/15/2020	16,169
US Treasury Note, 8.75%, 8/15/2020	13,485
US Treasury Note, 8.88%, 8/15/2017	13,171
US Treasury Note, 3.25%, 3/31/2017	12,966
US Treasury Note, 3.25%, 12/31/2016	11,761
US Treasury STRIP, 0.0%, 2/15/2027	11,725
US Treasury Note, 1.75%, 10/30/2018	11,510
US Treasury Note, 3.13%, 10/31/2016	10,282

FIXED INCOME POOL (Continued)

EXPENSES

The IMB charges each investment pool for its direct investment-related expenses, such as investment advisor fees, custodian bank fees, and some professional service fees, and an allocated share of other expenses. The Fixed Income Pools' expenses for the operating period, divided by the average net assets, are as follows:

Expense Ratios (in basis points)	Total Return Fixed Income	Core Fixed Income
Investment advisor fees	18.6	15.0
Trustee fees	0.0*	0.0*
Custodian bank fees	0.3	0.6
Management fees	3.1	3.1
Fiduciary bond fees	0.0*	0.0*
Professional service fees	0.6	0.6
Total	22.6	19.3

^{*} Expense Ratio rounds to less than 0.1 basis points.

TIPS POOL

OBJECTIVES

The objectives for the TIPS Pool are to enhance diversification, mitigate the risk of inflation, generate investment income, and to provide a relatively stable investment.

MANAGEMENT STRUCTURE

The TIPS Pool is managed by State Street Global Advisors.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (in \$000s)

Condensed financial statement data for the TIPS Pool and Financial Highlights are presented below.

Condensed Statement of Assets and Liabilities

Investment securities	\$ 739,173
Collateral for securities loaned	1,585
Payable upon return of securities loaned	(1,586)
Receivable for investments sold	19,633
Payable for investments purchased	(19,290)
Other assets and liabilities	1,860
Net assets - June 30, 2012	\$ 741,375

Investment Securities

U.S. Treasury issues
Short-term issues
Total

Carrying Value	Percent of Securities
\$ 738,767	99.9%
406	0.1
\$ 739,173	100.0%

Progression of Net Assets

Net assets – June 30, 2011	\$ 891,693
Net increase from operations	94,152
Income distributions to unitholders	(19,893)
Net decrease from unit transactions	(224,577)
Net assets - June 30, 2012	\$ 741,375

INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE

The IMB calculates total rates of return using the time-weighted rate of return methodology. The time-weighted method determines the rate of return exclusive of the effects of participant contributions or withdrawals. For the year ended June 30, 2012, the TIPS Pool returned 11.6 percent, net of investment advisor fees and the Barclays Capital U.S. TIPS index returned 11.7 percent.

Investment Pool Objectives, Financial Highlights, and Performance

TIPS POOL (Continued)

TIPS

Ten Largest Holdings	Fair Value
US Treasury Inflation Protected Security, 0.13%, 4/15/2016	\$ 45,624
US Treasury Inflation Protected Security, 0.13%,1/15/2022	42,893
US Treasury Inflation Protected Security, 0.63%, 7/15/2021	36,424
US Treasury Inflation Protected Security, 1.13%, 1/15/2021	35,483
US Treasury Inflation Protected Security, 2.38%, 1/15/2025	31,677
US Treasury Inflation Protected Security, 1.25%, 7/15/2020	31,280
US Treasury Inflation Protected Security, 3.88%, 4/15/2029	30,114
US Treasury Inflation Protected Security, 3.63%, 4/15/2028	24,435
US Treasury Inflation Protected Security, 2.00%, 1/15/2014	24,428
US Treasury Inflation Protected Security, 1.88%, 7/15/2013	22,999

EXPENSES

The IMB charges each investment pool for its direct investment-related expenses, such as investment advisor fees, custodian bank fees, and some professional service fees, and an allocated share of other expenses. The TIPS Pool's expenses for the operating period, divided by the average net assets, are as follows:

Expense Ratios (in basis points)

Investment advisor fees	2.2
Trustee fees	0.0*
Custodian bank fees	0.2
Management fees	3.1
Fiduciary bond fees	0.0*
Professional service fees	0.6
Total	6.1

^{*} Expense Ratio rounds to less than 0.1 basis points.

SPECIAL PURPOSE POOL

The Board operates one special purpose pool: TRS ANNUITY POOL

OBJECTIVE

The TRS Annuity Pool (TRSA) holds an investment contract strictly for the benefit of the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The IMB assumed responsibility for this investment as part of the restructuring of the Teachers' Defined Contribution (TDC) plan, a separate retirement plan outside of the IMB, whereby certain TDC participants elected to transfer the ownership of their individual TDC retirement accounts to the TRS in exchange for current participation in the TRS defined benefit plan. The contract, issued by the Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company (VALIC), could not be liquidated as part of the restructuring and was transferred in-kind to the IMB on December 10, 2008. The final amount transferred on the contract was \$248,292,529. Effective April 23, 2009, the IMB elected to liquidate this contract and will receive five equal annual payments of \$55,058,102. Payments were received on May 4, 2009, 2010, 2011, and 2012. Final payment will be received on May 4, 2013. The contract and the payments include a guaranteed annual interest yield of 4.5 percent.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (in \$000s)

Condensed financial statement data for the TRSA and Financial Highlights are presented below.

Condensed Statement of Assets and Liabilities

Investment securities \$ 53,093 Other assets and liabilities (70) Net assets - June 30, 2012 \$ 53,023

Investment	Securities
IIIA E 2 IIII EIII	Securities

Annuity Contract

Fa	air Value	Percent of Securities
\$	53,093	100.0%

Progression of Net Assets

Net assets - June 30, 2011	\$ 103,845
Net increase from operations	4,148
Net decrease from unit transactions	(54,970)
Net assets - June 30, 2012	\$ 53,023

INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE

The IMB calculates total rates of return using the time-weighted rate of return methodology. The time-weighted method determines the rate of return exclusive of the effects of participant contributions or withdrawals.

Period	Actual
One year	4.5%
Three years	4.5%

SPECIAL PURPOSE POOL (Continued)

EXPENSES

The IMB charges each investment pool for its direct investment-related expenses, such as investment advisor fees, custodian bank fees, and some professional service fees, and an allocated share of other expenses. The TRS Annuity Pool's expenses for the operating period, divided by the average net assets, are as follows:

Expense Ratio (in basis points)

Investment advisor fees	N/A
Trustee fees	0.0*
Custodian bank fees	N/A
Management fees	3.3
Fiduciary bond fees	0.0*
Professional service fees	12.5
Total	15.8

^{*} Expense Ratio rounds to less than 0.1 basis points.

ALTERNATIVES POOL

OBJECTIVES

The main objective for the Alternatives Pool is to provide diversification and risk reduction benefits for its participants' assets. Secondarily, the Alternatives Pool should provide for long-term growth of its participants' assets.

The Alternatives Pool is comprised of one asset class, private equity, and one management style, hedge funds. Both are intended to enhance diversification when added to the total portfolio assets. Separate investment pools have been established for private equity and hedge funds.

The Private Equity Pool is comprised of the following categories and target range allocations as of June 30, 2012:

Category	Target Range
Corporate Finance	90-100%
Venture Capital	0-10%
U.S.	80-100%
Non-U.S.	0-20%

The Hedge Fund Pool's strategies are comprised of the following categories and target range allocations as of June 30, 2012:

Category	Target Range	Allocation Range
Relative Value	30-40%	25-55%
Event Driven	20-30%	15-45%
Long-Short Equity	20-30%	15-45%
Directional	10-20%	5-25%

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (in \$000s)

Condensed financial statement data for each of the alternative pools and Financial Highlights for each pool are presented below.

Condensed Statement of Assets and Liabilities	Private Equity Hedge Fur		edge Fund	
Investment securities	\$	1,027,697	\$	1,033,463
Advance on investment in other funds		436		130,000
Receivable for investments sold		-		69,372
Other assets and liabilities		(195)		(162)
Net assets - June 30, 2012	\$	1,027,938	\$	1,232,673

ALTERNATIVES POOL (Continued)

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (continued in \$000s)

Investment Securities	Private Equity		Hedge Fund		Fund
	Fair Value	Percent of Securities	ı	Fair Value	Percent of Securities
Investment in other funds	\$ 549,825	53.5%	\$	1,032,985	100.0%
Partnerships	445,251	43.3		-	0.0
Short-term issues	32,621	3.2		478	0.0
Total	\$ 1,027,697	100.0%	\$	1,033,463	100.0%

Progres	eion	of N	lot Δ	ceate
Proures	SION	OI IN	iet A	SSELS

Net assets - June 30, 2011 Net increase (decrease) from operations Net increase (decrease) from unit transactions Net assets - June 30, 2012

	Private Equity	Н	edge Fund
\$	1,021,168 143,223	\$	1,072,923 (3,272)
	(136,453)		163,022
\$	1,027,938	\$	1,232,673

INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE

The IMB calculates total rates of return using the time-weighted rate of return methodology. The time-weighted method determines the rate of return exclusive of the effects of participant contributions or withdrawals. Actual rates of return are net of external investment management and/or partnership fees and expenses. For the Private Equity Pool, a benchmark is not reported for the first five years of the program, as a meaningful comparison cannot be made between the actual return and the benchmark (until June 30, 2013).

	Private Equity	Hed	ge Fund
Period	Actual	Actual	LIBOR + 400 basis points
One-year Three-vear	15.2% 17.0%	-0.3% 5.8%	4.5% 4.4%

Private Equity In Largest Holding

Ten Largest Holdings	Fa	air Value
Bridgewater All Weather Portfolio II, Ltd.	\$	549,825
Natural Gas Partners IX, LP		47,367
Platinum Equity Capital Partners II, LP		40,291
Advent International GPE VI-A, LP		37,715
LLR Equity Partners III, LP		33,767
Carlyle Partners V, LP		32,928
Welse, Carson, Anderson and Stowe XI, LP		32,902
Odyssey Investment Partners Fund IV, LP		24,304
Riverside Fund IV, LP		23,892
H.I.G. Bayside Debt and LBO Fund II, LP		23,204

ALTERNATIVES POOL (Continued)

INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE (Continued)

Hedge Fund

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Ten Largest Holdings	Fair Value	
Magnetar Capital Fund II, Ltd.	\$ 76,022	
Davidson Kempner International, Ltd.	72,774	
O'Connor Global Multi-Strategy Alpha, Ltd.	69,104	
Perry Partners International, Inc.	68,060	
AllBlue Limited	67,819	
Taconic Opportunity Offshore Fund, Ltd.	64,744	
Double Black Diamond, Ltd.	60,429	
Bridgewater Pure Alpha, Ltd.	54,344	
Brevan Howard Fund Limited	50,602	
MW Eureka Fund	48,301	

EXPENSES

The IMB charges each investment pool for its direct investment-related expenses, such as investment advisor fees, custodian bank fees, and some professional service fees, and an allocated share of other expenses. The Private Equity Pool and Hedge Fund Pool's expenses for the year, divided by the average net assets, are as follows:

Expense Ratio (in basis points)	Private Equity	Hedge Fund
Investment advisor fees	N/A	N/A
Trustee fees	0.0*	0.0*
Custodian bank fees	0.0*	0.0*
Management fees	3.1	3.1
Fiduciary bond fees	0.0*	0.0*
External fees/Fund closing costs	1.2	N/A
Professional service fees	8.5	5.1
Total	12.8	8.2

^{*} Expense Ratio rounds to less than 0.1 basis points.

Investment Pool Objectives, Financial Highlights, and Performance

REAL ESTATE POOL

OBJECTIVES

The main objective for the Real Estate Pool is to provide diversification and risk reduction benefits for its participants' assets. Secondarily, the Real Estate Pool should provide for long-term growth of its participants' assets.

The Real Estate Pool is comprised of three categories. The target range allocations as of June 30, 2012 are as follows:

Category	Target	Allocation Range
Core	50%	+/- 20% (30% to 70%)
Value-Added	30%	+/- 20% (10% to 50%)
Opportunistic	20%	+/- 10% (10% to 30%)

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (in \$000s)

Condensed financial statement data for the Real Estate Pool and Financial Highlights are presented below.

Condensed Statement of Assets and Liabilities

Investment securities	\$ 636,957
Collateral for securities loaned	4,200
Payable upon return of securities loaned	(4,201)
Cash	(17)
Receivable for investments sold	3,933
Payable for investments purchased	(2,537)
Other assets and liabilities	1,858
Net assets - June 30, 2012	\$ 640,193

Investment Securities

F	air Value	Percent of Securities
\$	313,063	49.1%
	190,797	30.0
	114,420	18.0
	18,677	2.9
\$	636,957	100.0%

Progression of Net Assets

Net assets - June 30, 2011	\$ 247,831
Net increase from operations	40,181
Net increase from unit transactions	352,181
Net assets - June 30, 2012	\$ 640,193

REAL ESTATE POOL (Continued)

INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE

The IMB calculates total rates of return using the time-weighted rate of return methodology. The time-weighted method determines the rate of return exclusive of the effects of participant contributions or withdrawals. Actual rates of return are net of external investment management and/or partnership fees and expenses. For the Real Estate Pool, a benchmark is not reported for the first five years of the program, as a meaningful comparison cannot be made between the actual return and the benchmark (until June 30, 2013).

Period	Actual
One-year	7.6%
Three-year	9.1%

Equity Investments Including Partnerships and Funds

Fai	r Value
\$	57,966
	39,753
	37,134
	26,195
	24,836
	22,592
	21,963
	15,175
	13,330
	12,782

Debt Investments

Ten Largest Holdings	Fair Value	
Corporate Office Property, LP	\$ 19,201	
Health Care REIT	12,337	
Prologis, LP	11,500	
Colonial Realty, LP	10,370	
Reckson Operating Partnership	7,705	
Colonial Realty, LP	7,147	
Reckson Operating Partnership	6,892	
Prologis, LP	6,552	
Commonwealth REIT	5,349	
Rouse Company	4,748	

Investment Pool Objectives, Financial Highlights, and Performance

REAL ESTATE POOL (Continued)

EXPENSES

The IMB charges each investment pool for its direct investment-related expenses, such as investment advisor fees, custodian bank fees, and some professional service fees, and an allocated share of other expenses. The Real Estate Pool's expenses for the year, divided by the average net assets, are as follows:

Expense	Ratio (in basis	points)
-//201100	,		P • ,

Investment advisor fees	29.2
Trustee fees	0.0*
Custodian bank fees	2.0
Management fees	3.2
Fiduciary bond fees	0.0*
External fees/Fund closing costs	25.2
Professional service fees	12.1
Total	71.7

^{*} Expense Ratio rounds to less than 0.1 basis points.

Individual Retirement System Asset Allocation and Performance

PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

HISTORY

The Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) was created in 1961.

LIQUIDITY NEEDS

PERS is expected to have modest liquidity needs of approximately 1.0 percent to 2.0 percent per year for the foreseeable future.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES

The investment objectives are as follows:

- Exceed the actuarial interest rate assumption of 7.5 percent per annum, net of fees.
- Reduce the unfunded liability while maintaining adequate liquidity to satisfy benefit payments and not subjecting PERS to an undue level of risk.

ASSET ALLOCATION

Based upon a determination of the appropriate risk tolerance, the Board adopted the following broad asset allocation guidelines for the assets managed for PERS. Policy and Strategic Allocations are established on a market value basis.

Asset Class	Policy Allocation	Strategic Allocation
Domestic Equity	30.0%	25.0%
International Equity	30.0%	25.0%
Private Equity	0.0%	10.0%
Fixed Income	40.0%	20.0%
Hedge Fund	0.0%	10.0%
Real Estate	0.0%	10.0%
Cash (included in Fixed Income above)	\$19,000,000*	

^{*} IMB Staff has authority to change the cash allocation plus or minus 10 percent, as necessary, in consultation with the appropriate representative(s) from PERS.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (in \$000s)

Progression of Plan Balance

June 30, 2011	\$ 4,359,025
Contributions Withdrawals Net	 259,956 (312,960) (53,004)
Investment income Net unrealized appreciation	34,686 11,435
June 30, 2012	\$ 4,352,142

PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Individual Retirement System Asset Allocation and Performance

Asset Allocation	Amount		Percent of Total
Large Cap Domestic	\$	795,984	18.2%
Non-Large Cap Domestic		269,212	6.2
International Qualified		343,311	7.9
International Equity		742,277	17.1
Short-Term Fixed Income		26,949	0.6
Total Return Fixed Income		612,542	14.1
Core Fixed Income		294,910	6.8
TIPS		113,597	2.6
Private Equity		435,948	10.0
Real Estate		273,496	6.3
Hedge Fund		443,916	10.2
Total	\$	4,352,142	100.0%

INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE

The IMB calculates total rates of return using the time-weighted rate of return methodology. The time-weighted method determines the rate of return exclusive of the effects of participant contributions or withdrawals. Actual rates of return are net of fees.

Period	Actual	Target
One-year	1.1%	7.5%
Three-year	12.3%	7.5%
Five-year	2.2%	7.5%
Ten-year	6.8%	7.5%

TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

HISTORY

The Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) was created in 1941. It was closed to new members in 1991, but reopened to first-time hires as of July 1, 2005. Employees hired from 1991 through June 30, 2005, joined the Teachers' Defined Contribution Plan (TDC). In the spring of 2008, more than 78 percent of the participants in the Teachers' Defined Contribution Plan elected to transfer their TDC account balance to TRS and become participants in TRS. This transfer occurred in July 2008.

The Teachers' Employers Contribution Collection Account (TECCA) is a holding account for temporary reserve cash. Due to its short-term nature, assets are entirely invested in the Short-Term Fixed Income Pool.

TRS LIQUIDITY NEEDS

TRS has a net negative cash flow position, and will likely continue to have substantial liquidity needs of at least 10 percent per year beginning in plan year 2014.

TRS INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES

The investment objectives are as follows:

- Exceed the actuarial interest rate assumption of 7.5 percent per annum, net of fees.
- Reduce the unfunded liability while maintaining adequate liquidity to satisfy benefit payments and not subjecting TRS to an undue level of risk.

TRS ASSET ALLOCATION

Based upon a determination of the appropriate risk tolerance, the Board adopted the following broad asset allocation guidelines for the assets managed for TRS. Policy and Strategic Allocations are established on a market value basis.

Asset Class	Policy Allocation	Strategic Allocation
Domestic Equity	30.0%	25.0%
International Equity	30.0%	25.0%
Private Equity	0.0%	10.0%
Fixed Income	40.0%	20.0%
Hedge Fund	0.0%	10.0%
Real Estate	0.0%	10.0%
Cash (included in Fixed Income above)	\$25,000,000*	

^{*} IMB Staff has authority to change the cash allocation plus or minus 10 percent, as necessary, in consultation with the appropriate representative(s) from TRS.

TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (in \$000s)

Progression of Plan Balance	TRS	TECCA
June 30, 2011	\$ 5,010,212	\$ -
Contributions Withdrawals	 556,795 (643,762)	480,454 (337,466)
Net Investment income	(86,967) 35,651	142,988 5
Net unrealized appreciation	9,668	1
June 30, 2012	\$ 4,968,564	\$ 142,994

Asset Allocation	TRS			TEC	TECCA	
	Amount	Percent of Total		Amount	Percent of Total	
Large Cap Domestic	\$ 908,381	18.3%	\$	-	0.0%	
Non-Large Cap Domestic	307,418	6.2		-	0.0	
International Qualified	393,701	7.9		-	0.0	
International Equity	851,090	17.1		-	0.0	
Short-Term Fixed Income	67,224	1.4		142,994	100.0	
Total Return Fixed Income	632,244	12.7		-	0.0	
Core Fixed Income	300,128	6.0		-	0.0	
TIPS	129,741	2.6		-	0.0	
TRS Annuity	53,023	1.1		-	0.0	
Private Equity	503,734	10.1		-	0.0	
Real Estate	312,255	6.3		-	0.0	
Hedge Fund	 509,625	10.3		-	0.0	
Total	\$ 4,968,564	100.0%	\$	142,994	100.0%	

INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE

The IMB calculates total rates of return using the time-weighted rate of return methodology. The time-weighted method determines the rate of return exclusive of the effects of participant contributions or withdrawals. Actual rates of return are net of fees. A target rate of return has not been set for the TECCA plan.

	TF	RS	TECCA
Period	Actual	Target	Actual
One-year	1.0%	7.5%	0.0%
Three-year	11.9%	7.5%	0.1%
Five-year	1.7%	7.5%	1.1%
Ten-year	6.4%	7.5%	N/A

Individual Retirement System Asset Allocation and Performance

PUBLIC SAFETY, DEATH, DISABILITY AND RETIREMENT SYSTEM

HISTORY

The Public Safety, Death, Disability and Retirement System (PSDDRS) was created in 1925 to provide retirement benefits for the West Virginia State Police.

LIQUIDITY NEEDS

PSDDRS is now a closed plan and is expected to experience an increasingly negative cash flow position in the near future.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES

The investment objectives are as follows:

- Exceed the actuarial interest rate assumption of 7.5 percent per annum, net of fees.
- Reduce the unfunded liability while maintaining adequate liquidity to satisfy benefit payments and not subjecting PSDDRS to an undue level of risk.

ASSET ALLOCATION

Based upon a determination of the appropriate risk tolerance, the Board adopted the following broad asset allocation guidelines for the assets managed for PSDDRS. Policy and Strategic Allocations are established on a market value basis.

Asset Class	Policy Allocation	Strategic Allocation
Domestic Equity	30.0%	25.0%
International Equity	30.0%	25.0%
Private Equity	0.0%	10.0%
Fixed Income	40.0%	20.0%
Hedge Fund	0.0%	10.0%
Real Estate	0.0%	10.0%
Cash (included in Fixed Income above)	\$2,700,000*	

^{*} IMB Staff has authority to change the cash allocation plus or minus 10 percent, as necessary, in consultation with the appropriate representative(s) from PSDDRS.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (in \$000s)

Progression of Plan Balance

June 30, 2011	\$ 482,005
Contributions Withdrawals	 26,511 (35,510)
Net	(8,999)
Investment income	3,751
Net unrealized appreciation	629
June 30, 2012	\$ 477,386

INVESTMENT SECTION

PUBLIC SAFETY, DEATH, DISABILITY AND RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Asset Allocation	Amount		Percent of Total
Large Cap Domestic	\$	86,641	18.0%
Non-Large Cap Domestic		29,507	6.2
International Qualified		37,412	7.8
International Equity		82,434	17.3
Short-Term Fixed Income		718	0.2
Total Return Fixed Income		68,306	14.3
Core Fixed Income		32,860	6.9
TIPS		12,349	2.6
Private Equity		48,464	10.2
Real Estate		29,721	6.2
Hedge Fund		48,974	10.3
Total	\$	477,386	100.0%

INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE

The IMB calculates total rates of return using the time-weighted rate of return methodology. The timeweighted method determines the rate of return exclusive of the effects of participant contributions or withdrawals. Actual rates of return are net of fees.

Period	Actual	Target
One-year	1.1%	7.5%
Three-year	12.4%	7.5%
Five-year	2.2%	7.5%
Ten-year	6.8%	7.5%

STATE POLICE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

HISTORY

The State Police Retirement System (SPRS) was created in 1994.

LIQUIDITY NEEDS

SPRS is expected to be in a positive net cash flow position for the foreseeable future.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES

The investment objectives are as follows:

- Exceed the actuarial interest rate assumption of 7.5 percent per annum, net of fees.
- Reduce the unfunded liability while maintaining adequate liquidity to satisfy benefit payments and not subjecting SPRS to an undue level of risk.

ASSET ALLOCATION

Based upon a determination of the appropriate risk tolerance, the Board adopted the following broad asset allocation guidelines for the assets managed for SPRS. Policy and Strategic Allocations are established on a market value basis.

Asset Class	Policy Allocation	Strategic Allocation
Domestic Equity	30.0%	25.0%
International Equity	30.0%	25.0%
Private Equity	0.0%	10.0%
Fixed Income	40.0%	20.0%
Hedge Fund	0.0%	10.0%
Real Estate	0.0%	10.0%
Cash (included in Fixed Income above)	\$50,000*	

^{*} IMB Staff has authority to change the cash allocation plus or minus 10 percent, as necessary, in consultation with the appropriate representative(s) from SPRS.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (in \$000s)

Progression of Plan Balance

June 30, 2011	\$ 70,756
Contributions Withdrawals	8,032 (877)
Net	7,155
Investment income	596
Net unrealized appreciation	228
June 30, 2012	\$ 78,735

Individual Retirement System Asset Allocation and Performance

STATE POLICE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Asset Allocation	Amount		Percent of Total
Large Cap Domestic	\$	14,200	18.1%
Non-Large Cap Domestic		4,779	6.1
International Qualified		5,717	7.3
International Equity		13,451	17.1
Short-Term Fixed Income		1,417	1.8
Total Return Fixed Income		11,174	14.2
Core Fixed Income		5,393	6.8
TIPS		2,004	2.5
Private Equity		7,821	9.9
Real Estate		4,829	6.1
Hedge Fund		7,950	10.1
Total	\$	78,735	100.0%

INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE

The IMB calculates total rates of return using the time-weighted rate of return methodology. The timeweighted method determines the rate of return exclusive of the effects of participant contributions or withdrawals. Actual rates of return are net of fees.

Period	Actual	Target
One-year	0.9%	7.5%
Three-year	12.1%	7.5%
Five-year	2.2%	7.5%
Ten-year	6.7%	7.5%

Individual Retirement System Asset Allocation and Performance

DEPUTY SHERIFF'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM

HISTORY

The Deputy Sheriff's Retirement System (DSRS) was created in 1998.

LIQUIDITY NEEDS

DSRS currently has positive net cash flows.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES

The investment objectives are as follows:

- Exceed the actuarial interest rate assumption of 7.5 percent per annum, net of fees.
- Preserve the current well-funded position while not subjecting DSRS to an undue level of risk.

ASSET ALLOCATION

Based upon a determination of the appropriate risk tolerance, the Board adopted the following broad asset allocation guidelines for the assets managed for DSRS. Policy and Strategic Allocations are established on a market value basis.

Asset Class	Policy Allocation	Strategic Allocation
Domestic Equity	30.0%	25.0%
International Equity	30.0%	25.0%
Private Equity	0.0%	10.0%
Fixed Income	40.0%	20.0%
Hedge Fund	0.0%	10.0%
Real Estate	0.0%	10.0%
Cash (included in Fixed Income above)	\$250,000*	

^{*} IMB Staff has authority to change the cash allocation plus or minus 10 percent, as necessary, in consultation with the appropriate representative(s) from DSRS.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (in \$000s)

Progression of Plan Balance

June 30, 2011	\$ 112,488
Contributions Withdrawals Net	 8,925 (6,347) 2,578
Investment income	913
Net unrealized appreciation	302
June 30, 2012	\$ 116,281

DEPUTY SHERIFF'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Asset Allocation	Amount	Percent of Total
Large Cap Domestic	\$ 21,171	18.1%
Non-Large Cap Domestic	7,158	6.2
International Qualified	9,036	7.8
International Equity	19,898	17.1
Short-Term Fixed Income	468	0.4
Total Return Fixed Income	16,678	14.3
Core Fixed Income	8,043	6.9
TIPS	3,010	2.6
Private Equity	11,695	10.1
Real Estate	7,273	6.3
Hedge Fund	11,851	10.2
Total	\$ 116,281	100.0%

INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE

The IMB calculates total rates of return using the time-weighted rate of return methodology. The time-weighted method determines the rate of return exclusive of the effects of participant contributions or withdrawals. Actual rates of return are net of fees.

Period	Actual	Target
One-year	1.0%	7.5%
Three-year	12.2%	7.5%
Five-year	2.2%	7.5%
Ten-year	6.7%	7.5%

Individual Retirement System Asset Allocation and Performance

JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

HISTORY

The Judges' Retirement System (JRS) was created in 1949.

LIQUIDITY NEEDS

JRS currently has slightly negative net cash flows.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES

The investment objectives are as follows:

- Exceed the actuarial interest rate assumption of 7.5 percent per annum, net of fees.
- Reduce the unfunded liability while maintaining adequate liquidity to satisfy benefit payments and not subjecting JRS to an undue level of risk.

ASSET ALLOCATION

Based upon a determination of the appropriate risk tolerance, the Board adopted the following broad asset allocation guidelines for the assets managed for JRS. Policy and Strategic Allocations are established on a market value basis.

Asset Class	Policy Allocation	Strategic Allocation
Domestic Equity	30.0%	25.0%
International Equity	30.0%	25.0%
Private Equity	0.0%	10.0%
Fixed Income	40.0%	20.0%
Hedge Fund	0.0%	10.0%
Real Estate	0.0%	10.0%
Cash (included in Fixed Income above)	\$500,000*	

^{*} IMB Staff has authority to change the cash allocation plus or minus 10 percent, as necessary, in consultation with the appropriate representative(s) from JRS.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (in \$000s)

Progression of Plan Balance

June 30, 2011	\$ 124,587
Contributions Withdrawals Net	 5,079 (4,651) 428
Investment income Net unrealized appreciation June 30, 2012	\$ 989 262 126,266

JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Asset Allocation	Amount		Percent of Total
Large Cap Domestic	\$	23,121	18.3%
Non-Large Cap Domestic		7,802	6.2
International Qualified		9,901	7.8
International Equity		21,658	17.2
Short-Term Fixed Income		367	0.3
Total Return Fixed Income		17,947	14.2
Core Fixed Income		8,645	6.8
TIPS		3,278	2.6
Private Equity		12,702	10.1
Real Estate		7,928	6.3
Hedge Fund		12,917	10.2
Total	\$	126,266	100.0%

INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE

The IMB calculates total rates of return using the time-weighted rate of return methodology. The time-weighted method determines the rate of return exclusive of the effects of participant contributions or withdrawals. Actual rates of return are net of fees.

Period	Actual	Target
One-year	1.0%	7.5%
Three-year	12.3%	7.5%
Five-year	2.2%	7.5%
Ten-year	6.7%	7.5%

Individual Retirement System Asset Allocation and Performance

EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

HISTORY

The Emergency Medical Services Retirement System (EMSRS) was created by the Emergency Medical Services Retirement System Act effective January 1, 2008, under West Virginia Code §16-5V-4. EMSRS members with benefits earned in the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) transferred their full membership and benefits under PERS to EMSRS on the effective date.

LIQUIDITY NEEDS

EMSRS is expected to be in a positive net cash flow position for the foreseeable future.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES

The investment objectives are as follows:

- Exceed the actuarial interest rate assumption of 7.5 percent per annum, net of fees.
- Maintain adequate liquidity to satisfy benefit payments while not subjecting EMSRS to an undue level of risk.

ASSET ALLOCATION

Based upon a determination of the appropriate risk tolerance, the Board adopted the following broad asset allocation guidelines for the assets managed for EMSRS. Policy and Strategic Allocations are established on a market value basis.

Asset Class	Policy Allocation	Strategic Allocation
Domestic Equity	30.0%	25.0%
International Equity	30.0%	25.0%
Private Equity	0.0%	10.0%
Fixed Income	40.0%	20.0%
Hedge Fund	0.0%	10.0%
Real Estate	0.0%	10.0%
Cash	\$0	

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (in \$000s)

Progression of Plan Balance

June 30, 2011	\$ 31,963
Contributions Withdrawals	 3,807 (979)
Net	2,828
Investment income	269
Net unrealized appreciation	93
June 30, 2012	\$ 35,153

EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Asset Allocation	Amount		Percent of Total
Large Cap Domestic	\$	6,360	18.1%
Non-Large Cap Domestic		2,147	6.1
International Qualified		2,593	7.4
International Equity		6,056	17.2
Short-Term Fixed Income		230	0.7
Total Return Fixed Income		5,112	14.5
Core Fixed Income		2,470	7.0
TIPS		904	2.6
Private Equity		3,525	10.0
Real Estate		2,177	6.2
Hedge Fund		3,579	10.2
Total	\$	35,153	100.0%

INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE

The IMB calculates total rates of return using the time-weighted rate of return methodology. The time-weighted method determines the rate of return exclusive of the effects of participant contributions or withdrawals. Actual rates of return are net of fees.

Period	Actual	Target
One-year	0.9%	7.5%
Three-year	12.1%	7.5%

MUNICIPAL POLICE OFFICERS' AND FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

HISTORY

Municipal Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement System (MPFRS) was created in 2010 for the purpose of providing retirement benefits for municipal police officers and paid professional firefighters hired into covered employment by participating municipalities on or after January 1, 2010.

LIQUIDITY NEEDS

There are no anticipated liquidity needs at this time.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES

The investment objectives are as follows:

- Exceed the actuarial interest rate assumption of 7.5 percent per annum, net of fees.
- Maintain adequate liquidity to satisfy benefit payments while not subjecting MPFRS to an undue level of risk.

ASSET ALLOCATION

Asset Class	Policy Allocation	Strategic Allocation
Domestic Equity	30.0%	25.0%
International Equity	30.0%	25.0%
Private Equity	0.0%	10.0%
Fixed Income	40.0%	20.0%
Hedge Fund	0.0%	10.0%
Real Estate	0.0%	10.0%
Cash	\$0	

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (in \$000s)

Progression of Plan Balance

135 (11) 124
\$ - 4 189
\$

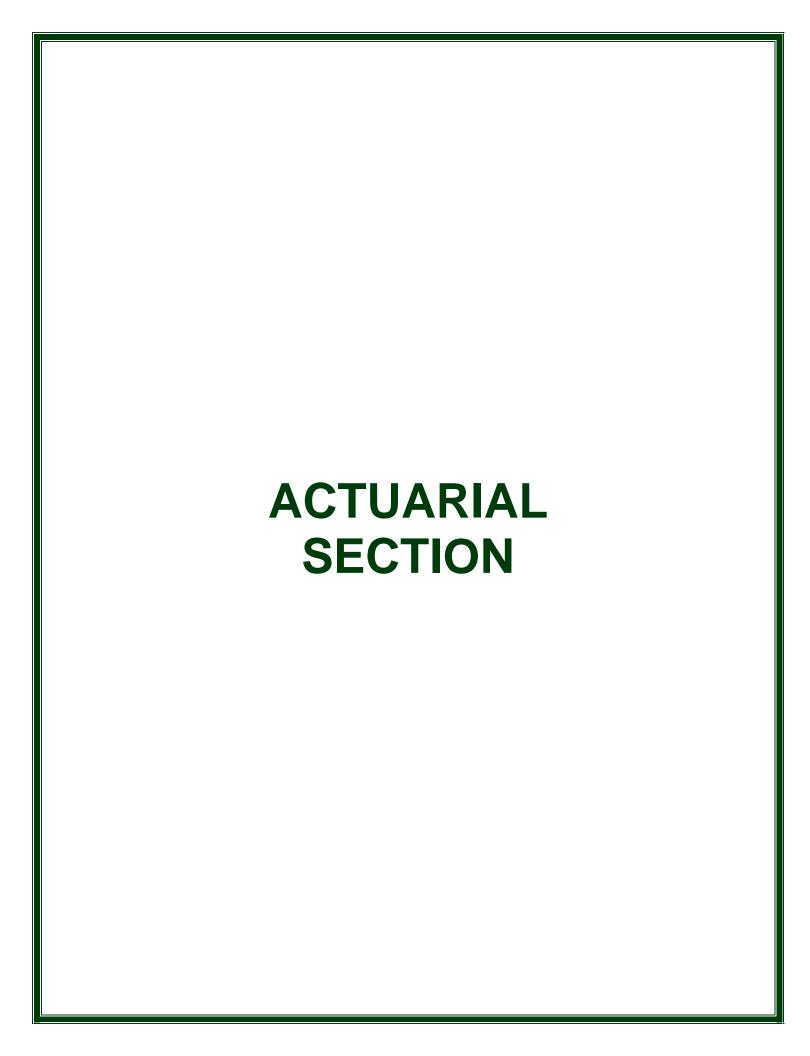
MUNICIPAL POLICE OFFICERS' AND FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

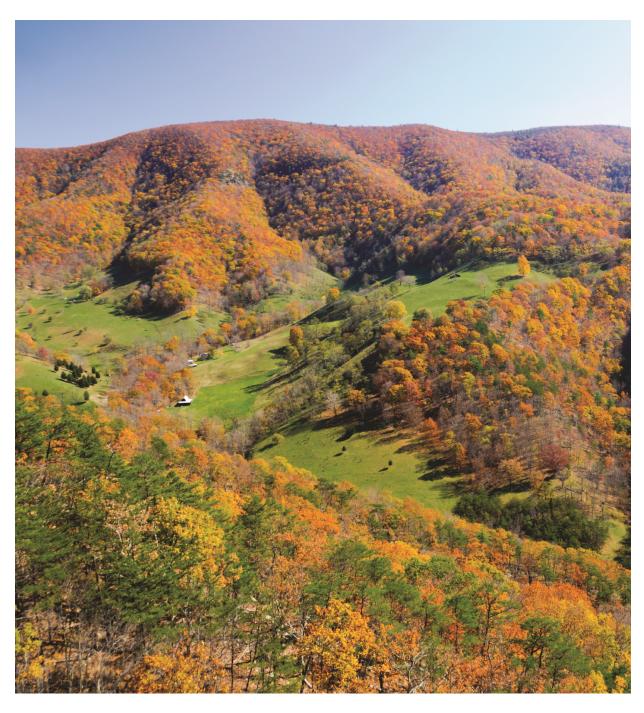
Individual Retirement System Asset Allocation and Performance

Asset Allocation	Amount		Percent of Total
Large Cap Domestic	\$	31	16.4%
Non-Large Cap Domestic		10	5.3
International Qualified		14	7.4
International Equity		27	14.3
Short-Term Fixed Income		22	11.6
Total Return Fixed Income		26	13.8
Core Fixed Income		11	5.8
TIPS		4	2.1
Private Equity		17	9.0
Real Estate		11	5.8
Hedge Fund		16	8.5
Total	\$	189	100.0%

INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE

The IMB calculates total rates of return using the time-weighted rate of return methodology. The timeweighted method determines the rate of return exclusive of the effects of participant contributions or withdrawals. The actual rate of return is net of fees. Investment performance for the one-year period ended June 30, 2012 was 3.6 percent. MPFRS has a target rate of return of 7.5 percent.





Monongahela National Forest



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Executive Director Jeffrey E. Fleck

State of West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board

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Thomas Bradley
Joseph Bunn
Captain Michael G. Corsaro
Drema B. Evans
Joe Lynch
D. Todd Murray
Tony Payne
Andrew Richardson

July 1, 2011

Actuarial Review and Certification

This Report presents the results of an Actuarial Valuation of the West Virginia Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) as of July 1, 2011. The purposes of the Actuarial Valuation are to determine the actuarial liabilities for the Plan and to determine if the expected contributions will be sufficient to meet or exceed the Plan's long term funding policy.

The valuation indicates that the expected state contributions of 14.5% of payroll plus the member contributions of 4.5% of payroll are sufficient to meet the annual funding requirement of the plan. This report contains supporting data and background information pertaining to the development of costs and related liabilities of the Plan. The valuation is based on membership data as of June 30, 2011, maintained by the West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board (CPRB), and financial information received from the West Virginia Investment Management Board.

In performing the valuation, we relied on employee data and asset information provided by the administrative staff of the CPRB. In the case of employee data, each individual record was audited for reasonableness and internal consistency, although the validity of the information was not traced to source documents. With respect to plan assets, a general review for consistency with the information furnished from prior valuations was performed.

Certain tables presented in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report are derived from the most recent valuations reported by Buck Consultants. The tables were prepared by the staff of the CPRB and examined by our internal actuarial staff. These tables include-

Financial Section

- Schedule of Funding Progress
- Schedule of Employer Contributions

Actuarial Section

- Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods
- Schedule of Active Member Valuation Data
- Solvency Test
- Schedule of Retirees and Beneficiaries Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Liability

The Actuary hereby certifies that this Actuarial Valuation Report was completed in compliance with actuarial standards applicable to the purposes of the Actuarial Valuation. The Actuary further certifies that

the actuarial methods and assumptions applied in completing the Actuarial Valuation as reasonable and appropriate for the purposes stated herein.

Respectfully Submitted:

Hange mandel

Harry W. Mandel Board Actuary

Member, American Academy of Actuaries

Member Society of Pension Actuaries

Enrolled Actuary #11-2527

Public Employees' Retirement System

SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Valuation Date: July 1, 2011

Funding Method and Basis for Assumptions

The valuation is prepared under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method with individually computed accrued liabilities. The Normal Cost is computed in aggregate. Entry is based on date of hire.

Experience studies are performed at least once in every five-year period. This valuation was prepared on the basis of assumptions that were recommended to and adopted by the Board on the basis of an experience study covering the period from July 1, 2004, to June 30, 2009. These assumptions will remain in effect for valuation purposes until such time as the Board adopts revised assumptions.

Interest Rate and Expenses

The valuation interest assumption is 7.50% annually, with no loading for plan expenses.

Salary Scales

Salary scales are used for the assumed increase in salary. Projected salary increases for State and Nonstate employees range from 4.25% to 6.0% per year. Assumed increases in salary for sample ages are as follows:

Salary Scales

Age	State	Nonstate
30	1.05500	1.05500
40	1.05000	1.05000
50	1.04500	1.04750
60	1.04250	1.04250

Mortality

The mortality tables are as follows:

Healthy males: 1983 GAM male

Healthy females: 1971 GAM female, set back 1 year
 Disabled males: 1971 GAM male, set forward 8 years

• Disabled females: Revenue Ruling 96-7 disabled female table

Withdrawal from Service

Specific tables have been created to reflect withdrawal rates. All withdrawals are assumed to result in refund of contributions if non-vested or a deferred annuity if vested. The liability for a refund of contributions for nonactive non-vested members as of the valuation date is assumed to be 60% of the total employee contribution balance of such members. Sample withdrawal rates are as follows:

Withdrawal Rates

Withdrawal Rates

State (less than 1 year)			State (1 to 2 years)		ars)	
Age	Male	Female		Age	Male	Female
30	0.21580	0.22100	•	30	0.20625	0.20000
40	0.18200	0.18200		40	0.15000	0.15000
50	0.15600	0.15600		50	0.13750	0.12500
60	0.14300	0.14300		60	0.12500	0.11250

Withdrawal Rates

State (2 to 3 years) Male Female Age 0.18200 0.17500 30 40 0.13000 0.12500 50 0.08800 0.10000 60 0.06600 0.07500

Withdrawal Rates

State (3 to 4 years)			
Age	Male	Female	
30	0.15600	0.14400	
40	0.10400	0.09600	
50	0.07800	0.08400	
60	0.05200	0.06000	

Withdrawal Rates

State (4 to 5 years)			
Age	Male	Female	
30	0.14000	0.11250	
40	0.08400	0.08750	
50	0.05600	0.07188	
60	0.02800	0.05000	

Withdrawal Rates

State (greater than 5 years)			
Age Male Female			
30	0.08400	0.08800	
40	0.04800	0.04500	
50	0.02400	0.03500	
60	0.01200	0.01000	

Withdrawal Rates

Nonstate (less than 1 year)			
Age	Male	Female	
30	0.26400	0.25070	
40	0.21600	0.21850	
50	0.16800	0.17250	
60	0.13200	0.13800	

Withdrawal Rates

Nonstate (1 to 2 years)			
Age	Male	Female	
30	0.20400	0.21850	
40	0.15600	0.18975	
50	0.11000	0.13000	
60	0.10000	0.11000	

Withdrawal Rates

Nonstate (2 to 3 years)			
Age	Male	Female	
30	0.17600	0.18700	
40	0.12650	0.14000	
50	0.09000	0.11500	
60	0.08000	0.09500	

Withdrawal Rates

Nonstate (3 to 4 years)				
Age	Male	Female		
30	0.15400	0.15500		
40	0.10000	0.13000		
50	0.08000	0.10000		
60	0.06000	0.08000		

Withdrawal Rates

Nonstate (4 to 5 years)			
Age	Male	Female	
30	0.15000	0.15600	
40	0.09000	0.10800	
50	0.06600	0.08400	
60	0.04200	0.06000	

Withdrawal Rates

Nonstate (greater than 5 years)				
Age	Male	Female		
30	0.09900	0.10000		
40	0.06000	0.06500		
50	0.04000	0.03500		
60	0.02000	0.02000		

Disablement Rates

Sample rates of disablement are as follows:

Disability Rates

State and Nonstate				
Age	Male	Female		
30	0.00030	0.00060		
40	0.00113	0.00113		
50	0.00488	0.00225		
60	0.00750	0.00750		

Retirement Rates

The retirement rates are as follows:

Retirement Rates

State and Nonstate		
Age	Rates	
55	0.25	
56	0.15	
57	0.15	
58	0.15	
59	0.15	
60	0.15	
61	0.15	
62	0.30	
63	0.18	
64	0.18	
65	0.25	
66	0.20	
67	0.20	
68	0.20	
69	0.20	
70+	1.00	

Family Composition

It is assumed that 85% of males and 80% of females are married, with husbands 3 years older than wives. Remarriage rates are not used.

Accrual of Future Service

It is assumed that active members will accrue one year of service for each future year of employment.

Noncontributory Service Loadings

Noncontributory service for active members is estimated from member's contributory service by adjusting the present value of benefits projected from contributory service alone. A 10.8% load is used for male State employees and a 10.0% load is used for male Nonstate employees. A 2.4% load is used for female State and Nonstate employees.

ACTUARIAL SECTION

Public Employees' Retirement System

Asset Valuation Method

Four-year 25% level smoothing of actuarial gain or (loss) on trust fund return:

- Implemented over four years, prospectively commencing July 1, 2009 for the experience for the trust year ending June 30, 2009.
- Actuarial gain or (loss) on assets is calculated as the difference between the expected return under valuation assumptions based on the smoothed Actuarial Value of Assets and the actual trust fund return.
- Actuarial gain or (loss) is recognized at 25% of the original amount each year until fully recognized in the fourth year.
- Total accumulated deferred gain or (loss) amounts are used to adjust the reported Market Value of Assets to determine the actuarial Value of Assets.

Plan Contributions

Both employee and employer contributions to the plan are assumed to be paid in the middle of the year.

Public Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of Active Member Valuation Data

				% Increase (Decrease)
Valuation Date	Number	Annual Payroll	Annual Average Pay	in Average Pay
6/30/2011	36,254	\$1,327,717,000	\$ 36,622.63	0.16204%
6/30/2010	35,977	1,315,441,000	35,563.39	2.46763%
6/30/2009	35,717	1,274,485,000	35,682.87	3.85707%
6/30/2008	35,491	1,219,388,000	34,357.67	3.47423%
6/30/2007	35,873	1,191,130,000	33,204.08	2.18204%
6/30/2006	35,689	1,159,715,000	32,495.03	1.30940%

Solvency Test (in thousands)

	Aggregate Accrued Liabilities For			_			
	(1)	(2)	(3)				
			Active Members		% of Accru	ued Liabilities	Covered
Valuation	Active Member	Retirants and	(Employer Finance	d Reported	by R	eported Asso	ets
Date	Contributions	Beneficiaries	Portions)	Assets	(1)	(2)	(3)
6/30/2011	\$ 434,454	\$ 2,792,236	\$ 2,288,562	\$4,322,668	100.0000%	100.0000%	47.8894%
6/30/2010	432,007	2,893,949	2,299,874	3,974,609	100.0000%	100.0000%	41.2480%
6/30/2009	426,936	2,338,871	2,164,35	3,930,701	100.0000%	100.0000%	53.8219%
6/30/2008	410,799	2,189,262	2,076,966	3,939,059	100.0000%	100.0000%	64.4689%
6/30/2007	405,476	2,050,544	1,970,03	4,293,296	100.0000%	100.0000%	93.2613%
6/30/2006	400,973	1,906,367	1,957,360	3,700,186	100.0000%	100.0000%	71.1594%

Schedule of Retirees and Beneficiaries Added and Removed

	Retirees /	Added	Retirees	s Removed	Retiree	es - Year End		
Fiscal							% Increase	Average
Year		Annual		Annual		Annual	in Annual	Annual
Ended	Number	Allowances	Number	Allowances	Number	Allowances	Allowances	Allowance
2011	1,673	\$31,250,302	(920)	\$ 7,834,867	22,793	\$ 294,084,936	4.160%	\$12,902.42
2010	1,438	25,365,630	(897)	7,382,382	22,040	273,012,324	4.017%	12,387.13
2009	1,509	26,578,560	(922)	7,186,068	21,499	256,026,485	4.124%	11,908.76
2008	1,356	24,449,168	(958)	7,351,692	20,912	239,172,379	4.636%	11,437.09
2007	1,373	23,721,486	(885)	6,811,456	20,514	224,224,742	4.447%	10,930.33
2006	1,465	25,862,169	(836)	6,123,031	20,026	209,571,080	7.047%	10,464.95

Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Liability				
PERS Unfunded Actuarial Liability, June 30, 2010	\$1,351,221,000			
Expected increase from amortization method Expected increase from contributions below actuarial rates Investment experience Liability experience (including transfers) Change in assumption	(19,986,000) 28,147,000 59,118,000 (225,916,000)			
Unfunded Actuarial Liability, June 30, 2011	\$ 1.192.584.000			

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Auditor Glen B. Gainer III, Vice Chairman
Treasurer John D. Perdue
Cabinet Secretary Ross Taylor

Executive Director Jeffrey E. Fleck

State of West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board

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Thomas Bradley
Joseph Bunn
Captain Michael G. Corsaro
Drema B. Evans
Joe Lynch
D. Todd Murray
Tony Payne
Andrew Richardson

July 1, 2011

Actuarial Review and Certification

This Report presents the results of an Actuarial Valuation of the West Virginia Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) as of July 1, 2011. The purposes of the Actuarial Valuation are to determine the actuarial liabilities for the Plan and to determine if the expected contributions will be sufficient to meet or exceed the Plan's long term funding policy.

This valuation presents the liabilities of the plan as of the valuation date and the projected Employer contribution for fiscal year 2013. Some key highlights are:

- The valuation was prepared based on an assumed interest rate of 7.5%.
- Based on the valuation results, the State contribution to TRS for fiscal year 2013 is \$457,977,000.
- The funded percentage of plan assets to the actuarial accrued liability at the valuation date is 54%, compared to 47% for the prior year.

This report contains supporting data and background information pertaining to the development of costs and related liabilities of the plan. The valuation is based on membership data as of June 30, 2011 maintained by the West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board (CPRB), and financial information received from the West Virginia Investment Management Board.

In performing the valuation, we relied on employee data and asset information provided by the administrative staff of the CPRB. In the case of employee data, each individual record was audited for reasonableness and internal consistency, although the validity of the information was not traced to source documents. With respect to plan assets, a general review for consistency with the information furnished from prior valuations was performed.

Certain tables presented in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report are derived from the most recent valuations reported by Buck Consultants. The tables were prepared by the staff of the CPRB and examined by our internal actuarial staff. These tables include-

Financial Section

- Schedule of Funding Progress
- Schedule of Employer Contributions

Actuarial Section

- Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods
- Schedule of Active Member Valuation Data
- Solvency Test
- Schedule of Retirees and Beneficiaries Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Liability

The Actuary hereby certifies that this Actuarial Valuation Report was completed in compliance with actuarial standards applicable to the purposes of the Actuarial Valuation. The Actuary further certifies that the actuarial methods and assumptions applied in completing the Actuarial Valuation as reasonable and appropriate for the purposes stated herein.

Respectfully Submitted:

Hange mardel

Harry W. Mandel

Board Actuary

Member, American Academy of Actuaries

Member Society of Pension Actuaries

Enrolled Actuary #11-2527

SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Valuation Date: July 1, 2011

Funding Method and Basis for Assumptions

The valuation is prepared under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method with individually computed accrued liabilities. The Normal Cost is computed in aggregate. Entry is based on date of hire (i.e. valuation date minus known past service).

Experience studies are performed at least once in every five-year period. This valuation was prepared on the basis of assumptions that were recommended to and adopted by the Board on the basis of an experience study covering the period from July 1, 2005, to June 30, 2010. These assumptions will remain in effect for valuation purposes until such time as the Board adopts revised assumptions.

Interest Rate and Expenses

The valuation interest assumption is 7.5% per annum, with no loading for plan expenses.

Pre-Retirement Mortality

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the results of the 2006-2010 experience study. The mortality tables used are the RP-2000 Non-Annuitant tables for in-service males and females. Sample pre-retirement mortality rates are as follows:

Pre-Retirement Mortality RP-2000 Non-Annuitant Table

	Age	State	Nonstate
,	30	0.00044	0.00026
	40	0.00108	0.00071
	50	0.00214	0.00168
	60	0.00488	0.00393

Post-Retirement Mortality

Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the results of the 2006-2010 experience study. The mortality tables used are as follows:

Healthy males: RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant table, projected to 2020
 Healthy females: RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant table, projected to 2020

Disabled males: RP-2000 Disabled Annuitant table, projected to 2020, setback 2 years
 Disabled females: RP-2000 Disabled Annuitant table, projected to 2020, setback 1 year

Sample post-retirement mortality rates are as follows:

Post-Retirement Healthy Mortality RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Table Projected to 2020 with Scale AA

Age	State	Nonstate
60	0.00594	0.00561
70	0.01641	0.01515
80	0.05265	0.03987
90	0.16928	0.12400

Post-Retirement Healthy Mortality RP-2000 Disabled Annuitant Table Projected to 2020 with Scale AA Set Back 2 Years for Males and Set Back 1 Year for Females

Age	State	Nonstate
30	0.02042	0.00585
40	0.02001	0.00551
50	0.01912	0.00740
60	0.02849	0.01879
70	0.04293	0.03196
80	0.07670	0.05891
90	0.14672	0.12333

Withdrawal from Service

Withdrawal rates are based on the 2006-2010 experience study. Withdrawal rates are assumed to cease upon eligibility for retirement. All withdrawal is assumed to result in refund of contributions if non-vested or a deferred annuity if vested. Sample withdrawal rates are as follows:

Withdrawal Rates

Teache	Teachers (less than 1 year)				
Age	Male	Female			
30	0.26000	0.26000			
40	0.22000	0.22000			
50	0.18000	0.18000			
60	0.14000	0.14000			

Withdrawal Rates

Teac	Teachers (1 to 2 years)				
Age	Male	Female			
30	0.12100	0.11000			
40	0.08800	0.08000			
50	0.06600	0.06000			
60	0.05500	0.05000			

Withdrawal Rates

Teachers (2 to 3 years)				
Age	Male	Female		
30	0.06850	0.07400		
40	0.06350	0.05400		
50	0.05700	0.04000		
60	0.05000	0.04000		

Withdrawal Rates

Teachers (3 to 4 years)				
Age	Male	Female		
30	0.06000	0.04800		
40	0.04000	0.03600		
50	0.03000	0.03000		
60	0.03000	0.03000		

Withdrawal Rates

Teac	Teachers (4 to 5 years)				
Age	Male	Female			
30	0.04000	0.03600			
40	0.02000	0.02267			
50	0.01500	0.01500			
60	0.01500	0.01500			

Withdrawal Rates

Teachers	Teachers (greater than 5 years)		
Age Male		Female	
30	0.02400	0.02400	
40	0.01904	0.01600	
50	0.01200	0.00800	
60	0.01600	0.01200	

Withdrawal Rates

ı	Non-Teachers and State (less than 1 year)			
	Age	<u>Male</u>	Female	
	30	0.19500	0.19500	
	40	0.16500	0.16500	
	50	0.13500	0.13500	
	60	0.10500	0.10500	

Withdrawal Rates

Non-Teache	Non-Teachers and State (1 to 2 years)		
Age Male		Female	
30	0.11000	0.09900	
40	0.08000	0.07200	
50	0.06000	0.05400	
60	0.05000	0.04500	

Withdrawal Rates

Non-Teach	Non-Teachers and State (2 to 3 years)		
Age Male		Female	
30	0.08500	0.06800	
40	0.05500	0.04400	
50	0.04000	0.03200	
60	0.04000	0.03200	

Withdrawal Rates

Non-Teache	Non-Teachers and State (3 to 4 years)		
Age Male		Female	
30	0.06000	0.05400	
40	0.04000	0.03600	
50	0.03000	0.02700	
60	0.03000	0.02700	

Withdrawal Rates

_			
	Non-Teachers and State (4 to 5 years)		
	Age	<u>Male</u>	Female
	30	0.03750	0.03750
	40	0.02250	0.02250
	50	0.01500	0.01500
	60	0.01125	0.01125

Withdrawal Rates

Non-Teachers and State (greater than 5 years)			
Age	Male	Female	
30	0.03000	0.02450	
40	0.01750	0.01750	
50	0.01250	0.01316	
60	0.01500	0.01400	

Disablement Rates

Disablement rates are based on the 2006-2010 experience study. A sample of disablement rates follows:

Disability Rates

Age	State	Nonstate
30	0.00100	0.00080
40	0.00250	0.00200
50	0.00509	0.00376
60	0.00700	0.00880

Teachers' Retirement System

Retirement Rates

Retirement rates are based on the 2006-2010 experience study. A sample of retirement rates follows:

Retirement Plans

	Teachers		Non-Teachers & Stat	
Age	Male	Female	Male	Female
55	0.250	0.275	0.300	0.200
56	0.150	0.175	0.200	0.150
57	0.150	0.175	0.150	0.150
58	0.170	0.180	0.150	0.150
59	0.190	0.190	0.150	0.175
60	0.200	0.250	0.150	0.200
61	0.300	0.200	0.150	0.200
62	0.400	0.275	0.400	0.300
63	0.250	0.200	0.250	0.200
64	0.250	0.250	0.175	0.200
65	0.400	0.300	0.300	0.300
66	0.300	0.300	0.225	0.200
67	0.300	0.300	0.200	0.200
68	0.300	0.300	0.200	0.200
69	0.300	0.300	0.200	0.200
70+	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

Salary Scales

Salary scales are based on the 2006-2010 experience study. Projected salary increases are in the following ranges by group, with an underlying inflation rate of 3.0%:

Group	Range of Projected Salary Increases
Teachers	3.75% - 5.25%
Non-Teachers	3.40% - 6.50%

A sample of salaries from the salary scales is as follows:

Salary Scales

		Non-Teachers
Age	Teachers	and State
30	4.750	5.500
40	4.250	5.250
50	3.850	4.400
60	3.850	3.730

Teachers' Retirement System

Accrual of Future Service

Future service accrual factors are based on the 2006-2010 experience study. All active members will accrue 1.00 year of service for each future year of employment.

Non-Contributory Service Loadings

The load factor assumptions for non-contributory service (military, parochial or out-of-state teaching, transferred PERS service, and unused sick leave) are based on the 2006-2010 experience study and are as follows:

Group	Male	Female
Teachers	1.0750	1.0400
Non-Teachers	1.0400	1.0275

Family Composition

It is assumed that 85% of males and 80% of females are married, with husbands 3 years older than wives. Remarriage rates are not used.

Asset Valuation Method

Assets for valuation purposes are included at Market Value.

Plan Contribution

Both employee and employer contributions to the plan are assumed to be paid in the middle of the year.

Schedule of Active Member Valuation Data

Valuation Date	Number	Appuel Boyroll	Annual Average Day	% Increase (Decrease)
valuation Date	Number	Annual Payroll	Annual Average Pay	in Average Pay
6/30/2011	35,855	\$1,505,749,000	\$ 41,995.51	-0.18532%
6/30/2010	35,670	1,500,761,000	42,073.48	0.18898%
6/30/2009	35,701	1,499,232,000	41,994.12	4.93487%
6/30/2008	35,219	1,409,437,000	40,019.22	-5.71859%
6/30/2007	19,529	828,939,000	42,446.57	4.17553%
6/30/2006	18,633	759,206,000	40,745.24	-1.80560%

Solvency Test (in thousands)

	Aggreg	gate Accrued L					
	(1)	(2)	(3)				
			Active Members		% of Accru	ed Liabilities	Covered
Valuation	uation Active Member Retirants and (Employer Financed			Reported	by Re	eported Ass	ets
Date	Contributions	Beneficiaries	Portions)	Assets	(1)	(2)	(3)
6/30/2011	\$ 739,997	\$ 5,438,589	\$ 3,266,562	\$ 5,074,665	100.0000%	82.1331%	0.0000%
6/30/2010	687,828	4,877,284	3,339,200	4,143,540	100.0000%	74.4556%	0.0000%
6/30/2009	677,365	4,511,170	3,419,334	3,554,771	100.0000%	68.5120%	0.0000%
6/30/2008	630,240	4,219,349	3,418,989	4,133,883	100.0000%	85.2419%	0.0000%
6/30/2007	302,347	3,985,211	2,855,153	3,665,993	100.0000%	85.5031%	0.0000%
6/30/2006	282,706	3,709,404	2,885,762	2,174,464	100.0000%	54.4690%	0.0000%

Schedule of Retirees and Beneficiaries Added and Removed

	Retirees Added		Retirees Removed		Retirees - Year End			
Fiscal							% Increase	Average
Year		Annual		Annual		Annual	in Annual	Annual
Ended	Number	Allowances	Number	Allowances	Number	Allowances	Allowances	Allowance
2011	2,039	\$55,816,157	(1,123)	\$11,685,848	31,043	\$ 571,566,916	4.779%	\$18,412.10
2010	1,952	50,384,790	(1,070)	11,288,029	30,127	529,400,876	4.875%	17,572.31
2009	1,766	43,023,575	(1,043)	10,606,309	29,245	490,013,124	4.278%	16,755.45
2008	1,625	41,174,835	(1,143)	10,880,080	28,522	458,291,496	4.609%	16,068.00
2007	1,756	42,148,636	(1,105)	10,597,790	28,040	430,694,400	5.090%	15,360.00
2006	1,658	27,450,240	(1,020)	8,987,954	27,389	400,317,624	6.376%	14,616.00

Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Liability	
Unfunded Actuarial Liability, June 30, 2010	\$ 4,760,772,000
Expected increase from amortization method Expected increase from contributions below actuarial rates Investment experience Liability experience (including transfers) Change in assumption	(103,698,000) (512,000,000) (68,305,000) 293,714,000
Unfunded Actuarial Liability, June 30, 2011	\$ 4,370,483,000



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State of West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board

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July 1, 2011

Actuarial Review and Certification

This Report presents the results of an Actuarial Valuation of the West Virginia Public Safety death and Disability Retirement System (PSDDRS) as of July 1, 2011. The purposes of the Actuarial Valuation are to determine the actuarial liabilities for the Plan and to determine if the expected contributions will be sufficient to meet or exceed the Plan's long term funding policy.

Some key highlights are:

- The valuation was prepared based on an assumed interest rate of 7.50%.
- The State contribution is determined as the State normal cost plus a level-dollar amortization amount that will fund the unfunded actuarial liability by June 30, 2025. The required state contribution for Fiscal Year 2013 is \$15,162,000.

This report contains supporting data and background information pertaining to the development of costs and related liabilities of the plan. The valuation is based on membership data as of June 30, 2011, maintained by the West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board (CPRB), and financial information received from the West Virginia Investment Management Board.

In performing the valuation, we relied on employee data and asset information provided by the administrative staff of the CPRB. In the case of employee data, each individual record was audited for reasonableness and internal consistency, although the validity of the information was not traced to source documents. With respect to plan assets, a general review for consistency with the information furnished from prior valuations was performed.

Certain tables presented in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report are derived from the most recent valuations reported by Buck Consultants. The tables were prepared by the staff of the CPRB and examined by our internal actuarial staff. These tables include-

Financial Section

- Schedule of Funding Progress
- Schedule of Employer Contributions

Actuarial Section

- Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods
- Schedule of Active Member Valuation Data

- Solvency Test
- Schedule of Retirees and Beneficiaries Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Liability

The Actuary hereby certifies that this Actuarial Valuation Report was completed in compliance with actuarial standards applicable to the purposes of the Actuarial Valuation. The Actuary further certifies that the actuarial methods and assumptions applied in completing the Actuarial Valuation as reasonable and appropriate for the purposes stated herein.

Respectfully Submitted:

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Harry W. Mandel

Board Actuary

Member, American Academy of Actuaries

Member Society of Pension Actuaries

Enrolled Actuary #11-2527

SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Valuation Date: July 1, 2011

Funding Method and Basis for Assumptions

The valuation is prepared under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method with individually computed accrued liabilities. The Normal Cost is computed in aggregate. Entry is based on date of hire.

Experience studies are performed at least once in every five-year period. This valuation was prepared on the basis of assumptions that were recommended to and adopted by the Board on the basis of an experience study covering the period from July 1, 2003, to June 30, 2008. These assumptions will remain in effect for valuation purposes until such time as the Board adopts revised assumptions.

Interest Rate and Expenses

The valuation interest assumption is 7.50% annually, with no loading for plan expenses.

Mortality

The male and female RP-2000 Mortality Tables for Healthy Annuitants and Employees are used. Mortality for non-disabled retirees is projected 10 years using Scale AA. Mortality for active members in service is projected 5 years with Scale AA in recognition of increased duty-related accidental deaths. Mortality for disabled retirees is assumed to follow the unadjusted RP-2000 Mortality Tables for Disabled Retirees. It is assumed that 70% of deaths of members in service are duty-related.

Salary Scales

Compensation is assumed to increase 6.50% per year for the first two years of service, 6.00% for the next 3 years, 5.50% for the next 5 years, and 4.75% per year thereafter. The inflation rate is 3.00%.

Withdrawal from Service

Withdrawal rate tables have been developed specifically for PSDDRS. Withdrawal rates cease once an employee is eligible for normal retirement. A sample of withdrawal rates follows:

	Rate of
	Rate 01
Age	Withdrawal
20	0.0800
30	0.0571
40	0.0343
50	0.0114

Disablement Rates

Disablement rates and the probability of each type of disability have been developed specifically for PSDDRS. A sample of disablement rates, which cease once an employee is eligible for normal retirement, are as follows:.

Age	Rate of Disablement
20	0.0005
30	0.0020
40	0.0060
50	0.0040

Type of	
Disability	Probability
Duty-Related Full	0.25
Duty-Related Partial	0.50
Nonduty-Related Full	0.20
Nonduty-Related Partial	0.05

ACTUARIAL SECTION

Family Composition

90% of members are assumed to be married, with husbands 2 years older than their wives. Re-marriage rates are not used.

Accrual of Future Service

Active members are assumed to accrue 1 year of service for each future year of employment.

Non-Contributory Service

A 13.3% load is applied to the retirement liability for active members to represent additional benefit service credit at retirement as a result of the conversion of annual leave, sick leave, and additional credit for military service.

Retirement Rates

70% of members are assumed to retire when first eligible for unreduced benefits at the earlier of age 50 and 20 years of service or any age and 25 years of service. An active member who has already attained eligibility for normal retirement has a 20% probability of retiring each year thereafter with 100% retiring on or after attainment of age 55.

Asset Valuation Method

Assets for valuation purposes are included at Market Value.

Plan Contributions

Both employee and employer contributions are assumed to be paid in the middle of the year.

ACTUARIAL SECTION

Schedule of Active Member Valuation Data

						% Increase (Decrease)
Valuation Date	Number	A۱	nnual Payroll	Anı	nual Average Pay	in Average Pay
6/30/2011	133	\$	8,001,000	\$	60,157.89	-1.30345%
6/30/2010	147		8,960,000		60,952.38	-2.73874%
6/30/2009	163		10,215,000		62,668.71	4.24699%
6/30/2008	173		10,400,000		60,115.61	4.41103%
6/30/2007	191		10,997,000		57,575.92	5.54895%
6/30/2006	204		28,000		54,549.02	4.41100%

Solvency Test

	Aggre	gate Accrued Li	abilit	ties For				
	(1)	(2)		(3)				
			Α	ctive Members		% of Accr	ued Liabilities	Covered
Valuation	Active Member	Retirants and	(En	nployer Financed	Reported	by F	Reported Asse	ets
Date	Contributions	Beneficiaries		Portions)	Assets	(1)	(2)	(3)
6/30/2011	\$ 3,420,540	\$ 504,876,000	\$	97,948,460	\$ 481,994,000	100.0000%	94.8254%	0.0000%
6/30/2010	4,001,490	484,787,000		101,940,510	404,444,000	100.0000%	82.7442%	0.0000%
6/30/2009	4,806,360	461,645,000		107,127,640	362,927,000	100.0000%	77.8060%	0.0000%
6/30/2008	5,580,810	440,958,000		101,084,190	459,182,000	100.0000%	100.0000%	12.5076%
6/30/2007	6,243,840	419,082,000		102,067,160	513,009,000	100.0000%	100.0000%	85.9073%
6/30/2006	6,510,150	400,494,000		99,823,850	452,794,000	100.0000%	100.0000%	45.8707%

Schedule of Retirees and Beneficiaries Added and Removed

_	Retirees /	Added	Retiree	s Re	emoved	Retirees - Year End				
Fiscal Year Ended	Number	Annual Allowances	Number		Annual Annual Allowances Number Allowance		Annual Allowances	% Increase in Annual Allowances	Average Annual Allowance	
										_
2011	22	\$ 1,496,421	(17)	\$	478,013	689	\$	32,429,754	4.443%	\$47,067.86
2010	30	1,971,032	(15)		547,180	684		30,824,823	4.248%	45,065.53
2009	21	1,328,897	(14)		426,804	669		28,920,348	4.808%	43,229.22
2008	16	890,947	(5)		142,622	662		27,304,928	4.225%	41,246.11
2007	17	1,003,174	(11)		200,559	651		25,762,801	4.242%	39,574.20
2006	19	1,112,601	(11)		380,973	645		24,486,575	331.800%	37,963.68

Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Liability		
Unfunded Actuarial Liability, June 30, 2010	<u>\$</u>	186,285,000
Expected increase from amortization method Expected increase from contributions below actuarial rates Investment experience Liability experience (including transfers) Change in assumption		(10,657,000) - (52,900,000) 1,523,000
Unfunded Actuarial Liability, June 30, 2011	\$	124,251,000

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Treasurer John D. Perdue
Cabinet Secretary Ross Taylor

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Captain Michael G. Corsaro
Drema B. Evans
Joe Lynch
D. Todd Murray
Tony Payne
Andrew Richardson

July 1, 2011

Actuarial Review and Certification

This Report presents the results of an Actuarial Valuation of the West Virginia State Police Retirement System (SPRS) as of July 1, 2011. The purposes of the Actuarial Valuation are to determine the actuarial liabilities for the Plan and to determine if the expected contributions will be sufficient to meet or exceed the Plan's long term funding policy.

Some key highlights are:

- The valuation was prepared based on an assumed interest rate of 7.50%.
- The valuation indicates that the expected state contribution of 17.5%, effective July 1, 2011, of payroll plus the member contribution of 13% of payroll is sufficient to meet the annual funding requirements of the plan.
- The funded percentage of plan assets to the actuarial accrued liability is 89.5%.
- Based on a 15-year projection, the Plan will continue to have positive cash flow; i.e., contributions
 plus investment income are expected to exceed benefit payments and expenses through FY
 2026. Contributions alone are expected to exceed benefit payments for at least the next 15 years.

This report contains supporting data and background information pertaining to the development of costs and related liabilities of the plan. The valuation is based on membership data as of June 30, 2011 maintained by the West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board (CPRB), and financial information received from the West Virginia Investment Management Board.

In performing the valuation, we relied on employee data and asset information provided by the administrative staff of the CPRB. In the case of employee data, each individual record was audited for reasonableness and internal consistency, although the validity of the information was not traced to source documents. With respect to plan assets, a general review for consistency with the information furnished from prior valuations was performed.

Certain tables presented in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report are derived from the most recent valuations reported by Buck Consultants. The tables were prepared by the staff of the CPRB and examined by our internal actuarial staff. These tables include-

Financial Section

- Schedule of Funding Progress
- Schedule of Employer Contributions

Actuarial Section

- Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods
- Schedule of Active Member Valuation Data
- Solvency Test
- Schedule of Retirees and Beneficiaries Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Liability

The Actuary hereby certifies that this Actuarial Valuation Report was completed in compliance with actuarial standards applicable to the purposes of the Actuarial Valuation. The Actuary further certifies that the actuarial methods and assumptions applied in completing the Actuarial Valuation as reasonable and appropriate for the purposes stated herein.

Respectfully Submitted:

Hange mardel

Harry W. Mandel

Board Actuary

Member, American Academy of Actuaries

Member Society of Pension Actuaries

Enrolled Actuary #11-2527

State Police Retirement System

SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Valuation Date: July 1, 2011

Funding Method and Basis for Assumptions

The valuation is prepared under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method with individually computed accrued liabilities. The Normal Cost is computed in aggregate. Entry is based on date of hire. The unfunded liability segments are amortized as a level dollar amount over their specified periods.

Experience studies are performed at least once in every five-year period. This valuation was prepared on the basis of assumptions that were recommended to and adopted by the Board on the basis of an experience study covering the period from July 1, 2003, to June 30, 2008. These assumptions will remain in effect for valuation purposes until such time as the Board adopts revised assumptions.

Interest Rate and Expenses

The valuation interest assumption is 7.50% annually, with no loading for plan expenses.

Mortality

The RP-2000 Mortality Tables for Healthy Annuitants and Employees are used for males and females. Mortality for non-disabled retirees is projected 10 years using Scale AA. Mortality for active members in service is projected 5 years with Scale AA in recognition of increased duty related accidental deaths. Mortality for disabled retirees is assumed to follow the unadjusted RP-2000 Mortality Tables for Disabled Retirees. It is assumed that 70% of deaths of members in service are duty related.

Salary Scales

Compensation is assumed to increase 6.50% per year for the first two years of service, 6.00% for the next 3 years, 5.50% for the next 5 years, and 4.75% per year thereafter. This corresponds to an assumed underlying inflation rate of 3.00%.

Withdrawal from Service

Withdrawal rate tables have been developed specifically for PSDDRS. Withdrawal rates cease once an employee is eligible for normal retirement. A sample of withdrawal rates follows:

	Rate of
Age	Withdrawal
20	0.0800
30	0.0571
40	0.0343
50	0.0114

State Police Retirement System

Disablement Rates

Disablement rates and the probability of each type of disability have been developed specifically for SPRS. No disablements are assumed to occur after the later of age 55 and the age first eligible for retirement. A sample of disablement rates follows:

Age	Rate of Disablement
20	0.0005
30	0.0020
40	0.0060
50	0.0040

Type of	
Disability	Probability
Duty-Related Full	0.25
Duty-Related Partial	0.50
Nonduty-Related Full	0.20
Nonduty-Related Partial	0.05

Family Composition

It is assumed that 90% of members are married, with husbands 3 years older than their wives. Remarriage rates are not used.

Accrual of Future Service

Active members are assumed to accrue one year of service for each future year of employment.

Non-Contributory Service

It is assumed that state troopers at retirement will have a 13.3% increase over contributory service added for all sources.

Retirement Rates

70% of members are assumed to retire when first eligible for unreduced benefits at the earlier of age 50 and 20 years of service or any age and 25 years of service. An active member who has already attained eligibility for normal retirement has a 20% probability of retiring each year thereafter with 100% retiring on or after attainment of age 55.

Asset Valuation Method

Assets for valuation purposes are included at Market Value.

Plan Contributions

Both employee and employer contributions are assumed to be paid in the middle of the year.

State Police Retirement System

Schedule of Active Member Valuation Data

					% Increase (Decrease)
Valuation Date	Number	Α	nnual Payroll	Annual Average Pay	in Average Pay
6/30/2011	523	\$	24,725,000	\$ 47,275.33	-0.38876%
6/30/2010	498		23,635,000	47,459.84	0.08509%
6/30/2009	472		22,382,000	47,419.49	6.36366%
6/30/2008	455		20,285,000	44,582.42	6.19366%
6/30/2007	449		18,850,000	41,982.18	14.01588%
6/30/2006	431		15,870,000	36,821.35	3.17500%

Solvency Test

	Aggre	gate Accrued Li	abilities For				
	(1)	(2)	(3)				
				% of Accr	ued Liabilities	Covered	
Valuation	Active Member	Retirants and	(Employer Financed	Reported	by F	Reported Ass	ets
Date	Contributions	Beneficiaries	Portions)	Assets	(1)	(2)	(3)
6/30/2011	\$ 30,712,110	\$ 6,674,000	\$ 41,649,890	\$ 70,756,000	100.0000%	100.0000%	80.1200%
6/30/2010	30,016,350	6,695,000	32,459,650	52,735,000	100.0000%	100.0000%	49.3648%
6/30/2009	28,706,730	5,351,000	27,570,270	40,321,000	100.0000%	100.0000%	22.7175%
6/30/2008	24,440,160	4,449,000	22,498,840	41,564,000	100.0000%	100.0000%	56.3355%
6/30/2007	25,036,800	273,200	13,017,200	40,350,000	100.0000%	100.0000%	96.6506%
6/30/2006	24,567,960	2,178,000	6,806,040	30,747,000	100.0000%	100.0000%	58.7866%

Schedule of Retirees and Beneficiaries Added and Removed

	Retirees A	Added	Retirees Removed		Retirees - Year End			
Fiscal							% Increase	Average
Year		Annual		Annual		Annual	in Annual	Annual
Ended	Number	Allowances	Number	Allowances	Number	Allowances	Allowances	Allowance
2011	-	\$ -	-	\$ -	17	\$ 446,525	0.686%	\$26,266.18
2010	4	176,822	(1)	17,920	17	443,482	0.909%	26,087.18
2009	2	45,048	-	_	14	361,932	15.165%	25,852.29
2008	4	101,750	-	-	12	269,376	8.147%	22,448.00
2007	1	33,043	-	_	8	166,056	10.326%	20,757.00
2006	1	17,383	-	-	7	131,700	-0.286%	18,814.29

Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Liability	
Unfunded Actuarial Liability, June 30, 2010	\$ 16,436,000
Expected increase from amortization method Expected increase from contributions below actuarial rates Investment experience Liability experience (including transfers) Change in assumption	(434,000) (383,000) (6,900,000) (439,000)
Unfunded Actuarial Liability, June 30, 2011	\$ 8.280.000

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Executive Director Jeffrey E. Fleck

State of West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board

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David L. Wyant, Chairman
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Andrew Richardson

July 1, 2011

Actuarial Review and Certification

This report presents the results of a July 1, 2011 Actuarial Valuation of the West Virginia Deputy Sheriff Retirement System (DSRS). The purposes of the Actuarial Valuation are to determine the actuarial liabilities for the Plan and to determine if the expected contributions will be sufficient to meet the Plan's long term funding policy.

As of the July I, 2011 Actuarial Valuation date, the Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) attributable to past years of employment totals \$149,462,000. Trust Fund assets available to fund the AAL have a market value of \$113,574,000. The resulting Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) is \$35,888,000. The funded percentage is 76.0% on the valuation date.

The minimum funding policy for DSRS is to contribute no less than the annual Normal Cost plus the amount necessary to fund the UAAL by the end of FY2029. Amortization payments are calculated as a level percentage of expected total DSRS payroll plus level report fee deposits under West Virginia Code Section 7-14E-2. The required employer contribution under the funding policy for FY2012 is \$5,354,000. The maximum employer contribution percentage was increased from 10.5% to 13.0% of payroll in the 2011 legislative session. The Consolidated Public Retirement Board (CPRB) Board of Trustees increased the employer contribution rate effective July 1, 2011 to 13.0%, the rate necessary to fund the minimum required contribution. Total expected employer contributions at the current 13.0% of payroll contribution rate plus fee deposits of \$550,000 total \$6,058,000. The amount exceeds the amount necessary to meet the minimum funding policy by \$704,000. The amount is \$192,000 less than preferred level dollar amortization alternative applied to other WV State plans.

The valuation includes experience gains or losses for the year. Trust Fund assets returned 20.3% for the year, some 12.8% above the actuarially assumed rate of 7.5%. The resulting gain from investments was approximately \$12.0 million. Fee contributions continued near prior levels for FY2011. The expected fee assumption was held level at \$550,000 to reflect the current experience in collections. Salary increases averaged lower than expected.

In performing the valuation, we relied on employee data and asset information provided by the administrative staff of the West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board (CPRB). In the case of employee data, each individual record was audited for reasonableness and internal consistency, although the validity of the information was not traced to source documents. With respect to plan assets, a general review for consistency with the information furnished from prior valuations was performed.

Certain tables presented in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report are derived from the most recent valuations reported by the Board Actuary. The tables were prepared by the staff of the CPRB and examined by our internal actuarial staff. These tables include-

Financial Section

- Schedule of Funding Progress
- Schedule of Employer Contributions

Actuarial Section

- · Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods
- Schedule of Active Member Valuation Data
- Solvency Test
- Schedule of Retirees and Beneficiaries Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Liability

The Board Actuary hereby certifies that this Actuarial Valuation Report was completed in compliance with actuarial standards applicable to the purposes of the actuarial valuation. The Board Actuary further certifies that the actuarial methods and assumptions applied in completing the actuarial valuation as reasonable and appropriate for the purposes stated herein.

Respectfully Submitted:

Harry wandel

Harry W. Mandel Board Actuary

Member, American Academy of Actuaries

Member Society of Pension Actuaries

Enrolled Actuary #11-2527

SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Interest Return and Discount Rate

The interest rate assumption is a net return rate of 7.50% annually, net of investment and administrative expenses. The rate is applied to the interest return on Trust Fund assets as well as the discount rate on future expected benefit payments.

Healthy Life Mortality Rates

Active members mortality is the RP2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table with mortality improvements projected to 2005 with separate rates for males and females. The projection year reflects additional job related mortality risks.

Retired members and their beneficiaries mortality is the RP2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table with mortality improvements projected to 2010 with separate rates for males and females.

Disability Retirees Mortality Rates

Member receiving disability retirement benefits mortality is the RP2000 Disabled Annuitants Mortality Table with separate rates for males and females.

Salary Scale

An annual salary increase rate of 6.5% in each of the first two years of service, decreasing to 6.0% for years three through five, 5.5% for years six through ten years and 5.0% for all years of service in excess of the first ten years.

Payroll Growth Rate

The total annual payroll for the active membership is assumed to increase at 3.5% per year for salary increase growth plus 1.5% per year for membership growth resulting in a total annual growth of 5.0%. This open group growth rate is applied in determining the percentage of payroll amortization requirements under the targeted DSRS funding of the UAAL by the end of Fiscal Year 2029. This growth rate includes projected newly hired deputy sheriffs and is an open group payroll projection rate.

Withdrawal Rates

Withdrawal rates predict termination of employment prior to unreduced retirement eligibility. A sample of withdrawal rates by age are:

Age	Rate of Withdrawal
30	0.0800
40	0.0480
50	0.0160

Deputy Sheriff Retirement System

Disability Rates

Disablement rates predict an active member becoming disabled prior to unreduced retirement eligibility. A sample of disability rates by age are:

Age	Rate of Withdrawal
30	0.0020
40	0.0060
50	0.0040

Disability Rates - Type of Disability

It is assumed that members eligible for unreduced retirement will elect retirement prior to becoming disabled. It is also assumed that retired members will not become disabled following retirement due to duty related causes incurred prior to retirement.

Disability retirement benefits vary by type of disability. Disability retirements are assumed to break down in the following types:

Duty Related Full Disability -	25%
Duty Related Partial Disability -	50%
Non-Duty Full Disability -	20%
Non-Duty Partial Disability -	5%

Marriage Rate and Composition

In determining the value of pre-retirement spousal death benefits, it is assumed that 90% of all members will be married at death. Males are assumed to be three years older than their female spouse.

Accrual of Future Service

Employment as a deputy sheriff is considered a full time professional position. All active members are assumed to complete sufficient hours to accrue one year of service in each future year of employment.

Non-Contributory Service Credits for Military Service and Unused Leave at Retirement

At Normal or Early retirement, a member is assumed to be granted 1.25 additional years of service for benefits due to allowable military service, plus 1.25 additional years for unused annual leave and/or unused sick leave for a total of 2.5 additional years.

Retirement Rates

Members who become eligible for unreduced retirement benefits prior to age 65 are assumed to have a 30% probability of retiring in the year they first become eligible. For years following the year of first eligibility and prior to attaining age 65, an additional 20% are assumed to retire each year. At 65, 100% of remaining members are assumed to retire.

Members who become eligible for unreduced retirement benefits on or after the attainment of age 65 are assumed to retire in the year they become eligible.

Plan Contributions

Member and employer contributions are calculated as a percentage of total members' payroll. Amounts are deposited to the Trust Fund on a monthly basis. For interest calculation purposes, all amounts are treated as being deposited on an average of half way through the Plan year.

Deputy Sheriff Retirement System

Schedule of Active Member Valuation Data

Valuation Date	Number	А	nnual Payroll	Annual Average Pay	% Increase (Decrease) in Average Pay
6/30/2011	954	\$	42,366,000	\$ 44,408.81	3.48983%
6/30/2010	958		41,109,000	42,911.27	1.71203%
6/30/2009	926		39,067,000	42,188.98	3.08447%
6/30/2008	913		37,366,000	40,926.62	5.61326%
6/30/2007	893		34,605,000	38,751.40	4.97924%
6/30/2006	866		31,967,000	36,913.39	3.30200%

Solvency Test

	Aggre	gate Accrued Li	abilities For				
	(1)	(2)	(3)				
	Active Members				% of Accr	ued Liabilities	Covered
Valuation	Active Member	Retirants and	(Employer Financed	Reported	by F	Reported Asse	ets
Date	Contributions	Beneficiaries	Portions)	Assets	(1)	(2)	(3)
6/30/2011	\$ 32,663,715	\$ 64,464,000	\$ 51,334,285	\$113,574,000	100.0000%	100.0000%	30.0896%
6/30/2010	31,989,920	61,890,000	45,758,080	92,692,000	100.0000%	98.7346%	0.0000%
6/30/2009	30,591,925	59,534,000	39,078,075	78,220,000	100.0000%	86.7897%	0.0000%
6/30/2008	27,768,140	52,759,000	39,213,860	89,852,000	100.0000%	100.0000%	23.7872%
6/30/2007	25,389,160	44,387,000	39,949,840	93,983,000	100.0000%	100.0000%	60.5931%
6/30/2006	23,229,565	40,768,000	39,750,435	77,899,000	100.0000%	100.0000%	34.9718%

Schedule of Retirees and Beneficiaries Added and Removed

_	Retirees /	Added	Retiree	s Removed	Retirees - Year End			
Fiscal							% Increase	Average
Year		Annual		Annual		Annual	in Annual	Annual
Ended	Number	Allowances	Number	Allowances	Number	Allowances	Allowances	Allowance
2011	15	\$ 375,268	(3)	\$ 83,944	272	\$ 5,878,382	-0.097%	\$21,611.70
2010	13	292,812	(1)	17,194	260	5,624,509	1.289%	21,632.73
2009	32	843,276	(11)	264,193	248	5,296,624	2.072%	21,357.35
2008	33	793,778	(3)	47,990	227	4,749,716	1.017%	20,923.86
2007	15	429,466	(1)	26,338	197	4,080,498	1.123%	20,713.19
2006	21	459,784	-	-	183	3,748,401	3.633%	20,483.07

Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Liability		
Unfunded Actuarial Liability, June 30, 2010	<u>\$</u>	46,946,000
Expected increase from amortization method Expected increase from contributions below actuarial rates Investment experience Liability experience (including transfers) Change in assumption		89,000 1,010,000 (12,000,000) (157,000)
Unfunded Actuarial Liability, June 30, 2011	\$	35.888.000

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Board Members
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Auditor Glen B. Gainer III, Vice Chairman
Treasurer John D. Perdue
Cabinet Secretary Ross Taylor

Executive Director Jeffrey E. Fleck

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Andrew Richardson

July 1, 2011

Actuarial Review and Certification

This Report presents the results of an Actuarial Valuation of the West Virginia Judges" Retirement System (JRS) as of July 1, 2011. The purposes of the Actuarial Valuation are to determine the actuarial liabilities for the Plan and to determine if the expected contributions will be sufficient to meet or exceed the Plan's long term funding policy.

Some key highlights are:

- The valuation was prepared under the same assumptions used in the prior, July 1, 2010, valuation.
- Retiree COLA increases were reflected consistent with the most recent pay increase for actives participants effective at July 1, 2011.
- The valuation indicates that the recommended State contribution for Fiscal Year 2013, projected from the FY 2012 valuation results, is \$2,422,000.
- The yield on investments for the year ending June 30, 2011 for valuation purposes (assuming mid-year transactions) was 20.57%, which is higher than the valuation assumed return of 7.50%.
 The yield on a time-weighted basis (excluding administrative expense) determined by the Investment Management Board was 20.66%.

This report contains supporting data and background information pertaining to the development of costs and related liabilities of the plan. The valuation is based on membership data as of June 30, 2011 maintained by the West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board (CPRB), the new benefit structure established for Judges first appointed on or after July 2, 2005, and financial information received from the West Virginia Investment Management Board.

In performing the valuation, we relied on employee data and asset information provided by the administrative staff of the CPRB. In the case of employee data, each individual record was audited for reasonableness and internal consistency, although the validity of the information was not traced to source documents. With respect to plan assets, a general review for consistency with the information furnished from prior valuations was performed.

Certain tables presented in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report are derived from the most recent valuations reported by Buck Consultants. The tables were prepared by the staff of the CPRB and examined by our internal actuarial staff. These tables include-

Financial Section

- Schedule of Funding Progress
- Schedule of Employer Contributions

Actuarial Section

- Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods
- Schedule of Active Member Valuation Data
- Solvency Test
- Schedule of Retirees and Beneficiaries Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Liability

The Actuary hereby certifies that this Actuarial Valuation Report was completed in compliance with actuarial standards applicable to the purposes of the Actuarial Valuation. The Actuary further certifies that the actuarial methods and assumptions applied in completing the Actuarial Valuation as reasonable and appropriate for the purposes stated herein.

Respectfully Submitted:

Hange mardel

Harry W. Mandel Board Actuary

Member, American Academy of Actuaries

Member Society of Pension Actuaries

Enrolled Actuary #11-2527

SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Valuation Date: July 1, 2011

Funding Method and Basis for Assumptions

The valuation is prepared under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method with individually computed accrued liabilities. The Normal Cost is computed in aggregate. Entry is based on date of hire. Active liabilities include amounts calculated for judges currently participating in the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) who may in the future transfer into the Judges' Retirement System (JRS) with an adjustment for the anticipated transfer of required member contributions.

Experience studies are performed at least once in every five-year period. This valuation was prepared on the basis of assumptions that were recommended to and adopted by the Board on the basis of an experience study covering the period from July 1, 2004, to June 30, 2009. These assumptions will remain in effect for valuation purposes until such time as the Board adopts revised assumptions.

Interest Rate and Expenses

The valuation interest assumption is 7.50% annually, with no loading for plan expenses.

Salary Scales and Normal Cost

4.5% annually from the current valuation date. Increases are assumed to be delayed, occurring every few years. Missed increases are assumed to be made up at the CPI-U inflation rate for such missed year not less than 0%, but not more than the 3.0% inflation rate assumption. The valuation year salary scale increase of 4.5% is adjusted to include the missed inflation increases at the end of the valuation year. Retiree COLA increases are adjusted consistent with the salary scale adjustments since they are tied to current salaries. The most recent pay increase occurred at July 1, 2011.

Automatic Cost-of-Living Increases to Pensions

Pensions for judges appointed or elected prior to July 2, 2005 are assumed to increase at the same time as active salaries increase, and by the same percentage.

Mortality

The 1994 GAM Male and Female Mortality Tables are used. Disabled mortality is the same as the regular mortality assumption. No mortality is assumed prior to retirement due to the small number of active members.

Withdrawal from Service

No withdrawal is assumed due to the small number of active members.

Retirement Rates and Service

For those eligible to retire prior to age 65, 5% are assumed to retire each year through age 64 with 100% retiring at age 65. For those first eligible at age 65 or later, 100% are assumed to retire when they become eligible.

In determining eligibility, actual military service was provided both for judges participating in JRS and judges currently in PERS. No creditable prosecuting attorney service is assumed.

ACTUARIAL SECTION

Judges' Retirement System

Transfers from PERS

It is assumed that all judges in PERS who earn sufficient service to vest under JRS will join JRS. Liabilities for potential transfers from PERS are included in this valuation and are calculated as if the judge had always been a member of JRS. Accumulated member contributions under PERS are treated as an offset to plan liabilities for valuation purposes. The shortfall of PERS accumulated member contributions versus the amount they would have contributed under the plan had they always been a participant under JRS is recognized in the development of the normal cost.

Family Composition

All judges are assumed to be married. Where spousal data is not available, it is assumed that male judges are five years older than their spouses and female judges are five years younger than their spouses. Surviving children's benefits were not explicitly valued.

Asset Valuation Method

Assets for valuation purposes are included at Market Value.

Plan Contributions

Both employee and employer contributions are assumed to be paid in the middle of the year.

Schedule of Active Member Valuation Data

						% Increase (Decrease)
Valuation Date	Number	Α	nnual Payroll	An	nual Average Pay	in Average Pay
6/30/2011	70	\$	8,860,000	\$	126,571.43	8.84898%
6/30/2010	71		8,256,000		116,281.69	-22.85981%
6/30/2009	54		8,140,000		150,740.74	9.48365%
6/30/2008	60		8,261,000		137,683.33	0.00000%
6/30/2007	60		8,261,000		137,683.33	6.31918%
6/30/2006	62		8,029,000		129,500.00	-6.60200%

Solvency Test

		Aggreg	ate Accrued Li	abili	ties For				
		(1)	(2)		(3)				
				Α	ctive Members	% of Accrued Liabilities Covere			s Covered
Valuation	Acti	ve Member	Retirants and	(Em	ployer Financed	Reported	by F	Reported Ass	ets
Date	Coi	ntributions	Beneficiaries		Portions)	Assets	(1)	(2)	(3)
6/30/2011	\$	6,908,063	\$48,143,000	\$	40,539,937	\$ 124,583,000	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%
6/30/2010		7,170,009	48,116,000		40,721,991	102,814,000	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%
6/30/2009		7,023,660	49,555,000		26,606,340	88,310,000	100.0000%	100.0000%	86.6826%
6/30/2008		5,999,595	41,887,000		50,078,405	100,186,000	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%
6/30/2007		6,448,155	44,809,000		44,760,845	104,127,000	100.0000%	100.0000%	100.0000%
6/30/2006		6,484,380	41,407,000		43,928,620	85,932,000	100.0000%	100.0000%	86.5964%

Schedule of Retirees and Beneficiaries Added and Removed

_	Retirees Added		Retirees Removed		Retirees - Year End			
Fiscal							% Increase	Average
Year		Annual		Annual		Annual	in Annual	Annual
Ended	Number	Allowances	Number	Allowances	Number	Allowances	Allowances	Allowance
2011	-	\$ -	-	\$ -	56	\$ 4,272,705	6.932%	\$76,298.30
2010	1	72,533	3	196,813	56	3,995,663	-0.646%	71,351.13
2009	9	774,607	-	-	58	4,165,281	2.417%	71,815.19
2008	-	-	4	283,040	49	3,435,891	-1.026%	70,120.22
2007	-	-	-	-	53	3,754,892	1.206%	70,841.02
2006	-	-	-	-	53	3,710,165	0.502%	70,003.11

Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Liability	
Funded in excess of Actuarial Liability, June 30, 2010	\$ (6,806,000)
Expected increase from amortization method Expected increase from contributions below actuarial rates Investment experience Liability experience (including transfers) Change in assumption	(511,000) - (13,400,000) (8,275,000)
Funded in excess of Actuarial Liability, June 30, 2011	\$ (28,275,000)

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Board Members
Governor Earl Ray Tomblin
Auditor Glen B. Gainer III, Vice Chairman
Treasurer John D. Perdue
Cabinet Secretary Ross Taylor

Executive Director

Jeffrey E. Fleck

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Joe Lynch
D. Todd Murray
Tony Payne
Andrew Richardson

July 1, 2011

Actuarial Review and Certification

This Report presents the results of an Actuarial Valuation of the West Virginia Emergency Medical Services Retirement System (EMSRS) as of July 1, 2011. The purposes of the Actuarial Valuation are to determine the actuarial liabilities for the Plan and to determine if the expected contributions will be sufficient to meet or exceed the Plan's long term funding policy.

On the July 1, 2011 Actuarial Valuation date, the Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) attributable to past years of employment totaled \$39,225,000. Assets in the EMSRS trust fund had a market value of \$32,366,000. The Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) was \$6,859,000. The resulting funded level for EMSRS is 82.5%. It is noted that the reduction in UAAL includes actuarial gains on investments of about \$3,1 million due to an actuarial asset return rate of 19.83% with a partial offsetting increase in liabilities due to the increase in the benefit multiplier from 2.6% to 2.75% for the first 20 years of service credits. The benefit increase was triggered due to the attainment of a 75.1 % funded level in the July 1, 2010 Actuarial Valuation.

The employer funding policy for EMSRS is to contribute at least the employer Normal Cost plus the amount necessary to fund the UAAL over 27 years from July 1, 2011. Funding payments are calculated as level dollar amortization payments. The actuarially required contribution (ARC) under the funding policy for FY2012 is \$1,388,000. The total expected employer contribution at the current 10.5% of payroll contribution rate is \$2,361,000. Expected EMSRS employer contributions exceed the ARC requirement by \$973,000. A change in the employer contribution rate is not recommended since the current 10.5% contribution rate is set as a long term rate. Additionally the favorable current results are due largely to the gains on assets for the year which significantly improved the Plan's funded percentage. Current volatility in the asset markets also calls for the maintenance of a more conservative contribution percentage.

In performing the valuation, we relied on employee data and asset information provided by the administrative staff of the West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board (CPRB). In the case of employee data, each individual record was audited for reasonableness and internal consistency, although the validity of the information was not traced to source documents. With respect to plan assets, a general review for consistency with the information furnished from prior valuations was performed.

Certain tables presented in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report are derived from the most recent valuations reported by the Board Actuary. The tables were prepared by the staff of the CPRB and examined by our internal actuarial staff. These tables include-

Financial Section

- Schedule of Funding Progress
- Schedule of Employer Contributions

Actuarial Section

- · Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods
- Schedule of Active Member Valuation Data
- Solvency Test
- Schedule of Retirees and Beneficiaries Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Liability

The Actuary hereby certifies that this Actuarial Valuation Report was completed in compliance with actuarial standards applicable to the purposes of the Actuarial Valuation. The Actuary further certifies that the actuarial methods and assumptions applied in completing the Actuarial Valuation as reasonable and appropriate for the purposes stated herein.

Respectfully Submitted:

Hange mardel

Harry W. Mandel

Board Actuary

Member, American Academy of Actuaries

Member Society of Pension Actuaries

Enrolled Actuary #11-2527

Emergency Medical Services Retirement System

SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Interest Return and Discount Rate

The interest rate assumption is a net return rate of 7.50% annually, net of investment and administrative expenses. The rate is applied to the interest return on Trust Fund assets as well as the discount rate on future expected benefit payments.

Healthy Life Mortality Rates

Active, regular retiree and beneficiary members' mortality is the 1983 Group Annuity Mortality Table with separate rates for males and females. This assumption was applied in initial studies establishing the Plan and is effective until the first experience review of Plan assumptions is completed.

Disability Retirees Mortality Rates

For members receiving disability retirement benefits the mortality is the 1983 Group Annuity Mortality Table with separate rates for males and females, set forward eight years in recognition of increased mortality due to disability.

Salary Scale

Annual salary increases are assumed by age on a unisex basis. Sample annual salary increases are as follows:

Age	Rate
Under 31	1.0500
40	1.0425
50	1.0400
60	1.0375

Payroll Growth Rate

Total annual payroll for the active membership is assumed to increase at 3.0% annually. This growth rate includes projected new hires and is an open group payroll projection rate. This open group growth rate is applied in certain projections contained in the actuarial valuation report tables. The rate does not impact EMSRS liabilities nor the ARC.

Withdrawal Rates

Withdrawal rates predict termination of employment prior to unreduced retirement eligibility. A sample of unisex rates by age are:

Age	Rate
30	0.1050
40	0.0750
50	0.0500
55	-

Disability Rates

Disablement rates predict an active member becoming disabled prior to unreduced retirement eligibility. A sample of disability rates by age and sex are:

Emergency Medical Services Retirement System

Age	Males	Females
30	0.00040	0.00080
40	0.00150	0.00150
50	0.00650	0.00300
51+	0.00850	0.00650

It is assumed that members eligible for unreduced retirement will elect retirement prior to becoming disabled. It is also assumed that retired members will not become disabled following retirement due to duty related causes incurred prior to retirement.

Disability retirement benefits vary by duty and non-duty causes. Disability retirements are assumed to occur in the following percentages:

> **Duty Related Disability -**50% Non-Duty Disability -50%

Marriage Rate and Composition

In determining the value of pre-retirement spousal death benefits, it is assumed that 80% of all members will be married at death. Males are assumed to be three years older than their female spouse.

Cause of Death for Death Benefits

Deaths from active employment are assumed to be from duty related causes 25% of the time with nonduty causes accounting for the remaining 75%.

Accrual of Future Service

EMSRS employment is considered a full time professional position. All active members are assumed to complete sufficient hours to accrue one year of service in each future year of employment.

Non-Contributory Service Credits for Military Service and Unused Leave at Retirement

At Normal or Early retirement, members are assumed to convert a part of their unused sick leave to additional retirement service credits. In addition, allowable military service credits are expected to be claimed for qualifying members. It is assumed that male members will be credited with an additional 7% of their contributory service credits and female members will be credited with an additional 1.75% of their contributory service credits.

Retirement Rates

Members who become eligible for unreduced retirement benefits prior to age 65 are assumed to have a 30% probability of retiring in the year they first become eligible. For years following the year of first eligibility and prior to attaining age 65, an additional 20% are assumed to retire each year. At 65, 100% of remaining members are assumed to retire.

Members who become eligible for unreduced retirement benefits on or after the attainment of age 65 are assumed to retire in the year they first become eligible.

Plan Contributions

Member and employer contributions are calculated as a percentage of total members' payroll. Amounts are deposited to the Trust Fund on a monthly basis. For interest calculation purposes, all amounts are treated as being deposited on an average of half way through the Plan year.

Emergency Medical Services Retirement System

The EMSRS was established January 2008.

Schedule of Active Member Valuation Data

						% Increase (Decrease)
Valuation Date	Number	Αı	nnual Payroll	An	nual Average Pay	in Average Pay
6/30/2011	535	\$	22,488,000	\$	42,033.64	3.30336%
6/30/2010	525		21,362,000		40,689.52	2.23398%
6/30/2009	511		20,338,000		39,800.39	7.87553%
6/30/2008	475		17,525,000		36,894.74	100.00%

Solvency Test

	Aggre	gate Accrued Li					
	(1)	(2)	(3)				
				% of Accr	ued Liabilities	Covered	
Valuation	n Active Member Retirants and		(Employer Financed	Reported	by F	Reported Ass	ets
Date	Contributions	Beneficiaries	Portions)	Assets	(1)	(2)	(3)
6/30/2011	\$ 14,357,945	\$ 6,666,000	\$ 18,201,055	\$ 32,366,000	100.0000%	100.0000%	62.3154%
6/30/2010	13,615,555	1,341,000	16,546,445	23,662,000	100.0000%	100.0000%	52.6122%
6/30/2009	13,025,995	1,413,000	12,530,005	17,173,000	100.0000%	100.0000%	21.8197%
6/30/2008	10,803,500	143,000	10,260,500	15,675,000	100.0000%	100.0000%	46.0845%

Schedule of Retirees and Beneficiaries Added and Removed

Retirees Added			Retiree	es Removed	Retiree	es - Year End		
Fiscal							% Increase	Average
Year		Annual		Annual		Annual	in Annual	Annual
Ended	Number	Allowances	Number	Allowances	Number	Allowances	Allowances	Allowance
2011	-	\$ -	-	\$ -	-	\$ -	0.000%	\$ -
2010	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.000%	-
2009	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.000%	-
2008	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.000%	-

Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Liability									
Unfunded Actuarial Liability, June 30, 2010	\$	7,841,000							
Expected increase from amortization method Expected increase from contributions below actuarial rates Investment experience Liability experience (including transfers) Change in assumption		(90,000) (898,000) (3,100,000) 3,106,000							
Unfunded Actuarial Liability, June 30, 2011	\$	6,859,000							

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Board Members
Governor Earl Ray Tomblin
Auditor Glen B. Gainer III, Vice Chairman
Treasurer John D. Perdue
Cabinet Secretary Ross Taylor

Executive Director Jeffrey E. Fleck

State of West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board

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Joseph Bunn
Captain Michael G. Corsaro
Drema B. Evans
Joe Lynch
D. Todd Murray
Tony Payne
Andrew Richardson

July 1, 2011

Actuarial Review and Certification

This Report presents the results of an Actuarial Valuation of the West Virginia Municipal Police and Fire Retirement System (MPOFRS) as of July I, 2011. The purposes of the Actuarial Valuation are to determine the actuarial liabilities for the Plan and to determine if the expected contributions will be sufficient to meet or exceed the Plan's long term funding policy.

MPOFRS was first effective January 1, 2010. It did not have any members nor assets as of its effective date and therefore an actuarial valuation was not completed. Six members joined the plan during April of 2010, resulting in limited experience being reflected in the July 1, 2010 Actuarial Valuation. For the July 1,201 I Actuarial Valuation the experience is still limited with only 9 active members participating on the valuation date.

On the July 1, 2011 Actuarial Valuation date, the Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) attributable to past years of employment totaled \$23,000. Assets in the MPOFRS trust fund had a market value of \$65,000. The Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) was fully funded on the valuation date. The funded percentage is 282.6%, recognizing \$42,000 of pre-funding.

The funding policy for MPOFRS is to contribute at least the employer Normal Cost plus the amount necessary to fund the UAAL over 30 years from July 1, 2010. Funding payments are calculated as level dollar amortization payments. The funding policy is consistent with the funding policy for the Emergency Medical Services Retirement System. The actuarially required contribution (ARC) under the funding policy for FY2012 is \$7,000. The total expected employer contribution at the current 8.5% of payroll contribution rate is \$29,000. A change in the employer contribution rate is not recommended since the low number of members is expected to yield volatile results. Benefits, except for a return of member contributions, are not payable prior to January 1, 2013. Membership must reach 100 by January 1, 2014 for this Plan to continue.

In performing the valuation, we relied on employee data and asset information provided by the administrative staff of the West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board (CPRB). In the case of employee data, each individual record was audited for reasonableness and internal consistency, although the validity of the information was not traced to source documents. With respect to plan assets, a general review for consistency with the information furnished from prior valuations was performed.

Certain tables presented in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report are derived from the most recent valuations reported by the Board Actuary. The tables were prepared by the staff of the CPRB and examined by our internal actuarial staff. These tables include-

Financial Section

- Schedule of Funding Progress
- Schedule of Employer Contributions

Actuarial Section

- Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods
- Schedule of Active Member Valuation Data
- Solvency Test
- Schedule of Retirees and Beneficiaries Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Liability

The Actuary hereby certifies that this Actuarial Valuation Report was completed in compliance with actuarial standards applicable to the purposes of the Actuarial Valuation. The Actuary further certifies that the actuarial methods and assumptions applied in completing the Actuarial Valuation as reasonable and appropriate for the purposes stated herein.

Respectfully Submitted:

Hange mardel

Harry W. Mandel Board Actuary

Member, American Academy of Actuaries

Member Society of Pension Actuaries

Enrolled Actuary #11-2527

SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Actuarial Valuation Date

The initial actuarial valuation was completed on July 1, 2010, the first fiscal year with active members following the January 1, 2010 effective date. Subsequent valuations are completed each July 1. Actuarial calculations verify the adequacy of the funding through employer and member contribution for the fiscal year corresponding to the Plan year.

Actuarial Cost Method

The valuation is completed applying the Entry Age Normal Cost Method with Aggregate Normal Cost determination. The Actuarial Accrued Liability and the Normal Cost are determined on a level percentage of aggregate expected future payroll.

Under the method, the Actuarial Accrued Liability is determined on an individual basis as a level percentage of expected compensation for each member. Inactive liabilities are valued on an accrued benefit basis.

The Total Normal Cost percentage of payroll requirement is calculated by dividing the excess of the Actuarial Present Value of Future benefits over the Actuarial Accrued Liability on an aggregate basis by the aggregate Present Value of Future Compensation for all active members. The Employer Normal Cost Percentage is calculated by subtracting the member contribution rate from the Total Normal Cost Percentage. The Employer Normal Cost is the Employer Normal Cost Percentage multiplied by the expected payroll for the valuation year.

Asset Valuation Method

Trust Fund assets are valued at the reported market value of assets reported by the Investment Management Board for the Trust Fund as of the actuarial valuation date. The market value includes accrued amounts as reflected in the annual accounting for the Trust Fund and included in the CPRB annual report.

Amortization Method for Funding

The funding target (the ARC) for MPOFRS is equal to the Employer Normal Cost plus amortization of the UAAL. The initial UAAL was to be fully amortized over 30 years from July 1, 2010. Amortization payments were calculated as a level dollar amount each year over the 30 year period. Experience at July 1, 2011 indicated that the AAL was fully funded and that amortization for an UAAL component does not apply this year.

Contributions in excess of the ARC, if any, shall be applied to improve the funded percentage of MPOFRS until an actuarial of MPOFRS until an actuarially acceptable funding level has been attained.

Interest Return and Discount Rate

The interest rate assumption is a return rate of 7.50% annually, net of investment and administrative expenses. This rate is applied for both the net interest return expected to be earned on Trust Fund assets and the discount rate on expected when assets become sufficient to warrant regular Investment Management Board strategies during FY2012.

Healthy Life Mortality Rates

The 1983 Group Annuity Mortality Table with separate rates for males and females. This assumption was applied in initial studies establishing the Plan and is effective until the first experience review of plan assumptions is completed.

Salary Scale

Annual salary increase factors are assumed by age on a unisex basis with sample annual salary increases as follows:

Age	Rate
Under 31	1.0500
40	1.0425
50	1.0400
60	1.0375

Payroll Growth Rate

Total annual payroll for the active membership is assumed to increase at 3.0% annually. This growth rate is applied in certain projections contained in the actuarial valuation report tables. The rate does not impact MPOFRS liabilities nor the ARC. The growth rate was set based on current limited employer participation in MPOFRS. The growth rate will need to be increased if additional employers begin participating in MPOFRS.

Withdrawal Rates

Withdrawal rates predict termination of employment prior to unreduced retirement eligibility. A sample of unisex rates by age are:

Age	Rate
30	0.1050
40	0.0750
50	0.0500
55	_

Disability Rates

Disablement rates predict an active member becoming disabled prior to unreduced retirement eligibility. A sample of disability rates by age and sex are:

Age	Males	Females
30	0.00040	0.00080
40	0.00150	0.00150
50	0.00650	0.00300
51+	0.00850	0.00650

It is assumed that members eligible for unreduced retirement will elect retirement prior to becoming disabled. It is also assumed that retired members will not become disabled following retirement due to duty related causes incurred prior to retirement.

Disability retirement benefits vary by duty and non-duty causes. Disability retirements are assumed to occur in the following percentages:

> Duty Related Disability -50% Non-Duty Disability -50%

Marriage Rate and Composition

In determining the value of pre-retirement spousal death benefits, it is assumed that 80% of all members will be married at death. Males are assumed to be three years older than their female spouse.

Cause of Death for Death Benefits

Deaths from active employment are assumed to be from duty related causes 25% of the time with non-duty causes accounting for the remaining 75%.

Accrual of Future Service

MPOFRS employment is considered a full time professional position. All active members are assumed to complete sufficient hours to accrue one year of service in each future year of employment.

Non-Contributory Service Credits for Military Service and Unused Leave at Retirement

At Normal retirement, qualifying members are assumed to claim up to 2 allowable military service years as additional retirement service credits. It is assumed that male members will be credited with an additional 2% of their contributory service credits and female members will be credited with an additional 0.5% of their contributory service credits.

Retirement Rates

Members who become eligible for unreduced retirement benefits prior to age 65 are assumed to have a 30% probability of retiring in the year they first become eligible. For years following the year of first eligibility and prior to attaining age 65, an additional 20% are assumed to retire each year. At 65, 100% of remaining members are assumed to retire.

Members who become eligible for unreduced retirement benefits on or after the attainment of age 65 are assumed to retire in the year they first become eligible.

Plan Contributions

Member and employer contributions are calculated as a percentage of total members' payroll. Amounts are deposited to the Trust Fund on a monthly basis. For interest calculation purposes, all amounts are treated as being deposited on an average of half way through the Plan year.

The MPOFRS was established January 2010.

Schedule of Active Member Valuation Data

						% Increase (Decrease)
Valuation Date	Number	Ar	nnual Payroll	An	nual Average Pay	in Average Pay
6/30/2011	9	\$	343,000	\$	8,111.11	9.82027%
6/30/2010	6		208,219		34,703.17	100.00%

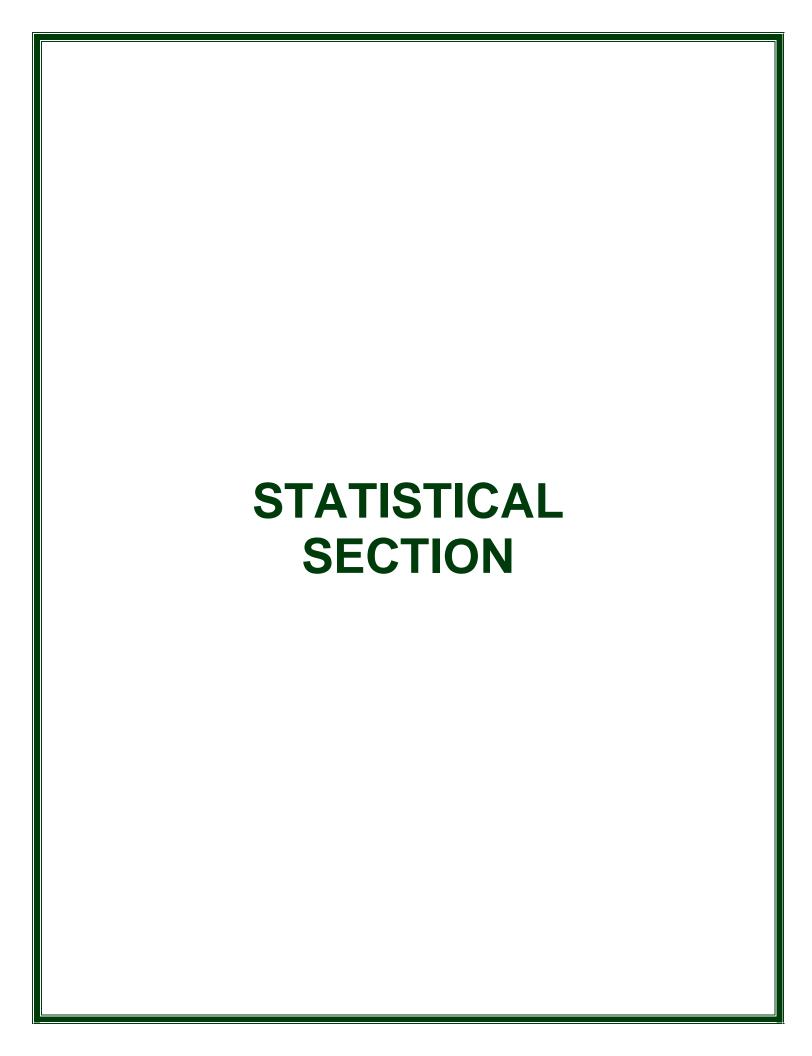
Solvency Test

	Aggre	gate Accrued Li						
	(1)	(2)						
				% of Accru	ed Liabilities	Covered		
Valuation	uation Active Member Retirants and (Empl		(Employer Financed	Reported	by Reported Assets			
Date	Contributions	Beneficiaries	Portions)	Assets	(1)	(2)	(3)	
6/30/2011	\$ 238,850	\$ 6,000	\$ (221,850)	\$ 65,000	27.2140%	0.0000%	0.0000%	
6/30/2010	144,665	-	(141,127)	3,000	2.0740%	0.0000%	0.0000%	

Schedule of Retirees and Beneficiaries Added and Removed

	Retirees A	Added	Retire	es Removed	Retiree	es - Year End		
Fiscal							% Increase	Average
Year		Annual		Annual		Annual	in Annual	Annual
Ended	Number	Allowance	s Number	Allowances	Number	Allowances	Allowances	Allowance
2011	-	\$		- \$ -		\$ -	0.000%	\$ -
2010	_					_	0.000%	_

Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Liability										
Unfunded Actuarial Liability, June 30, 2010	\$	717								
Expected increase from amortization method Expected increase from contributions below actuarial rates Investment experience Liability experience (including transfers) Change in assumption		(7) (14,207) 2,537 (31,040)								
Unfunded Actuarial Liability, June 30, 2011	\$	(42,000)								





Stonewall Jackson Lake

STATISTICAL SECTION

Overview

The statistical section of the comprehensive annual financial report provides information to the reader to assist in understanding the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information regarding the Retirement Systems' overall financial health.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Retirement Systems' financial performance has changed over time.

- Additions by Source, Deductions by Type, and Change in Net Assets
- Benefit by Type

Retirees and Beneficiaries

These schedules provide information concerning the retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits.

- · Retired Members by Type of Benefit
- Average Monthly Benefit Payments

Participating Units

This schedule provides information concerning units participating in the various Retirement Systems.

Largest Employers

Administrative Fees

This schedule provides details of the total costs to administer all of the plans administered by the CPRB. The administrative fund receives a fee from each retirement system based on the number of participants in each retirement system. These fees are legally restricted to administration of the retirement systems and may not be used for any other purpose.

Schedule of Administrative Expenses

STATISTICAL SECTION

Public Employees Retirement System (in thousands)

	Additions												
Fiscal	N	/lember		Employer		Investment		Other					
Year	Cor	Contributions		ontributions		Income		Income					
2012	\$	59,200	\$	191,012	\$	46,122	\$	1,859					
2011		57,714		160,493		757,302		1,030					
2010		56,974		139,284		518,862		1,128					
2009		56,360		131,143		(619,017)		4,118					
2008		53,958		125,992		(276,789)		3,308					
2007		52,239		121,183		345,498		4,600					
2006		52,248		133,594		320,691		-					
2005		52,984		118,740		330,072		-					
2004		51,676		115,634		407,826		-					
2003		50,874		103,239		125,139		-					

	Deductions											
Fiscal Year	Benefit Payments		Service Transfers to (from)		A	Administrative Expenses		Refunds		Total Change in Net Assets		
				,		'	-			-		
2012	\$	304,263	\$	(96)	\$	4,505	\$	10,844	\$	(21,323)		
2011		284,587		(368)		4,403		9,880		678,037		
2010		265,263		(188)		4,340		8,515		438,318		
2009		248,770		(56)		4,257		10,422		(390,789)		
2008		232,807		14,263		4,188		9,448		(354,237)		
2007		217,540		(443)		4,097		9,216		593,110		
2006		199,255		(578)		3,179		9,142		295,535		
2005		183,292		(679)		2,289		7,903		308,991		
2004		170,596		(257)		2,321		6,756		395,720		
2003		159,806		(475)		2,209		6,549		111,163		

Teachers' Defined Benefit Retirement System

(in thousands)

				Additions		
Fiscal Year	Member Contributions		Employer Contributions		 Investment Income	Other Income
2012	\$	91,976	\$	482,236	\$ 46,118	\$ 38,874
2011		87,697		501,103	828,928	60,569
2010		103,706		417,403	533,448	39,818
2009		115,925		368,330	(575,596)	41,963
2008		52,916		368,883	(271,361)	3,625
2007		49,923		1,482,184	366,641	4,399
2006		48,201		658,644	147,173	72,844
2005		49,287		339,724	147,791	14,419
2004		50,671		316,121	178,671	13,567
2003		52,188		274,201	53,962	14,357

Fiscal Year	Benefit ayments	Deductions Service Transfers to (from)	Α	Administrative Expenses	R	efunds_	otal Change Net Assets
2012 2011 2010 2009* 2008 2007 2006 2005 2004 2003	\$ 577,427 535,010 494,230 463,528 434,285 404,875 372,687 344,841 316,941 294,705	\$ 53 418 62 (698,268) 436 449 790 686 346 665	\$	4,209 4,130 4,067 3,964 3,071 2,968 2,282 1,716 2,088 2,110	\$	7,783 7,614 7,247 5,143 3,748 3,326 3,994 4,098 3,417 4,432	\$ 69,732 931,125 588,769 176,255 (287,477) 1,491,529 547,109 199,880 236,238 92,796

^{*} See discussion later in this section of transfers of Teachers' Defined Contribution Retirement System members to the Teachers' Defined Benefit Retirement System as permitted by the West Virginia legislature.

Judges Retirement System

Additions											
Fiscal Year	Member Contributions		Employer Contributions		Investment Income			Other Income			
2012	\$	706	\$	3,954	\$	1,251	\$	-			
2011		622		3,954		21,214		-			
2010		649		3,954		14,034		-			
2009		748		6,034		(14,927)		-			
2008		736		6,034		(7,035)		-			
2007		733		6,034		15,212		-			
2006		865		6,758		7,088		-			
2005		479		6,758		6,990		-			
2004		470		5,329		8,177		-			
2003		488		5,500		2,613		-			

Fiscal Year	Benefit Payments		Service Transfers to (from)		Administrative Expenses		Refunds		Total Change in Net Assets	
2010	Φ.	4.07.4	Φ (54)	•		Φ.		Φ.	4 000	
2012	\$	4,274	\$ (51)	\$	6	\$	-	\$	1,682	
2011		4,014	-		7		-		21,769	
2010		3,937	103		7		86		14,504	
2009		3,719	5		7		-		(11,876)	
2008		3,669	-		7		-		(3,941)	
2007		3,801	(24)		7		-		18,195	
2006		3,737	(207)		6		-		11,175	
2005		3,025	-		4		-		11,198	
2004		3,282	(89)		3		-		10,780	
2003		3.497	(59)		4		_		5.159	

Public Safety, Death, Disability and Retirement System

	Additions									
Fiscal Year	Member Contributions		Employer Contributions			Investment Income	Other Income			
2012	\$	724	\$	1,207	\$	4,381	\$	22,767		
2011		833		1,389		82,228		24,356		
2010		909		1,514		3/44		10,655		
2009		968		1,688		(72,882)		1,917		
2008		989		1,701		(33,920)		3,656		
2007		1,029		5,360		78,121		680		
2006		989		77,630		35,899		616		
2005		1,053		252,367		11,667		579		
2004		1,129		23,932		14,572		527		
2003		1,135		21,937		3,913		579		

	Deductions											
Fiscal Year	Benefit Payments		Service Transfers to (from)		Administrative Expenses		funds	Total Change in Net Assets				
0040	•	00.004	Φ.	Φ.		•	4-7	Φ.	(4.040)			
2012	\$	33,631	\$ -	\$	50	\$	47	\$	(4,649)			
2011		31,206	-		50		-		77,550			
2010		29,347	-		50		-		41,517			
2009		27,823	-		51		72		(96,255)			
2008		26,202	-		51		-		(53,827)			
2007		24,794	-		51		130		60,215			
2006		23,699	-		41		(10)		91,404			
2005		22,278	-		30		48		243,310			
2004		21,386	-		30		73		18,671			
2003		13.161	-		31		58		8.314			

State Police Retirement System

				Additions				
Fiscal Year	Member Contributions		Employer Contributions		Investment Income			Other Income
2012	\$	3,375	\$	4,544	\$	824	\$	79
2011		3,065		4,570		11,222		126
2010		3,005		3,396		6,476		143
2009		2,594		2,594		(6,107)		176
2008		2,339		2,339		(2,834)		-
2007		2,176		2,175		5,632		-
2006		1,874		1,821		2,408		-
2005		1,702		1,702		2,271		-
2004		1,492		1,520		2,330		-
2003		1,293		1,293		758		-

Fiscal Year	Benefit Payments		Service Transfers to (from)		Administrative Expenses	Refunds		Total Change in Net Assets	
			_	_		_		_	
2012	\$	477	\$ -	\$	39	\$	327	\$	7,989
2011		443	-		37		482		18,021
2010		369	-		35		202		12,414
2009		298	-		34		168		(1,243)
2008		232	-		32	;	366		1,214
2007		135	-		31		214		9,603
2006		118	-		21	:	514		5,450
2005		112	-		15		133		5,415
2004		84	-		13		104		5,141
2003		58	-		11		178		3.097

Deputy Sheriffs Retirement System

				Additions			
Fiscal Year	Member Contributions		Employer Contributions		Investment Income	Other Income	
2012	\$	3,567	\$	5,431	\$ 1,253	\$	534
2011		3,505		4,221	19,072		542
2010		3,335		4,053	12,446		549
2009		3,160		3,962	(13,580)		555
2008		3,006		3,724	(6,354)		553
2007		2,837		3,365	13,710		541
2006		2,674		3,212	6,466		550
2005		2,482		3,098	6,472		470
2004		2,339		2,552	7,644		679
2003		2,165		2,412	2,386		497

Fiscal Year	Benefit Payments		Service Transfers to (from)		Administrative Expenses		Refunds	Total Change in Net Assets	
2012	\$	5,985	\$ -	\$	86	\$	762	\$	3,952
2011		5,714	-		85		659		20,882
2010		5,327	-		81		503		14,472
2009		5,018	-		48		633		(11,632)
2008		4,434	-		74		552		(4,131)
2007		3,891	18		71		389		16,084
2006		3,449	-		53		415		8,985
2005		3,029	-		37		257		9,199
2004		2,523	-		35		308		10,348
2003		2.169	(1))	32		264		4.996

Emergency Medical Services Retirement System*

				Additions			
Fiscal Year	Member Contributions		Employer Contributions		 Investment Income	Other Income	
2012	\$	1,838	\$	2,272	\$ 361	\$	-
2011		1,894		2,264	5,109		45
2010		1,772		2,190	2,704		29
2009		1,749		2,030	(2,154)		_
2008		722		917	(621)		-
2007		-		-	-		_
2006		-		-	-		-
2005		-		-	-		_
2004		-		-	-		_
2003		-		-	-		-

			Deductions						
Fiscal Year			Service Transfers to (from)			Refunds		Total Change in Net Assets	
'									
2012	\$	651	\$ -	\$	39	\$	664	\$	3,117
2011		237	(43)		38		376		8,704
2010		-	-		35		171		6,489
2009		-	(28)		28		127		1,498
2008		-	(14,673)		-		16		15,675
2007		-	-		-		-		-
2006		-	-		-		-		-
2005		-	-		-		-		-
2004		-	-		-		-		-
2003		_	-		-		-		_

^{*}The EMSRS was established in January 2008.

Municipal Police Officers & Firefighters Retirement System*

				Additions				
Fiscal Year	Member Contributions		Employer Contributions		_	Investment Income		Other Income
2012	\$	72	\$	72	\$	4	\$	-
2011		31		31		-		-
2010		2		1		-		-
2009		-		-		-		-
2008		-		-		-		-
2007		-		-		-		-
2006		-		-		-		-
2005		-		-		-		-
2004		_		-		-		-
2003		-		-		-		-

		Deductions			
Fiscal Year	Benefit Payments			Refunds	Total Change in Net Assets
2012	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1	\$ 10	\$ 137
2011	-	-	-	-	62
2010	-	-	-	-	3
2009	-	-	-	-	-
2008	-	-	-	-	-
2007	-	-	-	-	-
2006	-	-	-	-	-
2005	-	-	-	-	-
2004	-	-	-	-	-
2003	_	_	_	_	_

^{*}The MPOFRS was established in January 2010.

Teachers' Defined Contribution Retirement System

Additions										
Member Contributions		Employer Contributions			Investment Income		Other Income			
•		•		_		•				
\$	7,008	\$	9,092	\$	4,119	\$	8			
	6,755		10,620		40,593		7			
	6,932		10,129		22,139		6			
	6,250		10,342		(29,743)		-			
	34,110		52,982		(28,072)		-			
	30,599		55,072		94,294		-			
	28,459		46,331		46,288		-			
	26,602		45,175		40,952		-			
	24,749		42,870		42,190		-			
	22,407		37,003		19,833		-			
		\$ 7,008 6,755 6,932 6,250 34,110 30,599 28,459 26,602 24,749	\$ 7,008 \$ 6,755 6,932 6,250 34,110 30,599 28,459 26,602 24,749	Member ContributionsEmployer Contributions\$ 7,008\$ 9,0926,75510,6206,93210,1296,25010,34234,11052,98230,59955,07228,45946,33126,60245,17524,74942,870	Member ContributionsEmployer Contributions\$ 7,008\$ 9,092\$6,75510,6206,93210,1296,25010,34234,11052,98230,59955,07228,45946,33126,60245,17524,74942,870	Member ContributionsEmployer ContributionsInvestment Income\$ 7,008\$ 9,092\$ 4,1196,75510,62040,5936,93210,12922,1396,25010,342(29,743)34,11052,982(28,072)30,59955,07294,29428,45946,33146,28826,60245,17540,95224,74942,87042,190	Member Contributions Employer Contributions Investment Income \$ 7,008 \$ 9,092 \$ 4,119 \$ 6,755 6,755 10,620 40,593 40,593 6,932 10,129 22,139 6,250 10,342 (29,743) 34,110 52,982 (28,072) 30,599 55,072 94,294 28,459 46,331 46,288 26,602 45,175 40,952 24,749 42,870 42,190			

			Deductions						
Fiscal Year			Service Transfers to (from)	Administrative Expenses			Refunds	Total Change in Net Assets	
2012	\$	-	\$ 94	\$	646	\$	8,266	\$	11,221
2011		-	(7)		437		9,163		48,382
2010		-	23		891		6,164		32,128
2009		-	698,347		986		6,480		(718,964)
2008		-	(26)		2,625		17,598		38,823
2007		_	-		2,182		18,233		159,550
2006		_	(8)		1,515		17,002		102,569
2005		_	(7)		1,441		10,280		101,015
2004		_	-		738		6,784		102,277
2003		_	(130)		745		7,659		70,969

The TDCRS is a multiple employer defined contribution retirement system, which is a money purchase pension plan covering primarily full-time employees of the State's 55 county public school systems, the State Department of Education, and the Schools for the Deaf and Blind who were hired between July 1, 1991 and June 30, 2005. TDCRS benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. TDCRS closed participation to new members effective June 30, 2005.

In 2008, the West Virginia Legislature provided an opportunity for members of the TDCRS to elect to transfer to the West Virginia Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The transfer occurred on July 1, 2008 and a total of 15,152 TDCRS members transferred to TRS.

The following schedules provide information on the benefits provided by type of benefit for each plan. Due to computer system limitations, data could only be extracted for fiscal year 2005 and forward.

Public Employees Retirement System (in thousands)

Fiscal		Age & Se	rvice	e Benefits	Disability	 Death Ben	efits	s & Refunds
Year	F	Retirants		Survivors	Benefits	Death		Resignation
2012	\$	250,134	\$	25,781	\$ 23,348	\$ 1,170	\$	9,674
2011		232,491		24,651	27,445	952		8,982
2010		215,378		23,664	26,221	1,263		7,216
2009		201,606		22,459	24,705	1,255		9,167
2008		187,608		21,483	23,716	751		8,697
2007		173,991		20,708	22,841	605		8,611
2006		158,160		19,493	21,602	693		8,449
2005		144,286		18,706	20,300	589		7,314

Teachers' Retirement System

(in thousands)

Fiscal		Age & Se	ervic	e Benefits		Disability		Death Ben	enefits & Refunds	
Year	_ R	Retirants		Survivors		Benefits		Death		Resignation
2012	\$	531,367	\$	22,121	\$	23,939	\$	3,109	\$	4,674
2011		490,536		21,306		23,168		4,167		3,447
2010		451,233		20,568		22,429		4,145		3,102
2009		421,789		19,927		21,812		2,877		2,266
2008		394,064		19,157		21,064		2,562		1,186
2007		366,429		18,212		20,234		1,965		1,361
2006		336,737		16,958		18,992		2,212		1,782
2005		311,360		16,093	17,388		2,030		0 2,068	

Judges Retirement System (in thousands)

Fiscal		Age & Se	rvice	e Benefits	Disability	 Death Ben	efit	s & Refunds
Year	R	Retirants		Survivors	Benefits	Death		Resignation
2012	\$	3,098	\$	1,056	\$ 121	\$ -	\$	-
2011		3,115		899	-	-		-
2010		3,065		872	-	-		86
2009		2,890		828	-	-		-
2008		2,815		854	-	-		-
2007		2,820		981	-	-		-
2006		2,718		1,019	-	-		-
2005		2,222		803	-	-		-

Public Safety Death Disability Retirement System (in thousands)

Fiscal	 Age & Se	rvice	e Benefits	Disability	Death Ben	efit	s & Refunds
Year	Retirants		Survivors	Benefits	Death		Resignation
2012	\$ 25,475	\$	1,891	\$ 6,265	\$ -	\$	47
2011	23,398		1,765	6,043	-		-
2010	21,917		1,551	5,879	-		-
2009	20,897		1,388	5,538	-		72
2008	19,849		1,300	5,053	-		-
2007	18,961		1,213	4,620	-		130
2006	18,312		1,092	4,291	-		-
2005	17,347		1,048	3,883	_		48

State Police Retirement System (in thousands)

Fiscal		Age & Se	rvice	e Benefits	Disability	Death Bene	fits & Refunds	
Year	Re	tirants		Survivors	Benefits	Death	Resignation	
2012	\$	243	\$	26	\$ 207	\$ -		*
2011		226		50	187	_		1
2010		150		34	185	_		*
2009		105		39	153	-		*
2008		90		34	109	-		*
2007		31		18	86	-		*
2006		29		18	71	-		1
2005		30		13	68	-		*

^{* -} under \$500,000

Deputy Sheriffs Retirement System (in thousands)

Fiscal		Age & Se	rvice	e Benefits	Disability	Death Ben	efit	s & Refunds
Year	F	Retirants		Survivors	 Benefits	Death		Resignation
2012	\$	4,818	\$	201	\$ 966	\$ 43	\$	719
2011		4,635		175	904	35		624
2010		4,325		139	863	_		503
2009		4,031		100	887	90		543
2008		3,616		53	812	33		519
2007		3,156		28	706	9		380
2006		2,742		25	681	_		415
2005		2,384		17	628	-		257

Benefits by Type

Emergency Medical Services Retirement System*

(in thousands)

Fiscal		Age & Se	rvice	e Benefits	Disability	Death Ben	efit	s & Refunds
Year	Re	tirants		Survivors	 Benefits	Death		Resignation
2012	\$	517	\$	13	\$ 121	\$ 32	\$	632
2011		237		-	24	-		376
2010		-		-	-	-		171
2009		-		-	-	52		75
2008		-		-	-	-		16

^{*}The EMSRS was established in January 2008.

Municipal Police Officers & Firefighters Retirement System** (in thousands)

١	Fiscal	Ag	e & Se	rvice I	Benefits		Disability		Dea	ath Be	nef	its & Refund	s
	Year	Retira	ants	;	Survivors		Benefits		Dea	ath	_	Resignation	n
	2012	\$	-	\$		-	\$	-	\$	-	. \$	3	10
	2011		-			-		-		-			-
	2010		-			-		-		_			-

^{*}The MPOFRS was established in January 2010.

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Retired Members by Type of Benefit

Public Employees Retirement System

Amo	unt	of	Number of	Туре	of Retirem	nent		Opt	ion Select	ed
Monthly	у Ве	enefit	Retirants	Α	В	С	Maximum	Opt-1	Opt-2	Other
\$ 1	-	1,000	13,460	8,981	2,395	2,084	6,656	2,009	4,794	1
1,001	-	2,000	6,698	5,367	475	856	3,443	1,086	2,169	-
2,001	-	3,000	2,072	1,937	80	55	1,034	395	643	-
3,001	-	4,000	585	567	15	3	275	136	174	-
4,001	-	5,000	194	188	5	1	78	45	71	-
Over		5,000	61	61			39	8	14	
		Totals	23,070	17,101	2,970	2,999	11,525	3,679	7,865	1

Type of Retirement

A - Service

B - Survivor benefit

C - Disability

Option

Maximum - Life Annuity

Opt-1 - 100% Joint Survivorship

Opt-2 - 50% Joint Survivorship

Other

Teachers' Retirement System

Amo	un	t of	Number of	Туре	of Retirem	nent		Opt	ion Select	ed
Monthly	уΒ	enefit	Retirants	Α	В	С	Maximum	Opt-1	Opt-2	Other
\$ 1	-	1,000	11,930	9,013	1,322	1,595	7,968	1,341	2,508	113
1,001	-	2,000	9,980	8,945	367	668	6,550	1,366	2,049	15
2,001	-	3,000	6,208	6,023	103	82	4,066	1,005	1,137	-
3,001	-	4,000	1,819	1,800	14	5	1,244	322	253	-
4,001	-	5,000	376	369	7	-	258	67	51	-
Over		5,000	137	136	1		94	20	23	
		Totals	30,450	26,286	1,814	2,350	20,180	4,121	6,021	128

Type of Retirement

A - Service

B - Survivor benefit

C - Disability

Option

Maximum - Life Annuity

Opt-1 - 100% Joint Survivorship

Opt-2 - 50% Joint Survivorship

Other

Judges Retirement System

Amo	unt	of	Number of	Туре	of Retiren	nent		Opti	on Select	ted
Monthly	/ B	enefit	Retirants	Α	В	С	Maximum	Opt-1	Opt-2	Other
\$ 1	-	1,000	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	1
1,001	-	2,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2,001	-	3,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3,001	-	4,000	19	-	19	-	-	2	17	-
4,001	-	5,000	2	-	2	-	-	-	2	-
Over		5,000	38	38				6	32	
		Totals	60	39	21			9	51	1

Type of Retirement

A - Service

B - Survivor benefit

C - Disability

Option

Maximum - Life Annuity

Opt-1 - 100% Joint Survivorship

Opt-2 - 50% Joint Survivorship

Other

Public Safety Death Disability Retirement System

Amount of	Number of	Турє	e of Retirer	ment		Opt	ion Select	ed
Monthly Bene	fit Retirants	Α	В	С	Maximum	Opt-1	Opt-2	Other
\$ 1 - 1,	000 30	7	17	6	5	-	25	-
1,001 - 2,	000 92	45	30	17	8	1	83	-
2,001 - 3,	000 88	61	13	14	2	-	86	-
3,001 - 4,	000 142	116	12	14	-	-	142	-
4,001 - 5,	000 204	168	5	31	-	-	204	-
Over 5,	000 144	102		42			144	
То	tals700	499	77	124	15	1	684	

Type of Retirement

Option

A - Service

Maximum - Life Annuity

B - Survivor benefit C - Disability

Opt-1 - 100% Joint Survivorship Opt-2 - 50% Joint Survivorship

Other

Retired Members by Type of Benefit

State Police Retirement System

Amo	ount	of	Number of	Туре	of Retirem	ent		Opti	on Select	ed
Monthl	у Ве	enefit	Retirants	Α	В	С	Maximum	Opt-1	Opt-2	Other
\$ 1	-	1,000	3	1	2	-	1	-	2	-
1,001	-	2,000	6	-	1	5	-	1	5	-
2,001	-	3,000	3	3	-	-	-	1	2	-
3,001	-	4,000	3	2	-	1	-	-	3	-
4,001	-	5,000	2	1	-	1	-	-	2	-
Over		5,000	<u>-</u>							
		Totals	17	7	3	7	1	2	14	

Type of Retirement

A - Service

B - Survivor benefit

b - Survivor benefit

C - Disability

Option

Maximum - Life Annuity

Opt-1 - 100% Joint Survivorship

Opt-2 - 50% Joint Survivorship

Other

Deputy Sheriffs Retirement System

	Amount of		Number of	Type of Retirement			Option Selected		ed		
	Monthl	уВ	enefit	Retirants	Α	В	С	Maximum	Opt-1	Opt-2	Other
;	\$ 1	-	1,000	36	30	4	2	14	3	17	2
	1,001	-	2,000	132	108	6	18	40	24	66	2
	2,001	-	3,000	90	72	2	16	24	22	43	1
	3,001	-	4,000	12	8	-	4	1	3	8	-
	4,001	-	5,000	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-
	Over		5,000	1	1			1			
			Totals	272	220	12	40	81	52	134	5

Type of Retirement

A - Service

B - Survivor benefit

C - Disability

Option

Maximum - Life Annuity

Opt-1 - 100% Joint Survivorship

Opt-2 - 50% Joint Survivorship

Other

Emergency Medical Services Retirement System

Amo	unt of	Number of	Туре	of Retirem	nent		Opti	on Select	ed
Monthly	Benefit	Retirants	Α	В	С	Maximum	Opt-1	Opt-2	Other
\$ 1	- 1,000	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-
1,001	- 2,000	4	4	-	-	2	-	2	-
2,001	- 3,000	8	6	-	2	3	1	4	-
3,001	- 4,000	4	3	-	1	4	-	-	-
4,001	- 5,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Over	5,000								
	Totals	17	13		4	10	1	6	

Type of Retirement	<u>Option</u>
A - Service	Maximum - Life Annuity
B - Survivor benefit	Opt-1 - 100% Joint Survivorship
C - Disability	Opt-2 - 50% Joint Survivorship
	Other

Municipal Police Officers & Firefighters Retirement System*

Amount of	Number of	Туре	of Retirem	ent		Opti	on Select	ed
Monthly Benefit	Retirants	Α	В	С	Maximum	Opt-1	Opt-2	Other
\$ 1 - 1,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1,001 - 2,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2,001 - 3,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3,001 - 4,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4,001 - 5,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Over 5,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Totals				-			_	_

Type of Retirement	<u>Option</u>
A - Service	Maximum - Life Annuity
B - Survivor benefit	Opt-1 - 100% Joint Survivorship
C - Disability	Opt-2 - 50% Joint Survivorship
	Other

^{*} This System was established in January 2010.

Largest Employers

Public Employees Retirement System

Units	2012	2011	2010
1) Unit	State of West Virginia	State of West Virginia	State of West Virginia
Number of Active Members	24,268	23,971	23,758
Percent of Active Members	66.35%	66.12%	66.04%
Total Active Members	36,573	36,254	35,977

Units	2009	2008	2007
1) Unit	State of West Virginia	State of West Virginia	State of West Virginia
Number of Active Members	23,463	23,222	23,242
Percent of Active Members	65.69%	65.43%	64.79%
Total Active Members	35,717	35,491	35,873

Units	2006	2005	2004
1) Unit	State of West Virginia	State of West Virginia	State of West Virginia
Number of Active Members	23,342	24,101	23,856
Percent of Active Members	65.40%	66.52%	66.51%
Total Active Members	35,689	36,230	35,868

Units	2003
1) Unit	State of West Virginia
Number of Active Members	23,546
Percent of Active Members	66.32%
	05 500
Total Active Members	35,503

Teachers Defined Benefit Retirement System

Units	2012	2011	2010	2009
1) Unit	Kanawha County	Kanawha County	Kanawha County	Kanawha County
,	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education
Number of Active Members	3,549	3,507	3,477	3,480
Percent of Active Members	9.91%	9.78%	9.75%	9.75%
2) Unit	Barbour County	Barbour County	Barbour County	Barbour County
2) 01111	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education
Number of Active Members	2,109	2,097	2,068	2,070
Percent of Active Members	5.89%	5.85%	5.80%	5.80%
referred Active Members	3.0976	3.03 /6	3.00 /6	3.00 %
3) Unit	Wood County	Wood County	Wood County	Wood County
	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education
Number of Active Members	1,689	1,677	1,689	1,677
Percent of Active Members	4.72%	4.68%	4.74%	4.70%
4) Unit	Raleigh County	Raleigh County	Raleigh County	Raleigh County
.,	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education
Number of Active Members	1,561	1,482	1,487	1,490
Percent of Active Members	4.36%	4.13%	4.17%	4.17%
				,
5) Unit	Cabell County	Cabell County	Cabell County	Cabell County
	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education
Number of Active Members	1,486	1,399	1,421	1,432
Percent of Active Members	4.15%	3.90%	3.98%	4.01%
6) Unit	Harrison County	Harrison County	Harrison County	Harrison County
,	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education
Number of Active Members	1,432	1,402	1,397	1,392
Percent of Active Members	4.00%	3.91%	3.92%	3.90%
7) Unit	Monongalia County	Monongalia County	Monongalia County	Monongalia County
, , e	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education
Number of Active Members	1,443	1,399	1,388	1,389
Percent of Active Members	4.03%	3.90%	3.89%	3.89%
		0.0070		0.0070
8) Unit	Mercer County	Mercer County	Mercer County	Mercer County
	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education
Number of Active Members	1,271	1,119	1,116	1,119
Percent of Active Members	3.55%	3.12%	3.13%	3.13%
9) Unit	Marion County	Marion Count	Marion County	Marion County
•	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education
Number of Active Members	1,061	1,058	1,052	1,051
Percent of Active Members	2.96%	2.95%	2.95%	2.94%
10) Unit	Putnam County	Putnam County	Putnam County	Putnam County
	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education
Number of Active Members	1,060	1,058	1,051	1,047
Percent of Active Members	2.96%	2.95%	2.95%	2.93%
Total Active Members	35,807	35,855	35,670	35,701
	,	,	,5.0	,- • •

Teachers Defined Benefit Retirement System (Continued)

Units	2008	2007	2006	2005
1) Unit	Kanawha County	Kanawha County	Kanawha County	Kanawha County
,	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education
Number of Active Members	3,468	1,942	1,812	1,809
Percent of Active Members	9.85%	9.94%	9.72%	10.20%
2) Unit	Barbour County	Barbour County	Barbour County	Barbour County
	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education
Number of Active Members	2,057	1,037	1,001	1,002
Percent of Active Members	5.84%	5.31%	5.37%	5.65%
3) Unit	Wood County	Wood County	Wood County	Wood County
3) O'III	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education
Number of Active Members	1,662	902	877	878
Percent of Active Members	4.72%	4.62%	4.71%	4.95%
referred Active Members	7.1270	4.0270	7.7170	4.3370
4) Unit	Raleigh County	Raleigh County	Raleigh County	Raleigh County
	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education
Number of Active Members	1,487	727	694	688
Percent of Active Members	4.22%	4.62%	3.72%	3.88%
5) Hait	Coholl County	Coholl County	Cabell County	Coholl County
5) Unit	Cabell County Board of Education	Cabell County Board of Education	Board of Education	Cabell County Board of Education
Number of Active Members	1,433	716	692	691
Percent of Active Members	4.07%	3.67%	3.71%	3.90%
Percent of Active Members	4.07%	3.07%	3.7170	3.90%
6) Unit	Harrison County	Harrison County	Harrison County	Harrison County
,	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education
Number of Active Members	1,391	667	671	669
Percent of Active Members	3.95%	3.42%	3.60%	3.77%
7) Unit	Monongalia County	Monongalia County	Monongolio County	Manangalia Caunty
7) Unit	Board of Education	Board of Education	Monongalia County Board of Education	Monongalia County Board of Education
Number of Active Members		655	642	638
Percent of Active Members	1,377 3.95%	3.35%	3,45%	3.60%
reiterit of Active Members	3.93 /	3.33 //	3.43 /0	3.00 /
8) Unit	Mercer County	Mercer County	Mercer County	Mercer County
	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education
Number of Active Members	1,115	577	568	564
Percent of Active Members	3.17%	2.95%	3.05%	3.18%
9) Unit	Marion County	Marion County	Marion County	Marion County
9) 01111	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education
Number of Active Members	1,048	572	566	558
Percent of Active Members	2.98%	2.93%	3.04%	3.15%
reiterit of Active Members	2.90%	2.9370	3.04 /0	3.1370
10) Unit	Putnam County	Putnam County	Putnam County	Putnam County
,	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education	Board of Education
Number of Active Members	1,044	568	565	558
Percent of Active Members	2.96%	2.91%	3.03%	3.15%
	0.5.1.5	40.555	40.000	4====
Total Active Members	35,219	19,529	18,633	17,728

In July 2008, 15,152 members of the Teachers Defined Contribution Retirement System transferred to the Teachers Defined Benefit Retirement System.

Teachers Defined Benefit Retirement System (Continued)

	Units	2004	2003
1)	Unit	Kanawha County	Kanawha County
.,		Board of Education	Board of Education
	Number of Active Members	1,871	1,891
	Percent of Active Members	9.69%	9.04%
2)	Unit	Barbour County	Barbour County
(2	O'III	Board of Education	Board of Education
	Number of Active Members	1,084	1,096
	Percent of Active Members	5.61%	5.24%
3)	Unit	Wood County	Wood County
		Board of Education	Board of Education
	Number of Active Members	899	907
	Percent of Active Members	4.65%	4.34%
4)	Unit	Raleigh County	Raleigh County
		Board of Education	Board of Education
	Number of Active Members	694	698
	Percent of Active Members	3.59%	3.34%
5)	Unit	Cabell County	Cabell County
٥,		Board of Education	Board of Education
	Number of Active Members	692	704
	Percent of Active Members	3.58%	3.37%
٥)	11-9	Hamisan Osonto	Hamia an Oassata
6)	Unit	Harrison County Board of Education	Harrison County Board of Education
	Number of Active Members	679	687
	Percent of Active Members	3.52%	3.28%
	T crociit of Active Members	3.3270	3.2070
7)	Unit	Monongalia County	Monongalia County
		Board of Education	Board of Education
	Number of Active Members	647	662
	Percent of Active Members	3.35%	3.16%
8)	Unit	Mercer County	Mercer County
•		Board of Education	Board of Education
	Number of Active Members	581	591
	Percent of Active Members	3.01%	2.83%
9)	Unit	Marion County	Marion County
-/		Board of Education	Board of Education
	Number of Active Members	567	564
	Percent of Active Members	2.94%	2.70%
10)	Unit	Putnam County	Putnam County
10)	O'III	Board of Education	Board of Education
	Number of Active Members	565	557
	Percent of Active Members	2.93%	2.66%
Tot	al Active Members	19,313	20,919

Largest Employers

Judges Retirement System

Units	2012	2011	2010	
1) Unit	West Virginia Judiciary	West Virginia Judiciary	West Virginia Judiciary	
Number of Active Members	55	56	53	
Percent of Active Members	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	

Units	2009	2008	2007	
1) Unit	West Virginia Judiciary	West Virginia Judiciary	West Virginia Judiciary	
Number of Active Members	54	60	60	
Percent of Active Members	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	

Units	2006	2005	2004	
1) Unit	West Virginia Judiciary	West Virginia Judiciary	West Virginia Judiciary	
Number of Active Members	62	59	58	
Percent of Active Members	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	

Units	2003
1) Unit	West Virginia Judiciary
Number of Active Members	57
Percent of Active Members	100.00%

Largest Employers

Public Safety Death, Disability Retirement System

Units	2012	2011	2010
1) Unit	State of West Virginia	State of West Virginia	State of West Virginia
Number of Active Members	108	133	147
Percent of Active Members	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Units	2009	2008	2007	
1) Unit	State of West Virginia	State of West Virginia	State of West Virginia	
Number of Active Members	163	173	191	
Percent of Active Members	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	

Units	2006	2005	2004
1) Unit	State of West Virginia	State of West Virginia	State of West Virginia
Number of Active Members	204	213	237
Percent of Active Members	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Units	2003
1) Unit	State of West Virginia
Number of Active Members	263
Percent of Active Members	100.00%

Largest Employers

State Police Retirement System

Units	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
1) Unit	State of West				
	Virginia	Virginia	Virginia	Virginia	Virginia
Number of Active Members	566	523	498	472	455
Percent of Active Members	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Units	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
1) Unit	State of West				
	Virginia	Virginia	Virginia	Virginia	Virginia
Number of Active Members	449	431	401	380	339
Percent of Active Members	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Largest Employers

Deputy Sheriffs Retirement System

Units	2012	2011	2010	2009
1) Unit	Kanawha County	Kanawha County	Kanawha County	Kanawha County
Number of Active Members	101	102	101	97
Percentage of Active Members	10.32%	10.69%	10.91%	10.62%
2) Unit	Berkley County	Berkley County	Berkley County	Berkley County
Number of Active Members	58	55	54	54
Percentage of Active Members	5.92%	5.77%	5.83%	5.91%
3) Unit	Harrison County	Harrison County	Harrison County	Cabell County
Number of Active Members	48	44	42	39
Percentage of Active Members	4.90%	4.61%	4.54%	4.27%
4) Unit	Cabell County	Putnam County	Cabell County	Raleigh County
Number of Active Members	43	44	41	39
Percentage of Active Members	4.39%	4.61%	4.43%	4.27%
5) Unit	Monongalia County	Raleigh County	Raleigh County	Harrison County
Number of Active Members	42	42	39	36
Percentage of Active Members	4.29%	4.40%	4.21%	3.94%
6) Unit	Putnam County	Cabell County	Monongalia County	Monongalia County
Number of Active Members	40	41	36	35
Percentage of Active Members	4.09%	4.30%	3.89%	3.83%
7) Unit	Raleigh County	Wood County	Putnam County	Putnam County
Number of Active Members	40	39	36	35
Percentage of Active Members	4.09%	4.09%	3.89%	3.83%
8) Unit	Wood County	Monongalia County	Wood County	Wood County
Number of Active Members	37	36	36	33
Percentage of Active Members	3.78%	3.77%	3.89%	3.61%
9) Unit	Fayette County	Fayette County	Fayette County	Fayette County
Number of Active Members	34	35	31	31
Percentage of Active Members	3.47%	3.67%	3.35%	3.40%
10) Unit	Mercer County	Ohio County	Ohio County	Greenbrier County
Number of Active Members	29	28	28	26
Percentage of Active Members	2.96%	3.67%	3.02%	2.85%
Total Active Members	979	954	926	913

Largest Employers

Deputy Sheriffs Retirement System (Continued)

Units	2008	2007	2006	2005
1) Unit	Kanawha County	Kanawha County	Kanawha County	Kanawha County
Number of Active Members	93	87	81	76
Percentage of Active Members	10.41%	10.42%	9.70%	9.37%
2) Unit	Berkley County	Berkley County	Raleigh County	Putnam County
Number of Active Members	47	45	35	31
Percentage of Active Members	5.26%	5.39%	4.19%	3.82%
3) Unit	Raleigh County	Raleigh County	Berkley County	Berkley County
Number of Active Members	41	35	32	30
Percentage of Active Members	4.59%	4.19%	3.83%	3.70%
4) Unit	Putnam County	Putnam County	Cabell County	Raleigh County
Number of Active Members	35	33	30	30
Percentage of Active Members	3.92%	3.95%	3.59%	3.70%
5) Unit	Cabell County	Harrison County	Harrison County	Harrison County
Number of Active Members	34	31	30	28
Percentage of Active Members	3.81%	3.71%	3.59%	3.45%
6) Unit	Harrison County	Cabell County	Putnam County	Cabell County
Number of Active Members	33	30	30	27
Percentage of Active Members	3.70%	3.59%	3.59%	3.33%
7) Unit	Monongalia County	Wood County	Wood County	Wood County
Number of Active Members	32	29	28	27
Percentage of Active Members	3.58%	3.47%	3.35%	3.33%
8) Unit	Wood County	Monongalia County	Monongalia County	Monongalia County
Number of Active Members	30	28	27	23
Percentage of Active Members	3.36%	3.35%	3.23%	2.84%
9) Unit	Fayette County	Mercer County	Mercer County	Greenbrier County
Number of Active Members	28	25	23	22
Percentage of Active Members	3.14%	2.99%	2.75%	2.71%
10) Unit	Greenbrier County	Greenbrier County	Fayette County	Mercer County
Number of Active Members	26	24	21	21
Percentage of Active Members	2.91%	2.87%	2.51%	2.59%
Total Active Members	893	835	835	811

Deputy Sheriffs Retirement System (Continued)

	Unite	2004	2002
1\	Units Unit	2004 Kanawha County	2003 Kanawha County
1)	Number of Active Members	67	63
	Percentage of Active Members	8.26%	7.98%
2)	Unit	Putnam County	Putnam County
	Number of Active Members	30	29
	Percentage of Active Members	3.70%	3.68%
3)	Unit	Raleigh County	Raleigh County
٠,	Number of Active Members	30	27
	Percentage of Active Members	3.70%	3.42%
	S		
4)	Unit	Berkley County	Berkley County
	Number of Active Members	29	26
	Percentage of Active Members	3.58%	3.30%
5)	Unit	Harrison County	Harrison County
,	Number of Active Members	26	26
	Percentage of Active Members	3.21%	3.30%
6)	Unit	Wood County	Wood County
0)	Number of Active Members	26	25
	Percentage of Active Members	3.21%	3.17%
7)	Unit	Cabell County	Cabell County
	Number of Active Members	23	21
	Percentage of Active Members	2.84%	2.66%
8)	Unit	Greenbrier County	Monongalia County
ŕ	Number of Active Members	22	20
	Percentage of Active Members	2.71%	2.53%
91	Unit	Monongalia County	Greenbrier County
0)	Number of Active Members	21	18
	Percentage of Active Members	2.59%	2.28%
40)	11.5		
10)	Unit	Mercer County	Mercer County
	Number of Active Members	28 3.45%	16 2.03%
	Percentage of Active Members	3. 4 3%	2.0370
Tot	al Active Members	811	789

Largest Employers

Emergency Medical Services Retirement System

Units	2012	2011	2010
1) Unit	Kanawha County	Kanawha County	Kanawha County
	Emergency Ambulance	Emergency Ambulance	Emergency Ambulance
Number of Active Members	187	193	184
Percent of Active Members	37.85%	36.07%	35.05%
2) Unit	Cabell County EMS	Cabell County EMS	Cabell County EMS
Number of Active Members	113	115	101
Percent of Active Members	22.87%	21.50%	19.24%
3) Unit			
Number of Active Members Percent of Active Members			
Total Active Members	494	535	525

Units	2009	2008
1) Unit	Kanawha County	Kanawha County
	Emergency Ambulance	Emergency Ambulance
Number of Active Members	173	154
Percent of Active Members	36.42%	32.42%
2) Unit	Cabell County EMS	Cabell County EMS
Number of Active Members	87	72
Percent of Active Members	18.32%	15.16%
3) Unit		Harrison County
		Emergency Squad
Number of Active Members		36
Percent of Active Members		7.58%
Total Active Members	475	475

This plan was established in January 2008.

Largest Employers

Municipal Police Officers and Firefighters Retirement System

Units	2012	2011	2010
1) Unit	City of Huntington Police	City of Huntington Police	City of Huntington Police
Number of Active Members	12	10	6
Percent of Active Members	41.38%	83.33%	100.00%
2) Unit	City of Charleston Police		
Number of Active Members	7		
Percent of Active Members	24.14%		
Total Active Members	29	12	6

This plan was established January 2010.

The following schedules provide information on the average monthly benefit payments. Due to computer system limitations, data could only be extracted for 2005 and forward. These schedules exclude participants retiring with a reduced early retirement benefit with less than 10 years service. Complete data has not been consistently entered into the computer system for final average salary. Meaningful data could be not extracted for final average salary and this information has not been provided.

Public Employees Retirement System

		Years Credited Service									
		10-14		15-19		20-24		25-29	3	0 & over	
2011 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants	\$	466 3,945	\$	665 3,599	\$	935 3,749	\$	1,271 3,394	\$	2,066 4,714	
2010 Average monthly benefit	\$	454	\$	648	\$	909	\$	1,242	\$	2,028	
Number of active retirants	Ψ	3,926	Ψ	3,553	Ψ	3,653	Ψ	3,302	Ψ	4,398	
2009	φ	426	\$	607	φ	000	φ	1 01 1	φ	1.070	
Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants	\$	436 3,924	Ф	627 3,529	\$	889 3,564	\$	1,214 3,170	\$	1,979 4,123	
Number of active retirants		3,924		3,329		3,304		3,170		4,123	
2008											
Average monthly benefit	\$	423	\$	608	\$	866	\$	1,180	\$	1,983	
Number of active retirants		3,939		3,547		3,500		3,042		3,832	
2007											
Average monthly benefit	\$	413	\$	595	\$	846	\$	1,149	\$	1,865	
Number of active retirants		3,978		3,530		3,416		2,930		3,571	
2006											
Average monthly benefit	\$	395	\$	566	\$	813	\$	1,103	\$	1,767	
Number of active retirants		3,984		3,449		3,346		2,779	·	3,238	
2005											
Average monthly benefit	\$	382	\$	550	\$	793	\$	1,070	\$	1,695	
Number of active retirants		4,037		3,439		3,286		2,646		2,988	

Teachers Defined Benefit Retirement System

	Years Credited Service									
	10-14		15-19		20-24		25-29	3	30 & over	
2011 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants	\$ 368 2,132	\$	588 3,077	\$	909 4,580	\$	1,246 4,577	\$	2,082 13,642	
2010 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants	\$ 355 2,149	\$	578 3,129	\$	886 4,539	\$	1,217 4,496	\$	2,011 12,976	
2009 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants	\$ 346 2,153	\$	564 3,182	\$	868 4,501	\$	1,192 4,396	\$	1,948 12,402	
2008 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants	\$ 339 2,267	\$	554 3,257	\$	849 4,460	\$	1,162 4,308	\$	1,877 11,772	
2007 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants	\$ 335 2,358	\$	543 3,318	\$	827 4,425	\$	1,139 4,216	\$	1,806 11,099	
2006 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants	\$ 323 2,445	\$	521 3,327	\$	798 4,387	\$	1,097 4,109	\$	1,714 10,426	
2005 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants	\$ 315 2,521	\$	511 3,323	\$	783 4,304	\$	1,069 3,992	\$	1,634 9,803	

Public Safety Death, Disability and Retirement System

	Years Credited Service									
	10-14		15-19		20-24		25-29	30 & over		
2011 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants	\$ 4,078 25	\$	4,208 25	\$	3,067 97	\$	3,768 353	\$	4,437 90	
2010 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants	\$ 4,060 25	\$	4,198 25	\$	2,993 96	\$	3,584 346	\$	4,270 89	
2009 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants	\$ 3,807 26	\$	3,735 22	\$	2,909 97	\$	3,425 344	\$	4,118 90	
2008 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants	\$ 3,649 25	\$	3,489 20	\$	2,805 93	\$	3,285 335	\$	3,929 93	
2007 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants	\$ 3,421 25	\$	3,094 19	\$	2,634 95	\$	3,181 331	\$	3,791 91	
2006 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants	\$ 3,106 23	\$	2,788 18	\$	2,595 94	\$	3,095 330	\$	3,675 90	
2005 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants	\$ 2,701 20	\$	2,687 18	\$	2,573 99	\$	2,912 303	\$	3,508 91	

State Police Retirement System

			Ye	ars (Credited Serv	/ice			
	10-14	15-19			20-24		25-29	;	30 & over
2011 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants	\$ 2,500 4	\$	0	\$	2,781 1	\$	3,044 2	\$	4,469 1
2010 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants	\$ 2,475 4	\$	- 0	\$	2,754 1	\$	3,189 1	\$	- 0
2009 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants	\$ 1,842 3	\$	0	\$	1,708 3	\$	- 0	\$	0
2008 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	1,159 2	\$	- 0	\$	1,823 3
2007 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants	\$ - 0	\$	- 0	\$	1,148 2	\$	- 0	\$	1,805 3
2006 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants	\$ - 0	\$	0	\$	1,136 2	\$	- 0	\$	1,788 3
2005 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants	\$ - 0	\$	- 0	\$	1,125 2	\$	- 0	\$	1,634 3

Deputy Sheriffs Retirement System

	Years Credited Service									
	10-14		15-19		20-24		25-29	3	0 & over	
2011 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants	\$ 1,150 8	\$	1,435 22	\$	1,420 44	\$	1,694 76	\$	2,203 95	
2010 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants	\$ 1,219 7	\$	1,431 22	\$	1,379 42	\$	1,713 72	\$	2,189 90	
2009 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants	\$ 1,324 7	\$	1,439 22	\$	1,434 36	\$	1,666 69	\$	2,133 80	
2008 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants	\$ 1,446 7	\$	1,387 19	\$	1,392 32	\$	1,611 59	\$	2,123 70	
2007 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants	\$ 1,599 6	\$	1,387 19	\$	1,363 30	\$	1,631 54	\$	2,038 62	
2006 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants	\$ 1,791 5	\$	1,291 17	\$	1,338 26	\$	1,610 50	\$	2,012 54	
2005 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants	\$ 1,557 3	\$	1,306 16	\$	1,333 24	\$	1,534 44	\$	1,966 44	

Judges Retirement System

			Ye	ars (Credited Serv	/ice			
	10-14		15-19		20-24		25-29	3	30 & over
2011 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants			\$ 5,342 31	\$	6,536 16	\$	7,302 6	\$	6,331 3
2010 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants			\$ 5,302 31	\$	6,724 16	\$	7,302 6	\$	6,331 3
2009 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants			\$ 5,525 29	\$	6,558 11	\$	7,302 6	\$	3,867 1
2008 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants	\$	- 0	\$ 5,529 33	\$	6,558 11	\$	7,302 6	\$	5,558 2
2007 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants	\$	- 0	\$ 5,459 36	\$	7,213 10	\$	5,959 5	\$	5,558 2
2006 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants	\$	- 0	\$ 5,416 37	\$	7,213 10	\$	5,959 5	\$	7,250 1
2005 Average monthly benefit Number of active retirants	\$	- 0	\$ 4,219 41	\$	5,597 10	\$	5,703 4	\$	4,750 3

Average Monthly Benefit Payments

Emergency Medical Services Retirement System

	Years Credited Service										
	10-14		15-19 20-24			25-29	30 & over				
2011											
Average monthly benefit	\$ 840	\$	1,712	\$	1,945	\$	1,611	\$	3,102		
Number of active retirants	1		2		2		5		4		

This plan was established in January 2008.

Municipal Police Officers & Firefighters Retirement System

The MPOFRS was established in January 2010 and has no benefits or retirees to report.

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Schedule of Administrative Expenses Years Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

	2012		2011	
Salaries	\$	3,016	\$	2,958
Employee Benefits		1,072		973
Other Post Employment Benefits Contributions		755		741
Occupancy		460		424
Computer Services		402		400
Legal		336		363
External Actuarial Services		210		206
Accounting and Auditing		69		52
Consulting Services		-		133
Third Party Administrator's Fees*		328		385
Disability Exams		135		130
Office Expenses		239		289
Postage		137		126
Depreciation		92		62
Insurance		24		34
Travel		42		36
Miscellaneous		155		167
	\$	7,472	\$	7,479
		•		•
Administrative Fees Collected from the				
Retirement Systems	\$	9,581	\$	9,187

The excess of fees collected over administrative costs incurred is allocated to reserves for future information technology improvements and other long-term costs.

^{*}Third Party Administrative fees for Teacher's Defined Contribution Retirement System only.

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